

KANSAS GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
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Evaluating the Hydrogeology of Meade County, Kansas,
Using Vertical Variability Methods and
Numerical Modeling

by

Brian G. Hansen

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KANSAS GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
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An engineering report submitted to the Faculty and the Board of Trustees of the Colorado School of Mines in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of Master of Engineering (Geological Engineer).

Golden, Colorado

Date 10/27/88

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ABSTRACT

Meade County, in southwestern Kansas, is underlain by a part of the central High Plains aquifer. Bedrock configuration, and hence saturated thickness of the aquifer, is controlled by evaporite dissolution in Permian strata underlying the aquifer. Vertical variability analysis, a numerical technique where the center of distribution of hydraulic conductivity is calculated for wells or test holes based on driller's lithologic logs, was used to determine if vertical components of flow within the aquifer are significant. The predevelopment (1940) potentiometric surface in Meade County was then simulated with the McDonald-Harbaugh computer model, and sensitivity of the model to variations in hydraulic conductivity and recharge rate was examined.

Results of the vertical variability analysis indicate that vertical components of flow are negligible, and that a two-dimensional flow system exists in the aquifer, allowing use of vertically-averaged, thickness-weighted estimates of hydraulic conductivity. Zones of relatively large hydraulic conductivity, which are controlled by pre-existing fracture zones (lineaments), were identified, which may provide favorable sites for water wells. The computer simulation, which accounted for inflow at study

area boundaries, recharge by precipitation, outflow at study area boundaries, and discharge to perennial streams, was calibrated to a maximum head difference (residual) of approximately ± 18 feet (5.5 meters) with a mass-balance discrepancy of 0.01 percent. Aquifer discharge to streams was compared with published streamflow data. Sensitivity analysis results indicate that the model was more sensitive to variations in hydraulic conductivity than to variations in recharge rate. Greater confidence is placed in hydraulic conductivity estimates than recharge rate estimates because hydraulic conductivity estimates are based on experience in Meade County and adjoining areas whereas recharge rates are based on estimation techniques such as water budget methods and numerical modeling.

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Chapter 1

INTRODUCTION

The High Plains aquifer, comprised predominantly of unconsolidated Tertiary and Quaternary deposits, underlies 174,050 square miles (mi) (450,790 square kilometers (km); Gutentag and others, 1984) in parts of South Dakota, Wyoming, Nebraska, Colorado, Kansas, Oklahoma, New Mexico, and Texas (Fig. 1). The aquifer is the primary source of water for agricultural, municipal, industrial, and domestic use throughout much of this area. An understanding of the occurrence and nature of flow of ground water within the High Plains aquifer is necessary for effective water-use management.

1.1 Purpose

The major objectives of this study were:

- 1) To collect and integrate hydrogeologic data for a part of the High Plains aquifer located in Meade County, Kansas;
- 2) To evaluate the effectiveness of the vertical variability (VV) analysis technique (Gutentag and others, 1984; Kolm and others, in press) for analyzing the ground-water flow system in the study

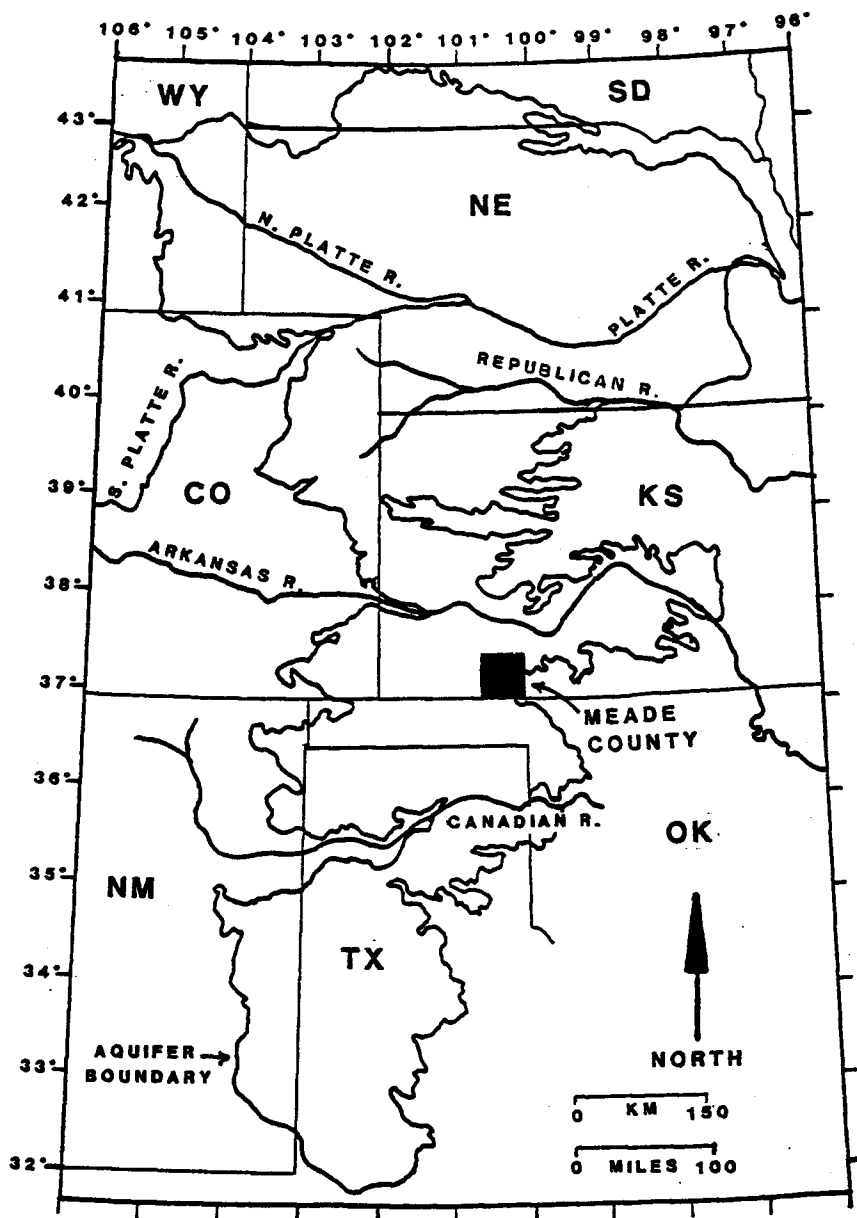


Figure 1 -- Position of Meade County, Kansas, in High Plains aquifer (after Gutentag and others, 1984).

area and for choosing model configurations;

3) To simulate steady-state, predevelopment (1940) ground-water flow conditions in the High Plains aquifer in Meade County, Kansas, using a personal computer; and

4) To evaluate the sensitivity of the calibrated computer model to variations in hydraulic conductivity and recharge.

Data compiled in this report may serve as a basis for future studies in the area, including computer simulation of transient flow conditions, and usage of vertical variability methods to solve other ground-water flow problems.

1.2 Location and Physiography

Meade County, Kansas, is located approximately 80 miles (129 km) east of the southwest corner of the state, just north of the Kansas-Oklahoma state boundary (Fig. 2). The county comprises an area of about 974 mi² (2523 km²) and lies between 37° 0' and 37° 29' north latitude and 100° 4' and 100° 36' west longitude.

Meade County, located within the High Plains and Plains Border sections of the Great Plains physiographic province (Fenneman, 1931), is characterized by gently

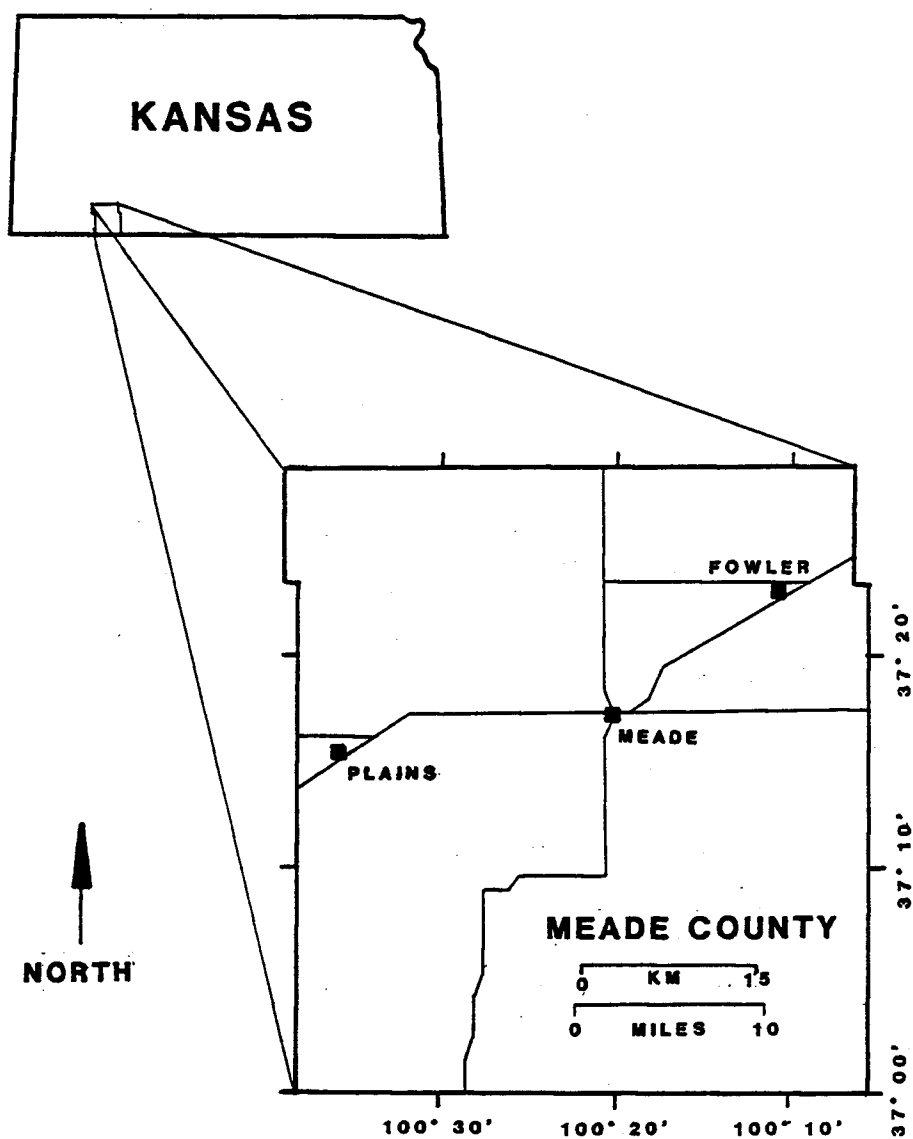


Figure 2 -- Location of Meade County in Kansas.

sloping to undulating upland surfaces dissected locally by small, ephemeral drainages. These drainages, when flowing, appear to headwardly erode top soil. Larger, more steeply sided valleys exist along the perennial Crooked Creek and Cimarron River (Fig. 3) where resistant bedrock is exposed locally. Overall, the land surface slopes from an elevation of 2800 feet (853 m) in the northwest corner to 2100 feet (640 m) in the southeast corner of the county resulting in a total relief of 700 feet (213 m). The average slope from northwest to southeast is about 16 feet per mile (3.0 m/km). The Crooked Creek-Fowler fault (solution front) is characterized as a prominent topographic rise in the central and south-central parts of the county (Fig. 3).

Vegetative cover in Meade County consists mainly of native grasses and pasture land with cultivated areas of wheat, milo, sorghum, and hay. Cottonwood trees and other phreatophytes are abundant along perennial drainages and some ground-water discharge areas.

The county population was 5,522 in 1940 (Frye, 1942); however, this figure has declined to 4,677 in 1987 (Meade County Clerk, interview, 21 March 1988). Many of the county's inhabitants reside in the towns of Fowler, Plains, and Meade, the county seat (Fig 3). The local economy is

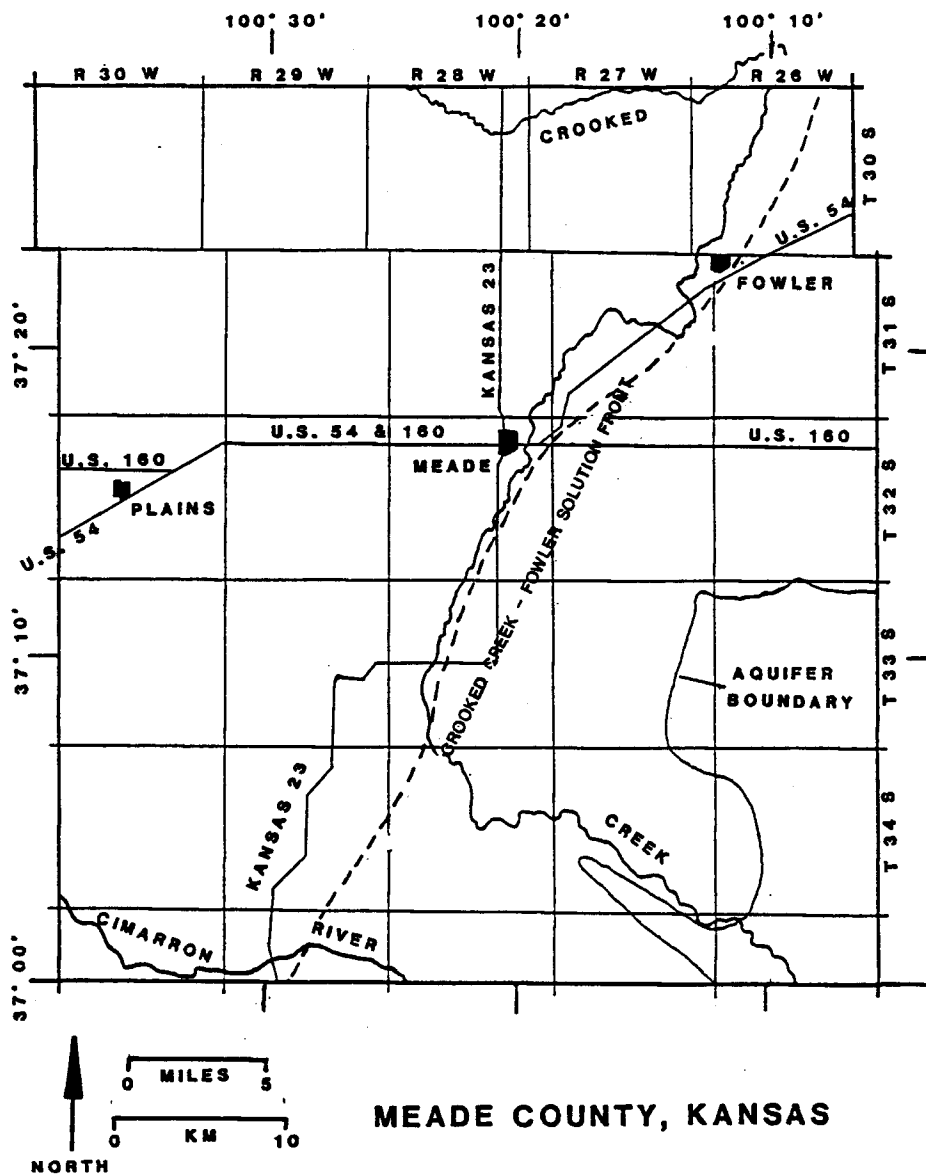


Figure 3 -- Locations of cultural, geologic, and hydrologic features in Meade County, Kansas.

based on agriculture and petroleum production.

1.3 Previous Work

Haworth (1896; 1897), one of the earliest workers in Meade County, studied both the deformation of strata and the occurrence of ground water. Frye (1942) provides a detailed investigation of the hydrogeology of the county, including surficial geologic, potentiometric, and depths-to-water maps. A regional study of the geology and hydrology of southwestern Kansas, including Meade County, was completed by Gutentag, Lobmeyer, and Slagle (1981). This work includes maps showing the configuration and geology of bedrock and the 1975 potentiometric surface.

The U.S Geological Survey (USGS) began a regional, 5-year study of the High Plains aquifer system in 1978 to assess the impacts of ground-water development (Weeks, 1978). Two of the reports produced by this project include Gutentag and others (1984), which addresses the general hydrogeology of the aquifer, and Luckey and others (1986), which presents results of a computer simulation of the hydrology of the High Plains aquifer system. Both papers contain data applicable to Meade County from a regional perspective.

1.4 Methods of Investigation

Hydrologic and geologic data pertinent to the project area were obtained from Federal, State, and local agencies. Hydrologic data consisted of precipitation maps, stream base-flow values, evapotranspiration rates, the locations and approximate flow rates of springs, configuration of the predevelopment (1940) potentiometric surface, and estimates of aquifer parameters such as hydraulic conductivity. Geologic data comprised areal structure and stratigraphy, bedrock surface configuration and geology, thickness, extent, and stratigraphy of water-bearing unconsolidated deposits, and properties and distribution of soil types.

The hydrologic and geologic data were interpreted through the use of vertical variability analysis (Chap. 4), contoured, and input into a modular, finite-difference ground-water flow model (McDonald and Harbaugh, 1984) for unconfined aquifer simulation. The model was calibrated for steady-state, predevelopment (1940) conditions by adjusting hydrologic parameters such as hydraulic conductivity, recharge, and leakage to streams. Calibration was achieved when the difference between potentiometric surfaces from computed and observed heads was minimized. Sensitivity of the calibrated model to hydraulic conductivity and recharge rate was analyzed.

Chapter 2

GEOLOGY

Meade County is underlain by 0 to about 500 feet (0 to 152 m) of unconsolidated deposits of Tertiary and Quaternary age. These surficial deposits are in turn underlain by bedrock units of Permian, Jurassic, and Cretaceous age. In this study, the term aquifer refers to the saturated, unconsolidated material overlying bedrock. Plate 1 shows the configuration of the bedrock surface in the study area and the approximate locations of structural features and contacts between bedrock units. Control points shown on Plate 1 are based on driller's lithologic logs (App. A) and unpublished data obtained from the Garden City, Kansas, office of the U. S. Geological Survey. A generalized stratigraphic section of Meade County is shown on Table 1.

2.1 Bedrock Units

Rocks of Permian age (290 to 230 million years before unconsolidated deposits in the study area and include, from oldest to youngest, the Blaine, Dog Creek, Whitehorse, Day Creek, and Big Basin formations. Permian strata range from 135 to 800 feet (41 to 244 m) in total thickness and

Table 1 -- Generalized stratigraphic section of
Meade County, Kansas (after Gutentag,
Lobmeyer, and Slagle, 1981).

System	Series	Strat. unit	Thickness (ft)	Physical character
Quaternary	Pleistocene	Alluvium	0-80	Stream-laid deposits ranging from silt and clay to sand and gravel that occur along principal stream valleys.
		Dune sand	0-75	Fine to medium quartzose sand with minor clay, silt, and coarse sand formed into mounds and ridges by the wind.
		Loess	0-45	Silt with minor very fine sand and clay deposited as windblown dust.
		Undiff. deposits	0-550	Sand, gravel, silt, clay, and caliche overlie Ogallala Fm. when both are present; composite of fluvial and eolian deposits.
Tertiary	Miocene	Ogallala Formation	0-500	Poorly-sorted silt, sand, and gravel; generally calcareous; when cemented by calcium carbonate, forms caliche or mortar beds.
Cretaceous	Lower Cretaceous	Undiff. rocks	0-450	Dakota Fm.: brown to gray fine to med.-grained sandstone with shale and lignite interbeds. Kiowa Fm.: gray to black shale with interbedded yellow and brown sandstone Cheyenne Sandstone: gray and brown very fine- to med.-grained sandstone interbedded with dark shale.

(continued)

Table 1 -- (continued)

System	Series	Strat. unit	Thickness (ft)	Physical character
Jurassic	Upper Jurassic	Undiff. rocks	0-350	Dark-gray shale interbedded with green calcareous shale; contains thin silty sandstone and limestone beds in the basal portion.
Permian	Upper Permian	Big Basin Formation	0-160	Brick to maroon siltstone and shale; contains very fine-grained sandstone.
		Day Creek Dolomite	0-80	White to pink anhydrite and gypsum with interbedded dark red shale.
		Whitehorse Formation	100-350	Red to maroon fine-grained silty sandstone, siltstone, and shale.
	Lower Permian	Dog Creek Formation	15-60	Maroon silty shale, siltstone, very fine sandstone, and thin layers of dolomite and gypsum.
		Blaine Formation	20-150	Generally consists of four gypsum and anhydrite beds separated by red shale; locally contains bedded halite.

generally comprise red, silty sandstones, siltstones, and shales with interbeds of gypsum, halite, and anhydrite. Thinning of these evaporitic interbeds by ground-water dissolution is a major mechanism for structural development in southwestern Kansas (Gutentag, Lobmeyer, and Slagle, 1981).

Unconformably overlying the Permian strata locally are undifferentiated units of Late Jurassic age (150 to 135 mybp). These rocks generally consist of dark grey and green calcareous shales and vary from 0 to 350 feet (0 to 107 m) in thickness.

Strata of Lower Cretaceous age (135 to 100 mybp) overly Jurassic units in the northern part of the study area. These units include, from oldest to youngest, the Cheyenne Sandstone, Kiowa, and Dakota formations. Lower Cretaceous rocks generally consist of 0 to 450 feet (0 to 137 m) of brown to gray, fine- to medium-grained sandstone with interbeds of varicolored shale.

2.2 Unconsolidated Units

Deposits of Tertiary age (65 to 2 mybp) and younger in Meade County are generally unconsolidated. The Ogallala Formation, deposited in the Miocene Epoch (26 to 12 mybp; Gutentag and others, 1984), and overlying fluvial

and eolian deposits form the principal water-bearing unit in the High Plains aquifer in southwestern Kansas (Gutentag, Lobmeyer, and Slagle, 1981). In the study area, the Ogallala Formation ranges from 0 to approximately 500 feet (0 to 152 m) in thickness and generally comprises cross-stratified silts, sands, and gravels (Figs. 4 and 5) deposited by streams; the source area of these sediments was the Rocky Mountains to the west (Gutentag and others, 1984). Dense, hard, white to grey sand and gravel layers (mortar beds) are present locally where material has been cemented with calcium carbonate.

Pleistocene- to Holocene-aged deposits (2 mypb to present) overly the Ogallala Formation locally. Deposits of dune sand and loess generally lie above the water table in Meade County. Where present, dune sand locally may facilitate recharge to the aquifer (Gutentag, Lobmeyer, and Slagle, 1981). Alluvium along major drainages, such as the Cimarron River, generally is in hydraulic connection with the underlying aquifer. Alluvial deposits comprise sands and gravels with a silty to clayey matrix ranging in thickness from 0 to 80 feet (0 to 24 m).

Soils mantling the study area are predominantly silty to sandy loams, but include clays, silts, and relatively clean dune sands. Hydraulic conductivities range from less

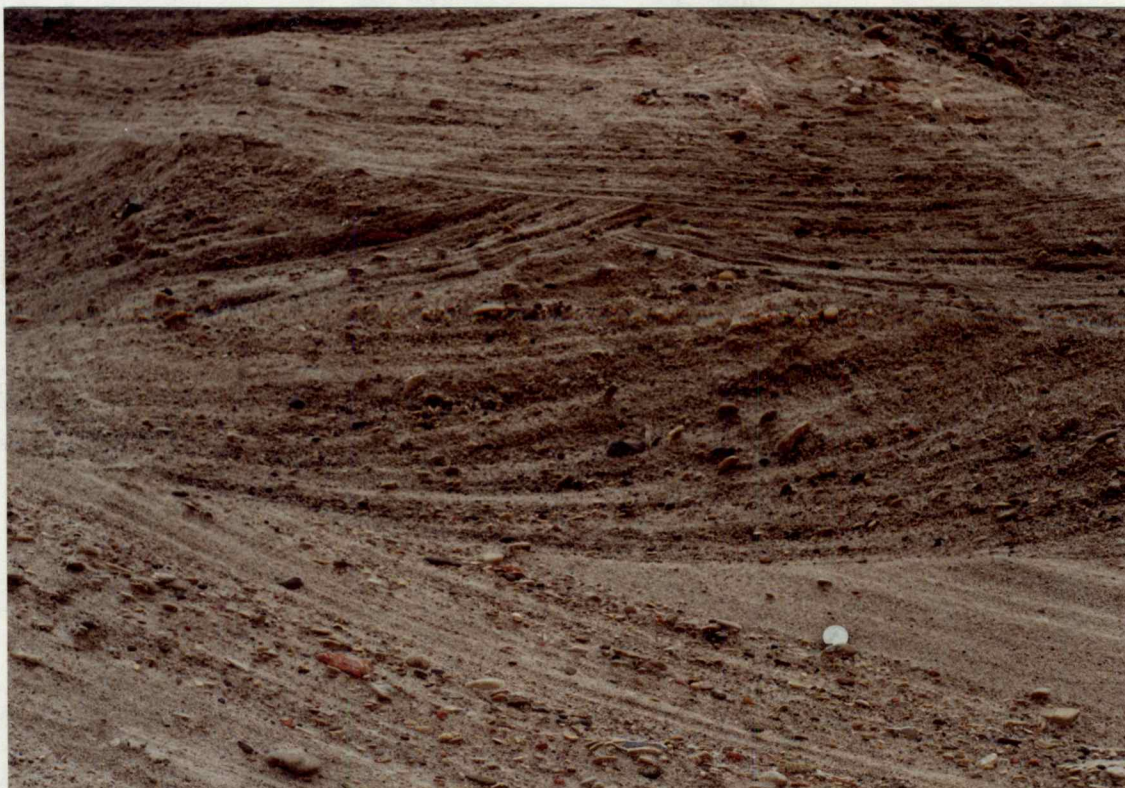


Figure 4 -- Cross-stratification in the Ogallala Formation at the Meade County gravel pit (sec. 20, T.33S, R.28W).

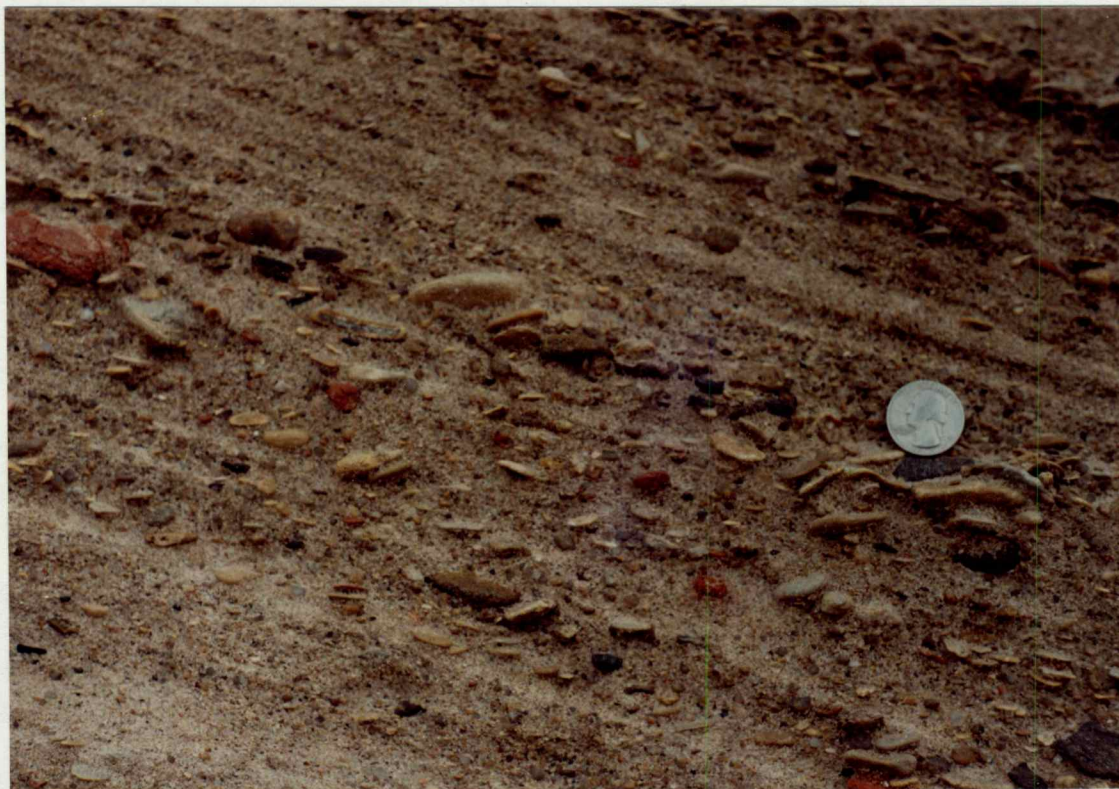


Figure 5 -- Sands and gravels comprising the Ogallala Formation at the Meade County gravel pit (sec. 20, T.33S, R.28W).

than 0.06 to 20.0 inches/hour (in./hr) (4.23×10^{-5} to 1.41×10^{-2} centimeters/second (cm/sec); Tomasu, 1977). The majority of soils (silty to sandy loams) have permeabilities in the range of 0.2 to 2.0 in./hr (1.41×10^{-4} to 1.41×10^{-3} cm/sec).

2.3 Structure

The major structural feature in Meade County is the Crooked Creek-Fowler fault (Gutentag, Lobmeyer, and Slagle, 1981), which will be referred to as the Crooked Creek-Fowler retreating solution front (Fig. 3; Pl.1) since this feature has migrated nearly six miles to the southeast in the last one million years (E. D. Gutentag, interview, 28 August, 1988). The migration rate was estimated using stream salinity measurements and estimation of volume of evaporite dissolved. The solution front strikes approximately N 30° E in the study area and shows normal displacement down to the west of up to 250 feet (76 m; Gutentag, Lobmeyer, and Slagle, 1981). The dominant mechanism for movement along this feature is believed to be the solution of Permian evaporite beds by ground water. Formation of the Crooked Creek-Fowler solution front has resulted in a relatively thick sequence of unconsolidated deposits to the front's northwest (downthrown side) which

thins to its southeast (upthrown side). The Crooked Creek-Fowler solution front controls local drainage; Crooked Creek parallels the front on its downthrown side throughout most of Meade County.

Sinkholes are other structural phenomena in the study area resulting from evaporite dissolution. Some of these sinkhole features are recent, such as the Meade salt sink (Fig. 6). Older sinks may exist in the subsurface which are infilled with younger loose material (Gutentag and others, 1984), locally thickening the unconsolidated deposits.

Fracture zones (lineaments) in bedrock formations underlying the aquifer in Meade County may have influenced the courses of ancient and modern streams. Such control of surface drainage during deposition of the Ogallala Formation and overlying younger deposits could have resulted in the formation of linear zones of coarse material (sand and gravel) with relatively large hydraulic conductivities.

Structural control of the thickness of surficial deposits affects correspondingly the saturated thickness of the aquifer in the study area. In addition, tilted and disrupted bedding in surficial deposits along the margins of dissolution and collapse features probably decreases locally the effective hydraulic conductivity of aquifer



Figure 6 -- Meade salt sink, located 1.5 miles (2.4 kilometers) south of Meade, Kansas.

materials (Luckey and others, 1986). Tilted Ogallala Formation beds exist along the perimeter of a large sink near Saint Jacob's Well in Clark County, east of the study area (Fig. 7). The hydrogeology of Meade County may therefore be partially controlled by structural phenomena resulting from evaporite dissolution.



Figure 7 -- Tilted mortar beds in the Ogallala Formation along the margin of a large sinkhole near Saint Jacob's Well, Clark County, Kansas.

Chapter 3

HYDROLOGY

The 1940 potentiometric surface in Meade County (Pl. 2) is assumed to represent equilibrium between recharge by infiltration, inflow from areas to the north and west, outflow to areas to the south and east and at the natural aquifer boundary to the southeast, and leakage to Crooked Creek and the Cimarron River. General ground-water flow paths can be characterized as trending S 60° E.

3.1 Recharge

The primary source of recharge to the aquifer in the study area is infiltration of water from rain and snowfall (Frye, 1942). Annual precipitation ranges from approximately 18.5 in. (467 millimeters (mm)) in the western part of the county to nearly 20.0 in. (508 mm) in the east (Fig. 8). The majority of precipitation, however, returns to the atmosphere by direct evapotranspiration. Mean annual pan evaporation in Meade County exceeds 90 in. (2286 mm; Fig. 8). Soil moisture deficiency and runoff to streams also decrease the amount of water infiltrating to the aquifer.

Various estimates have been made concerning the

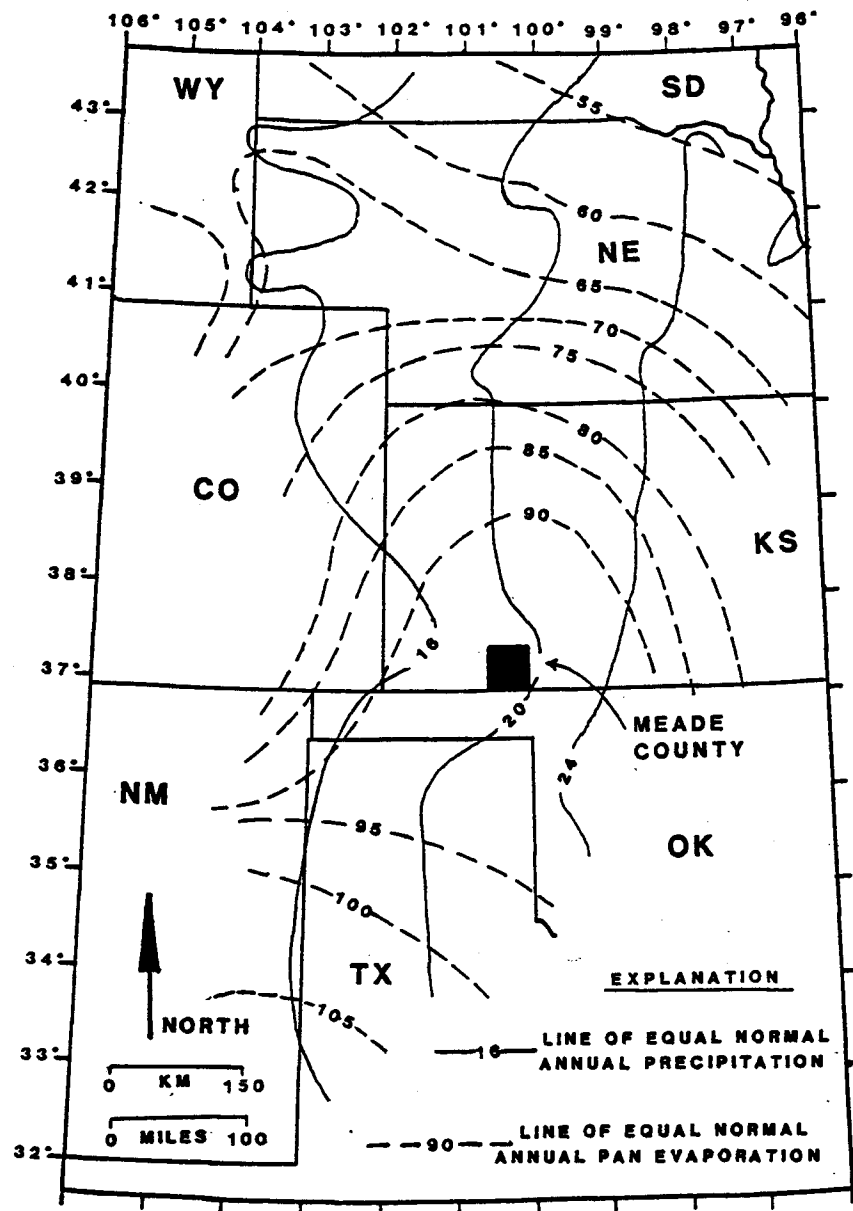


Figure 8 -- Distribution of normal annual rainfall and Class A pan evaporation in the High Plains (after Gutentag and others, 1984).

percentage of annual precipitation recharging the aquifer in southwestern Kansas: (1) Fader and others (1964) estimated 2 percent in Grant and Stanton counties using the water-budget method; (2) Meyer, Gutentag, and Lobmeyer (1970) estimated 8 percent (1940-52 wet period; water-budget method) and 0.3 percent (long-term; from well hydrographs) in Finney County; (3) Gutentag and Stullken (1976) estimated 1 percent in Lane and Scott counties using the water budget method for dryland areas; and (4) Sophocleous (1980) estimated 3 percent in a computer-model analysis of the Pawnee River valley. Barker, Dunlap, and Sauer (1983) estimated 11 percent using a computer simulation of the Arkansas River valley and adjoining sand hills.

3.2 Discharge

Except for areas near aquifer boundaries, discharge by evapotranspiration from the High Plains aquifer in southwestern Kansas is negligible because the water table is generally too far below the land surface (Gutentag, Lobmeyer, and Slagle, 1981). Withdrawal of ground water by pumping wells was negligible prior to the late 1940's. However, well withdrawals are currently the source of greatest discharge (Gutentag, Lobmeyer, and Slagle, 1981).

Some aquifer discharge occurs at the aquifer boundary in southeastern Meade County in the form of springs, seeps, and evapotranspiration.

A major source of ground-water discharge in the study area is leakage to Crooked Creek and the Cimarron River. These streams are perennial, indicating that the aquifer discharges water and sustains surface-water flow during periods of low precipitation. A 20-year average base flow (ground-water contribution) of $46.1 \text{ ft}^3/\text{sec}$ ($1.3 \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$) has been estimated for the Cimarron River at Mocane, Oklahoma, downstream of the study area, for the period 1942-1962 (Busby and Armentrout, 1965), with base flow extremes of $100 \text{ ft}^3/\text{sec}$ ($2.8 \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$) and $4.8 \text{ ft}^3/\text{sec}$ ($0.1 \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$). The 20-year average base flow of Crooked Creek at Nye, Kansas, is estimated to be $12.2 \text{ ft}^3/\text{s}$ ($0.4 \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$) for the same time period (Busby and Armentrout, 1965), with base flow extremes of $74 \text{ ft}^3/\text{sec}$ ($2.1 \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$) and $0 \text{ ft}^3/\text{sec}$ ($0 \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$). These estimates are based on separation of total flow into direct runoff and base flow components using analysis of discharge hydrographs. Gutentag, Lobmeyer, and Slagle (1981) report the measured November, 1974 discharge of the Cimarron River at the Kansas Highway 23 bridge (Fig. 3) as $56.5 \text{ ft}^3/\text{sec}$. This measurement was made after a killing frost to minimize the effects of evapotranspiration on aquifer discharge to

the river and during a period of negligible surface-water inflow.

3.3 Potentiometric Surface

The predevelopment (1940) potentiometric surface in Meade County (Pl. 2) was contoured from plotted head values published by Frye (1942); the Crooked Creek-Fowler solution front (fault), as located by Gutentag, Lobmeyer, and Slagle (1981) affected the potentiometric contours. The highest heads (greater than 2,660 ft (811 m)) occur in the northwest corner of the study area, and the lowest heads (less than 2,140 ft (652 m)) occur in the southeast corner of the study area at the natural aquifer boundary, indicating a regional southeasterly ground-water flow direction. The natural aquifer boundary was defined by overlaying potentiometric surface and bedrock configuration maps and delineating areas where bedrock elevations exceed heads.

Lower hydraulic gradients are observed in the northwestern part of the study area and higher hydraulic gradients are located near the Crooked Creek-Fowler solution front. This sharp increase in gradient may be attributed to abrupt changes in lateral lithologies by disrupted bedding adjacent to the front, and by decreases

in saturated thickness or permeability from the downthrown to upthrown sides of the front. Down-gradient potentiometric contour deflections in the northeast and south-central portions of Meade County may indicate recharge in areas where dune sands are present (Frye, 1942). Where potentiometric contours cross Crooked Creek and the Cimarron River, upstream deflections indicate ground-water flow from the aquifer into the stream or stream banks. This discharged water either contributes to stream base flow or is evapotranspired to the atmosphere.

3.4 Saturated Thickness

Thickness of the unconsolidated deposits in Meade County, and therefore saturated thickness of the aquifer, is controlled largely by structural features such as the Crooked Creek-Fowler solution front, sink holes, and bedrock fracture zones (lineaments). Cross-section A-A' (Pl. 3) shows the greatest saturated thickness (approximately 380 feet (116 m)) on the northwest (downthrown) side of the front which decreases to zero on the southeast (upthrown) side of the front. Locally, infilled paleosinkholes may cause saturated thickness to exceed 400 feet (122 m).

3.5 Confined Conditions

There are several areas in Meade County where confined (artesian) ground water conditions prevail (Fig. 9). The Meade artesian basin, located in the northeastern area of the county, is the largest of these and has an areal extent of approximately 33 mi^2 (85 km^2). As depicted on cross-section B-B' (Pl. 3), a thick sequence of clay caps coarser saturated material in the Meade artesian natural discharge area along Crooked Creek adjacent to the Crooked Creek-Fowler solution front, creating confined conditions. Configuration of equipotential lines that indicate discharge on cross-section B-B' are based on well data published by Frye (1942). A thin, saturated sandy layer exists near the land surface above the confining clay cap. Artesian head beneath the clay cap is 5 to 15 feet (1.5 to 4.6 m) greater than the water table elevation of the sandy zone above the cap (Frye, 1942).

The confining clay cap in the Meade artesian basin probably was deposited in the bed of a Pleistocene lake. Frye (1942) cites evidence for the existence of this lake based on geomorphology. Analysis of well logs used in the current study (App. A) shows anomalously thick (80 to 150 feet; 24 to 46 m) blue clay deposits in the uppermost part of the unconsolidated aquifer in the Meade artesian

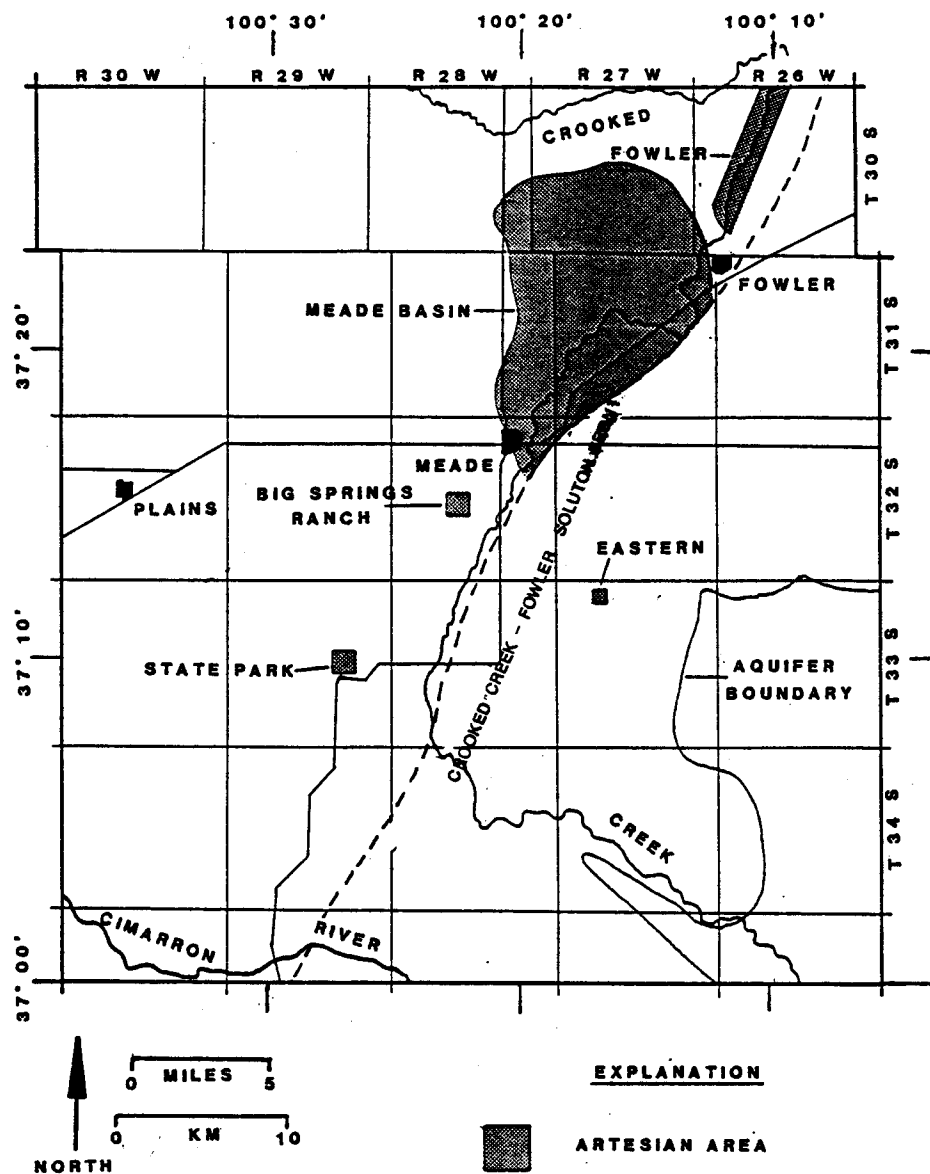


Figure 9 -- Artesian Areas in Meade County, Kansas.

basin. The blue color noted in well logs is consistent with anoxic conditions normally associated with lacustrine deposition.

Other areas with artesian ground water conditions in Meade County include the Fowler, State Park, Big Springs Ranch, and Eastern districts (Frye, 1942). With the exception of the Fowler district, these areas are each less than one square mile (2.6 km²) in area. All of these areas were assumed negligibly small for the purposes of this study. Although many wells in these areas were flowing in 1940, large withdrawals by pumping wells in surrounding areas since that time have probably decreased artesian head such that some wells no longer flow. This is especially true in the State Park district where Meade Lake was formerly sustained in times of low precipitation by natural ground-water discharge upward through the lake bed. Reduction of artesian head by pumping wells located up-gradient has caused upward flow into the lake to cease, and water impounded in the lake now leaks downward through the lake bed to the underlying aquifer. Thus, completion of new wells in the vicinity of Meade Lake to augment its depletion may actually exacerbate its water loss.

Chapter 4

VERTICAL VARIABILITY ANALYSIS

The unconsolidated aquifer in Meade County is comprised predominantly of fluviially deposited layers of clay, silt, sand, and gravel. This layering causes vertical variations in hydrogeologic parameters, such as hydraulic conductivity and specific yield. Vertical variability (VV) analysis is a numerical method by which the first moment (center) of distribution of a given parameter within a vertical section of aquifer may be determined (Gutentag and others, 1984; Kolm and others, in press). A relative center of distribution (RCOD) of 0.5 indicates: (1) the parameter of interest is uniformly or randomly distributed throughout the column, and (2) the distribution of differing parameter values within the column may be accurately represented by a thickness-weighted average value. If the mean RCOD for a population of wells and test holes is not significantly different from 0.5, the formation may be considered lithologically homogeneous. For hydrologic parameters, use of thickness-weighted average values implies the existence of a horizontal, two-dimensional flow system where vertical components of flow are negligible.

Data necessary for VV analysis are driller's lithologic logs and estimates of hydrologic parameters for materials represented in the logs. The center of distribution (COD) of any parameter (P) can be calculated using the following formula:

$$\text{COD}(P) = \sum_{i=1}^n (P_i t_i M_i) / \sum_{i=1}^n (P_i t_i)$$

where:

P_i = the value of the parameter of interest
for the i-th geologic unit.

t_i = thickness of the i-th geologic unit.

The sum of individual layer thicknesses equals the saturated thickness of aquifer in a given well or test hole.

M_i = the distance (moment arm) from a reference point (usually the aquifer base) to the center of the i-th geologic unit.

The center of distribution has the dimension of length. It can be made dimensionless by dividing by the total thickness of the aquifer, giving the relative center of

distribution (RCOD):

$$RCOD(P) = COD(P) / \sum_{i=1}^n t_i$$

The thickness-weighted average value for a parameter of interest (Pw) is given by the following equation:

$$Pw = \sum_{i=1}^n (P_i t_i) / \sum_{i=1}^n t_i$$

4.1 Data Acquisition and Reduction

Data used in the VV analysis of Meade County were acquired from water well contractors in southwestern Kansas and from the Garden City, Kansas office of the U.S. Geological Survey. A description of the well-numbering system used in locating wells and test holes and vertical variability data for 277 wells and test holes are presented in Appendix A.

Raw data were obtained in the form of driller's lithologic logs. Interpretation of the driller's nonmenclature was necessary to standardize unit descriptions for assigning hydraulic conductivity values. Because only steady state conditions were assumed for this study, specific yield distribution was not determined. Values of hydraulic conductivity assigned to various geologic units were based on Table 2. After hydraulic

Table 2 -- Hydraulic conductivity values assigned to lithologic descriptions of the aquifer in Meade County, Kansas (after Gutentag and others, 1984).

Driller's lithologic description	Vertical variability unit	Hydraulic conductivity (ft/day)	Hydraulic conductivity (cm/sec)
Caliche	CENT SILT	10	3.53×10^{-3}
Clay	CLAY	5	1.76×10^{-3}
Liney clay	LINY CLAY	10	3.53×10^{-3}
Clay and sandstone	CLSS	10	3.53×10^{-3}
Sandy clay	SDY CLAY	10	3.53×10^{-3}
Sandy clay, some gravel	SDGL CLAY	15	5.29×10^{-3}
Limestone	LINE	10	3.53×10^{-3}
Limestone and sand	LISD	30	1.06×10^{-2}
Clayey sand	CLY SAND	50	1.76×10^{-3}
Cemented sand	CENT SAND	20	7.06×10^{-3}
Fine sand	FINE SAND	50	1.76×10^{-2}
Medium sand	MED SAND	80	2.82×10^{-2}
Fine to medium sand	FINE SAND	80	2.82×10^{-2}
Fine to medium coarse sand	FINC SAND	80	2.82×10^{-2}
Coarse sand	CORS SAND	90	3.17×10^{-2}
Cemented sand and gravel	CENT SDGL	30	1.06×10^{-2}
Clayey sand and gravel	CLY SDGL	100	3.53×10^{-2}
Sand and gravel	SDGL	160	5.64×10^{-2}
Sand and sandstone	SDSS	50	1.76×10^{-3}
Sandstone	SS	10	3.53×10^{-3}
Top soil	TOP SOIL	5	1.76×10^{-3}

conductivity values were assigned, RCODs of hydraulic conductivity for the saturated section in each well or test hole were computed manually (App. A).

4.2 Results

The mean RCOD of hydraulic conductivity for saturated sections of the 277 wells and test holes analyzed in Meade County is 0.46 with a standard deviation of 0.12. These values indicate that hydraulic conductivity is randomly distributed about a point located just below the center of the aquifer.

Because of the closeness of the computed mean RCOD of hydraulic conductivity to 0.5, ground-water flow in the study area is assumed to be horizontal and two-dimensional. The presence of two-dimensional flow conditions implies that hydraulic conductivity within the stratified aquifer may be represented accurately by thickness-weighted average values. Such values were computed for the saturated section in each of the 277 wells analyzed (App. A). Thickness-weighted hydraulic conductivity values (K_w) for the saturated section in each well or test hole were plotted on a base map of Meade County and contoured manually (Pl. 4). K_w s ranged from 11 feet/day (ft/day; 0.0039 cm/sec) to 160 ft/day (0.056 cm/sec) with a mean of

64 ft/day (0.023 cm/sec). This value is close to the average value of 61 ft/day (0.022 cm/sec) initially estimated for the central High Plains aquifer (Luckey and others, 1986).

Chapter 5

MODEL SIMULATION

McDonald and Harbaugh (1984) developed a modular, finite-difference computer model for simulating two- or three-dimensional ground-water flow in unconfined, confined, or combination aquifers. The model is designed to simulate various natural recharge and discharge functions, such as boundary inflow, infiltration, leakage from and to rivers, evapotranspiration, and boundary outflow. In addition, the model can simulate artificial, transient stresses, such as extraction or injection wells, and flow into linear drain systems. The aquifer being modeled may be heterogeneous and anisotropic and have irregular boundaries. Output obtained from model simulation are hydraulic heads and, optionally, deviations (residuals) from initial head values.

5.1 Model Application

A conceptual model of the aquifer system in Meade County was developed. Data from this model were used in the computer simulation to produce the final model.

5.1.1 Conceptual Model. The conceptual model of the aquifer system in Meade County is based on analyses of aquifer characteristics discussed in chapters 2, 3, and 4. In summary, the aquifer system in the study area comprises unconsolidated deposits of the Miocene Ogallala Formation and overlying Pleistocene- to Holocene-aged fluvial and eolian deposits. Bedrock units of Permian, Late Jurassic, and Early Cretaceous age define the base of the aquifer. Recharge to the aquifer is primarily by infiltration of precipitation through the unsaturated zone to the underlying aquifer. Discharge from the aquifer occurs primarily by leakage to the Cimarron River and Crooked Creek and in the form of springs, seeps, and evapotranspiration at the natural aquifer boundary in the southeastern part of the county. Evapotranspiration from the aquifer in areas distant from natural aquifer boundaries is assumed negligible because of the generally great depth to the water table below the land surface. Because the predevelopment (1940) water table was simulated, the effects of withdrawal by pumping wells was assumed negligible, and the aquifer was assumed to be in a steady-state condition.

Vertical components of ground-water flow were assumed to be small compared to horizontal components based on the

results of the VV analysis (Chap. 4), therefore two-dimensional flow conditions were assumed in Meade County. Unconfined, isotropic aquifer conditions were assumed, except for the 33 mi^2 (85 km^2) area of the Meade artesian basin where confined conditions are observed.

5.1.2 Data Preparation. Four maps were prepared or used to display the following: (1) configuration of the bedrock surface and structural features (Pl.1); (2) 1940 potentiometric surface (Pl. 2); (3) precipitation (Fig. 8); and (4) hydraulic conductivity (Pl. 4). Except for precipitation, each map consisted of point values that were contoured manually at selected intervals. An average value of each parameter was estimated from these contoured maps for each block in the computer model grid. These average parameter values were used as initial input to the computer model.

5.1.3 Grid Orientation and Geometry. The direction of maximum ground-water flow gradient (transmissivity tensor) in Meade County, determined from Pl. 2, is generally S 60° E. The Crooked Creek-Fowler solution front is oriented approximately N 30° E - S 30° W, perpendicular to the regional ground-water flow direction. The block-centered,

finite-difference computer model grid was oriented to coincide with these directions. Model grid orientation and geometry are shown on Fig. 10.

Three nodal sizes were established (Fig. 10): 2 X 2 miles (3.2 X 3.2 km) in the northwestern part of the study area where gradients are gentle, 2 X 1.5 miles (3.2 X 2.4 km) where gradients steepen near the Crooked Creek-Fowler solution front and in the southeastern part of the study area, and 2 X 1 miles (3.2 X 1.6 km) in the vicinity of the front where gradients are steepest and transmissivity is relatively small. In all cases the short dimension of a given block was oriented parallel to the regional flow direction (transmissivity tensor) and perpendicular to the Crooked Creek-Fowler solution front. Nodal change ratios along the S 60° E flow direction are less than or equal to 1.5 to avoid large truncation errors and convergence problems (Trescott, Pinder, and Larson, 1976).

5.1.4 Boundaries, Recharge, and River Leakage. Forty-one constant-head nodes were located around the area of study to simulate the regional southeasterly ground-water flow direction (Fig. 10). Ground-water inflow occurs along the western and northern boundaries of Meade County, and outflow occurs along the eastern and southern boundaries.

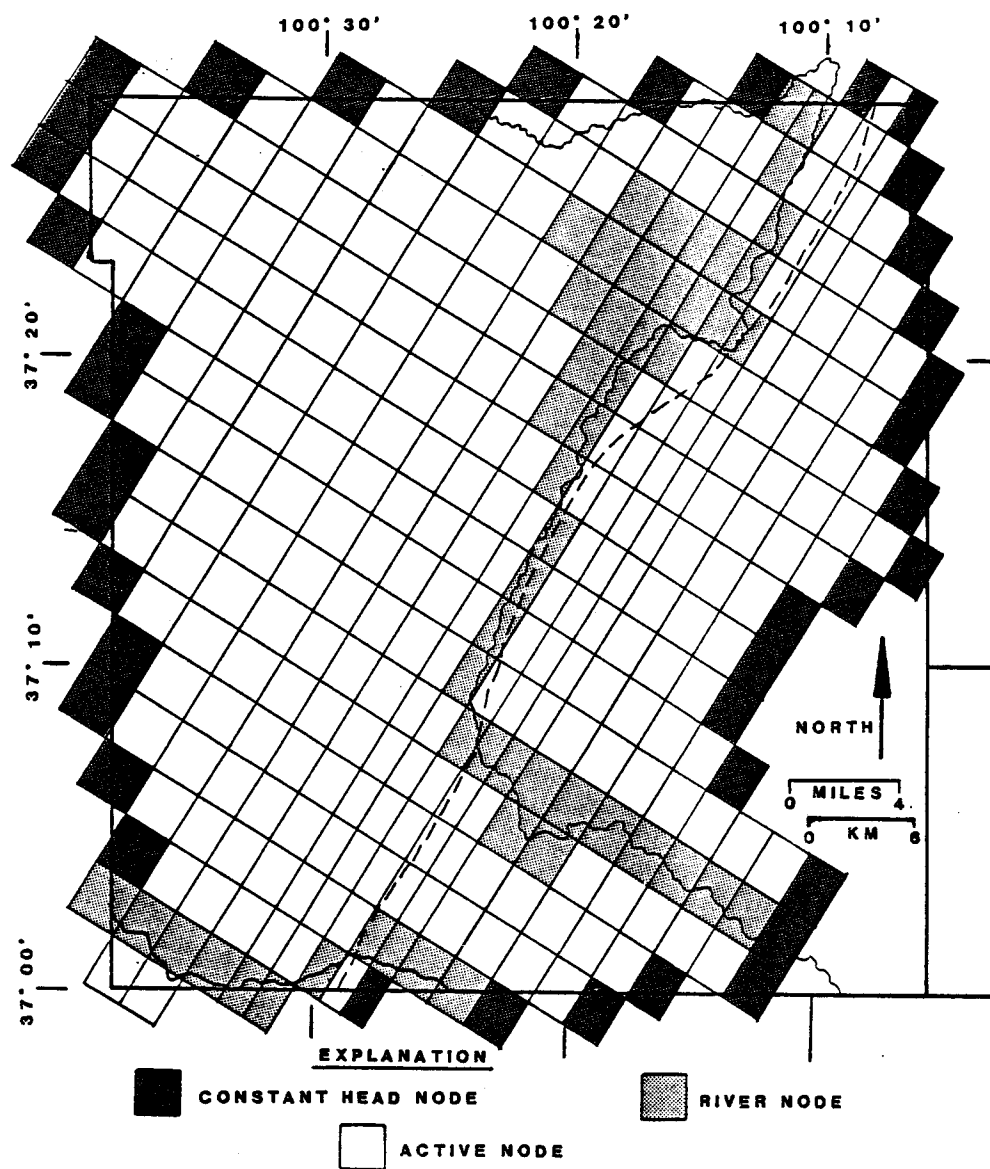


Figure 10 -- Computer-model grid orientation and location of constant-head and river nodes used in the aquifer simulation of Meade County, Kansas.

Constant-head nodes were also used to simulate natural discharge to springs and seeps at the geologically-defined aquifer boundary in the southeastern part of the study area (Pl. 2).

Annual recharge to the aquifer system was estimated initially to be 1 percent of the precipitation (Gutentag and Stullken, 1976) . Recharge values of 0.185 in./yr (4.70 mm/yr) were estimated for nodes on the western boundary of the study area, and increased incrementally to 0.200 in./yr (5.08 mm/yr) for nodes on the eastern boundary. These estimates are net recharge rates and account for evapotranspiration of precipitation during times of infiltration to the water table. Variations in soil permeability and the effects on infiltration rates were assumed to be small.

Average nodal stages (heads) for the Cimarron River and Crooked Creek were determined from USGS 7.5 minute topographic maps. Because upland surfaces in the areas drained by these streams are mantled with silt and sand, bed material was assigned a hydraulic conductivity of approximately 0.8 ft/day (2.8×10^{-5} cm/sec), a typical value for silty sand (U.S. Bureau of Reclamation, 1977; Freeze and Cherry, 1979). Bed material thickness for the Cimarron River and Crooked Creek was assumed to be 10 feet.

Ground-water leakage in the Meade artesian basin was simulated using river nodes. Tight lacustrine clays confining ground water in the basin were assigned an estimated hydraulic conductivity of 0.5 ft/day (1.8×10^{-4} cm/sec), an order of magnitude smaller than other clays in the study area (Table 2). Thickness of confining clays (Cross Section B-B', Pl. 3) were determined from VV data (App. A) and ranged from 25 to 150 feet (7.6 to 45.7 m). The 52 model nodes used to simulate leakage to and from streams and the Meade artesian basin are shown on Fig. 10.

5.2 Model Calibration

The model was calibrated by adjusting model parameters using a trial and error method. Calibration was achieved when (1) the best match of computed heads to measured predevelopment (1940) heads was obtained, and (2) leakage to the Cimarron River and Crooked Creek were reasonably close to measured base flows. Input to and output from the calibrated model are presented in Appendix B.

The Strongly Implicit Procedure (SIP) was used to solve the finite-difference flow equations, with the iteration parameter set to 1.00. Eleven iterations were necessary to obtain the final solution. The closure error of computed heads between successive iterations was

set to 0.01 feet (0.003 m). A total of 333 active nodes (including constant-head nodes) were used in the computer simulation.

5.2.1 Mass Balance. The model computed an annual recharge to the aquifer underlying Meade County of 108,000 acre-feet (149 ft /sec; 4.22 m /sec). Of this total, 95,300 acre-feet (132 ft /sec; 3.74 m /sec) were inflow from constant-head nodes, 8,750 acre-feet (12 ft /sec; 0.34 m /sec) were recharge from precipitation, and 3,950 acre-feet (5 ft /sec; 0.14 m /sec) were inflow from streams.

Annual aquifer discharge by constant-head nodes was computed to be 22,000 acre-feet (30 ft /sec; 0.85 m /sec). Discharge attributable to stream leakage and leakage in the Meade artesian basin was 86,200 acre-feet per year (119 ft /sec; 3.37 m /sec). Therefore, total annual discharge from the aquifer in Meade County is 108,200 acre-feet (149 ft /sec; 4.22 m /sec). The difference between computed recharge and discharge is 0.01 percent.

5.2.2 Potentiometric Surface. Computed heads from the calibrated model were contoured manually as shown on Pl. 5. The potentiometric surface drawn from calculated heads compares well with the potentiometric surface constructed

from measured heads (Pl. 2). A plot of computed heads versus measured heads is shown in Fig. 11.

The distribution of head residuals (difference between computed and measured heads) is shown on Fig. 12. A positive residual indicates that the computed head was less than the measured or observed head (draw down) and a negative residual indicates that the computed head was greater than the measured or observed head (draw up). The maximum positive residual was 18.52 feet (5.64 m) and the maximum negative residual was -17.79 feet (-5.42 m). Both values are less than the 20-foot (6.10 m) contour interval used in Plates 2 and 5. The mean of residuals was +2.18 feet (+0.66 m) with a standard deviation of 8.95 feet (2.73 m), indicating that 67 percent of computed heads were between +11 feet (+3.35 m) and -7 feet (-2.13 m) of measured heads.

One area of disagreement between calculated and measured heads was identified. Plate 2 shows a prominent ground water "high" or nose in the extreme south-central part of the study area. This nose is based on a single data point provided by Frye (1942), who attributed the relatively high equipotential configuration to higher recharge rates facilitated by dune sands overlying the area. The computer simulation failed to produce the

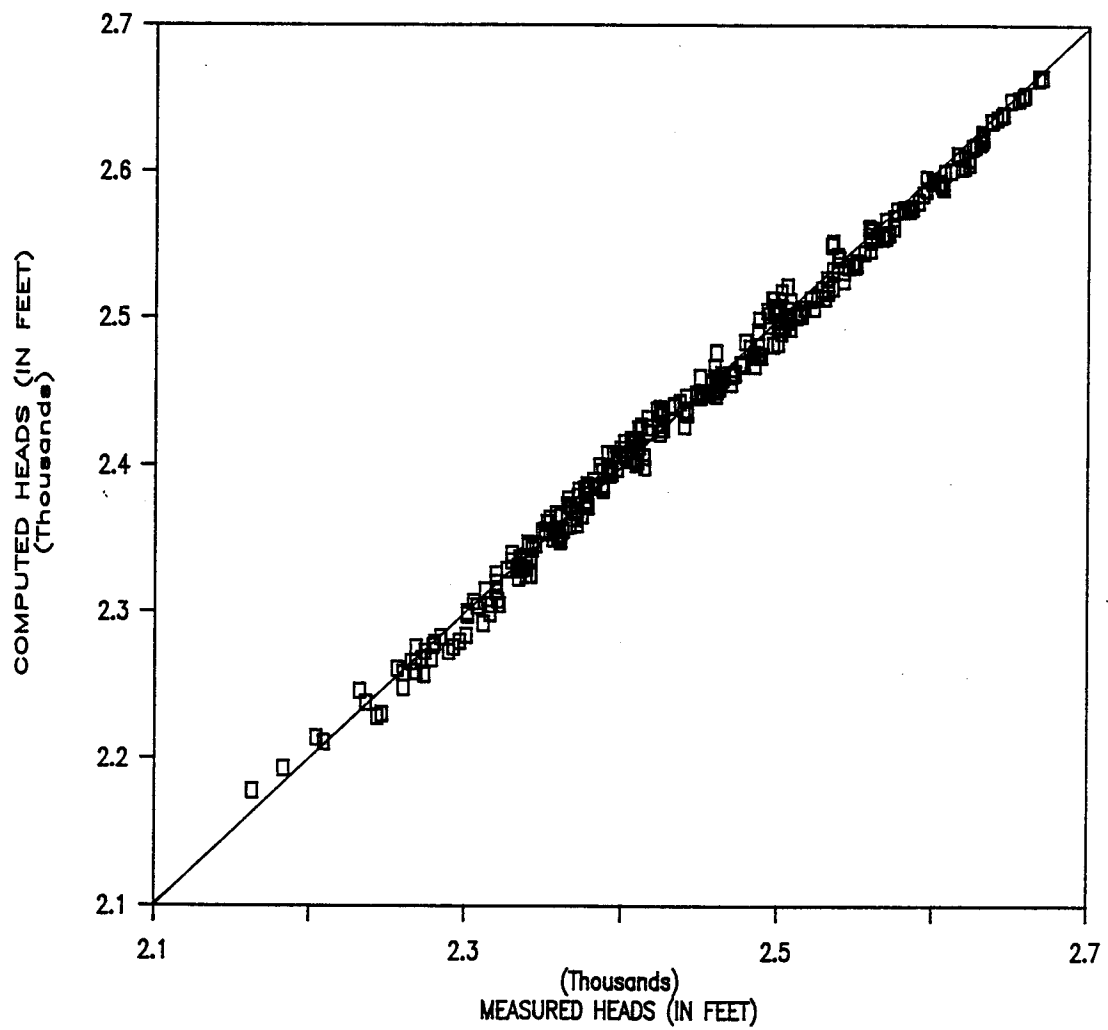


Figure 11 -- Comparison between computed heads and measured heads from the calibrated model of the aquifer in Meade County, Kansas.

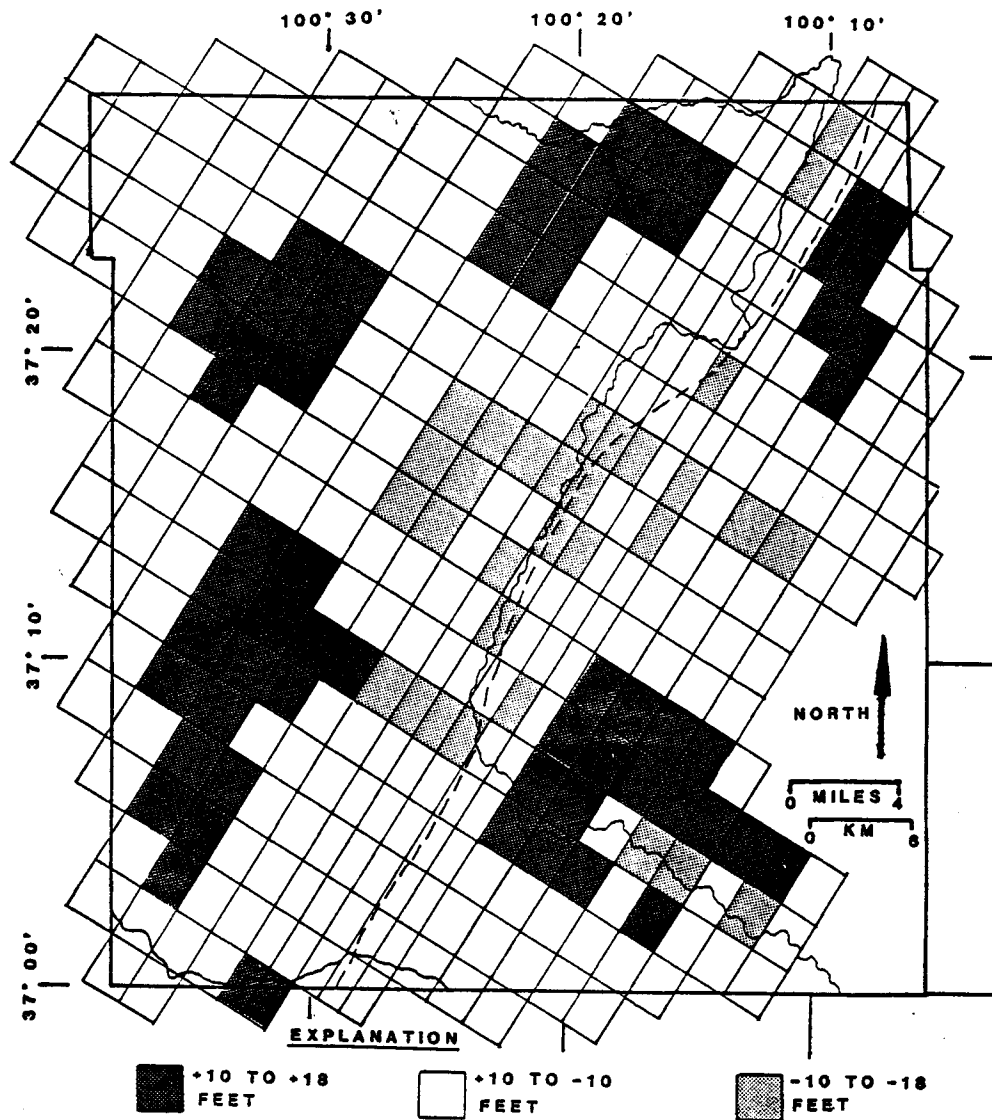


Figure 12 -- Distribution of residuals between computed and measured heads from the calibrated model of the aquifer in Meade County, Kansas.

equipotential "high", even when recharge to the area was increased by one order of magnitude. For this reason, the data point of Frye was questioned. It is possible that equipotential "highs" formerly attributed to locally large recharge rates are in fact caused by upward leakage of ground water from underlying bedrock units. Quantification of such inflow was not attempted in this study.

5.2.3 Boundary Conditions. Discharge calculated by the model at constant-head nodes at the natural aquifer boundary in the southeastern part of Meade County was less than or equal to $2.0 \text{ ft}^3/\text{sec}$ ($0.61 \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$) per node. This discharge, which occurs over a minimum area of approximately $423,000 \text{ ft}^2$ ($39,312 \text{ m}^2$; side area of node), represents a net value of about 1800 in./yr (45,700 mm/yr). Because the pan-evaporation rate in the study area exceeds only 90 inches (2286 mm) annually, natural discharge probably occurs primarily as springs and seeps; direct evapotranspiration also occurs.

The perennial streams in Meade County are the Cimarron River and Crooked Creek. Equipotential configuration in southwestern Kansas (Gutentag, Lobmeyer, and Slagle, 1981) indicates that the Cimarron River gains water from the aquifer at the western boundary of Meade County.

Examination of river heads versus nodal heads for Crooked Creek shows that aquifer leakage to the stream begins in the northeastern part of the study area. Because inflow to both streams occurs entirely within Meade County, base flows at the down-gradient county boundary are assumed to represent minimum total net stream leakages from the aquifer.

The model predicted a baseflow for the Cimarron River of $47.5 \text{ ft}^3/\text{sec}$ ($1.35 \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$), which compares well with the 20-year average baseflow of $46.1 \text{ ft}^3/\text{sec}$ ($1.31 \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$; Busby and Armentrout, 1965). The predicted value, however, shows only minor effects of evapotranspiration. The baseflow of Crooked Creek was predicted to be $28.1 \text{ ft}^3/\text{sec}$ ($0.80 \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$), which is more than twice the 20-year average baseflow of $12.2 \text{ ft}^3/\text{sec}$ ($0.35 \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$; Busby and Armentrout, 1965). This discrepancy is easily accounted for by vigorous phreatophyte activity along the stream banks and the relatively high pan-evaporation rate (greater than 90 inches (2286 mm) annually) in the study area.

The maximum leakage from a river node used to simulate outflow in the Meade artesian basin (Fig. 10) is approximately $6.5 \text{ ft}^3/\text{sec}$ ($0.18 \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$). This aquifer discharge occurs over an area of 3.0 mi^2 (7.8 km^2) and represents a net value of less than 30 in./yr (762 mm/yr).

Because of the high pan-evaporation rate in Meade County, it is hypothesized that the majority of this leakage is evapotranspired.

5.2.4 Hydraulic Conductivity. Thickness-weighted hydraulic conductivity values were calculated for each of the 277 VV data points (App. A) using the values presented in Table 2. These values were plotted and contoured (Pl. 4) and estimates of nodal hydraulic conductivities were made. Based on Plate 4, several zones of relatively large hydraulic conductivity were identified. These zones are sub-linear and parallel the regional ground-water flow direction.

During the steady-state calibration process, large positive residuals were observed on the northwestern (downthrown) side of the Crooked Creek-Fowler solution front and large negative residuals were noted on the front's southeastern (upthrown) side. Because of these areal discrepancies, hydraulic conductivities along the front were decreased by 50 to 88 percent of original estimates to provide a ground-water flow barrier, permitting an increase in saturated thickness northwest of the front while restricting flow to areas of southeast of the front. For example, if a given node adjacent to the

Crooked Creek-Fowler solution front had originally been assigned a hydraulic conductivity of 35 ft/day (1.2×10^{-2} cm/sec), an approximate 88 percent decrease to 5 ft/day (1.8×10^{-3} cm/sec) was necessary. Nodal hydraulic conductivity decreases ranged between 50 and 88 percent to allow close calibration on a node-by-node basis. Hydraulic conductivity decreases in this area are due to tilted and disrupted bedding within the aquifer along the Crooked Creek-Fowler solution front (see Chap. 2.3).

5.3 Sensitivity Analysis

Computer models produce nonunique solutions to simulate ground-water flow systems. Therefore, a measure of model sensitivity to adjustment of aquifer parameters was completed to qualitatively measure potential error. After model calibration, hydraulic conductivity and recharge rate were adjusted separately while other variables remained constant. The sensitivity of the model to these parameters is indicated by the magnitude of residuals between computed and measured heads.

5.3.1 Hydraulic Conductivity. The sensitivity of the model to changes in hydraulic conductivity was tested by comparing the mean residual and standard deviation of

residuals (as based on 292 active, non-constant-head nodes) between the calibrated model and simulations in which hydraulic conductivity was uniformly increased or decreased by an order of magnitude (Fig. 13 and 14). For example, if a given node in the calibrated model had a thickness-weighted hydraulic conductivity of 50 ft/day (1.76×10^{-2} cm/sec), a value of 500 ft/day (1.76×10^{-1} cm/sec) was used in a separate simulation to test the effect of increased hydraulic conductivity, and a value of 5 ft/day (1.76×10^{-3} cm/sec) was used in a separate simulation to test the effect of decreased hydraulic conductivity. In both cases all other hydrologic parameters were held constant.

When hydraulic conductivity was uniformly increased by one order of magnitude (Fig. 13), the mean residual was +6.75 feet (+2.06 m) with a standard deviation of 21.63 feet (6.59 m). When hydraulic conductivity was decreased by one order of magnitude (Fig. 14), the mean residual was -23.24 feet (-7.08m), the standard deviation was 32.82 feet (10.00m), and a linear cluster of outlying data points was produced (Fig. 14) where computed heads exceeded measured heads by over 100 feet (30.5 m). This data cluster corresponds to a linear segment of nodes immediately north of and parallel to Crooked Creek in the southeastern part

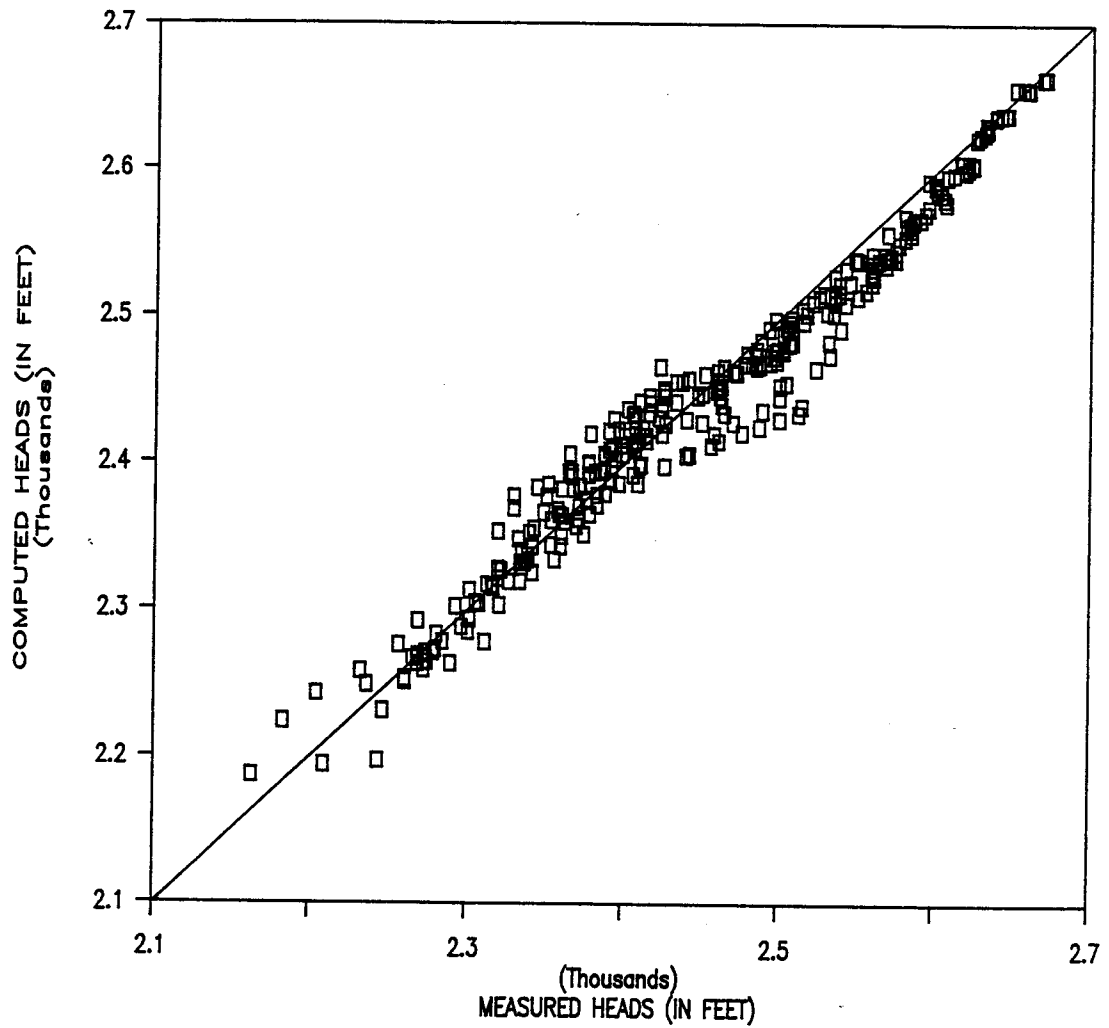


Figure 13 -- Sensitivity of the model to changes in hydraulic conductivity noted as a comparison between computed and measured heads for the aquifer in Meade County, Kansas: hydraulic conductivity uniformly increased by one order of magnitude.

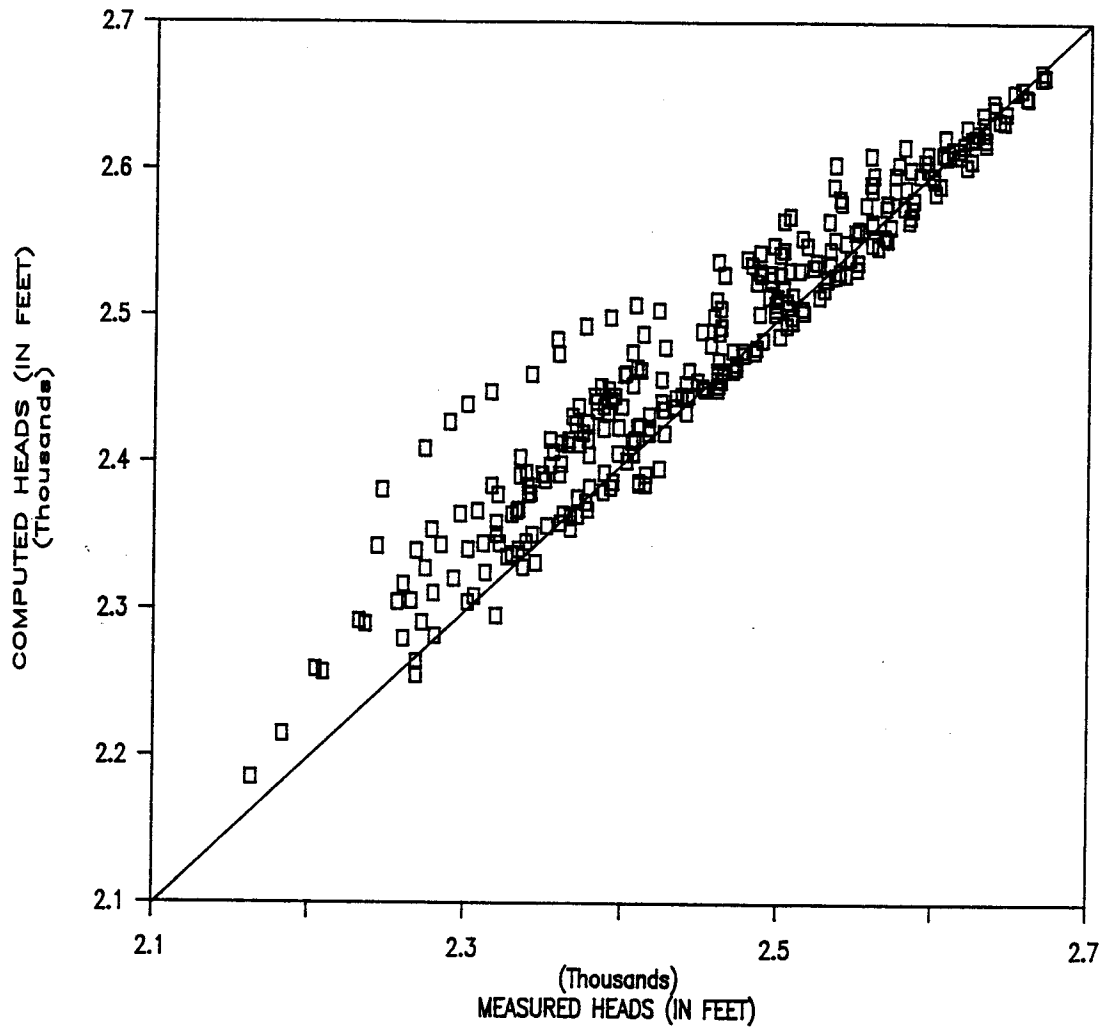


Figure 14 -- Sensitivity of the model to changes in hydraulic conductivity noted as a comparison between computed and measured heads for the aquifer in Meade County, Kansas: hydraulic conductivity uniformly decreased by one order of magnitude.

of the study area (Fig. 10) where decreased hydraulic conductivity has prevented leakage to the stream and resulted in large negative residuals. In general, these significant changes indicate that the model is relatively sensitive to hydraulic conductivity variations and that the initial hydraulic conductivity estimates assigned to aquifer materials (Table 2) are reasonably accurate. The accuracy of estimated hydraulic conductivities for aquifer materials is further supported by experience in the study area (Gutentag and others, 1984).

5.3.2 Recharge. The sensitivity of the model to recharge rate was tested by comparing the mean residual and standard deviation of residuals (as based on 292 active, non-constant-head nodes) between the calibrated model and simulations in which the recharge rate was uniformly increased or decreased (Fig. 15 and 16). To test the effect of increased recharge, a change from 1 percent to 11 percent of annual precipitation was used. To test the effect of decreased recharge, a change from 1 percent to 0.3 percent of annual precipitation was used. The 11 percent and 0.3 percent values represent the range of various recharge estimates as listed in Chap. 3.1. For example, if a given node in the calibrated model had a

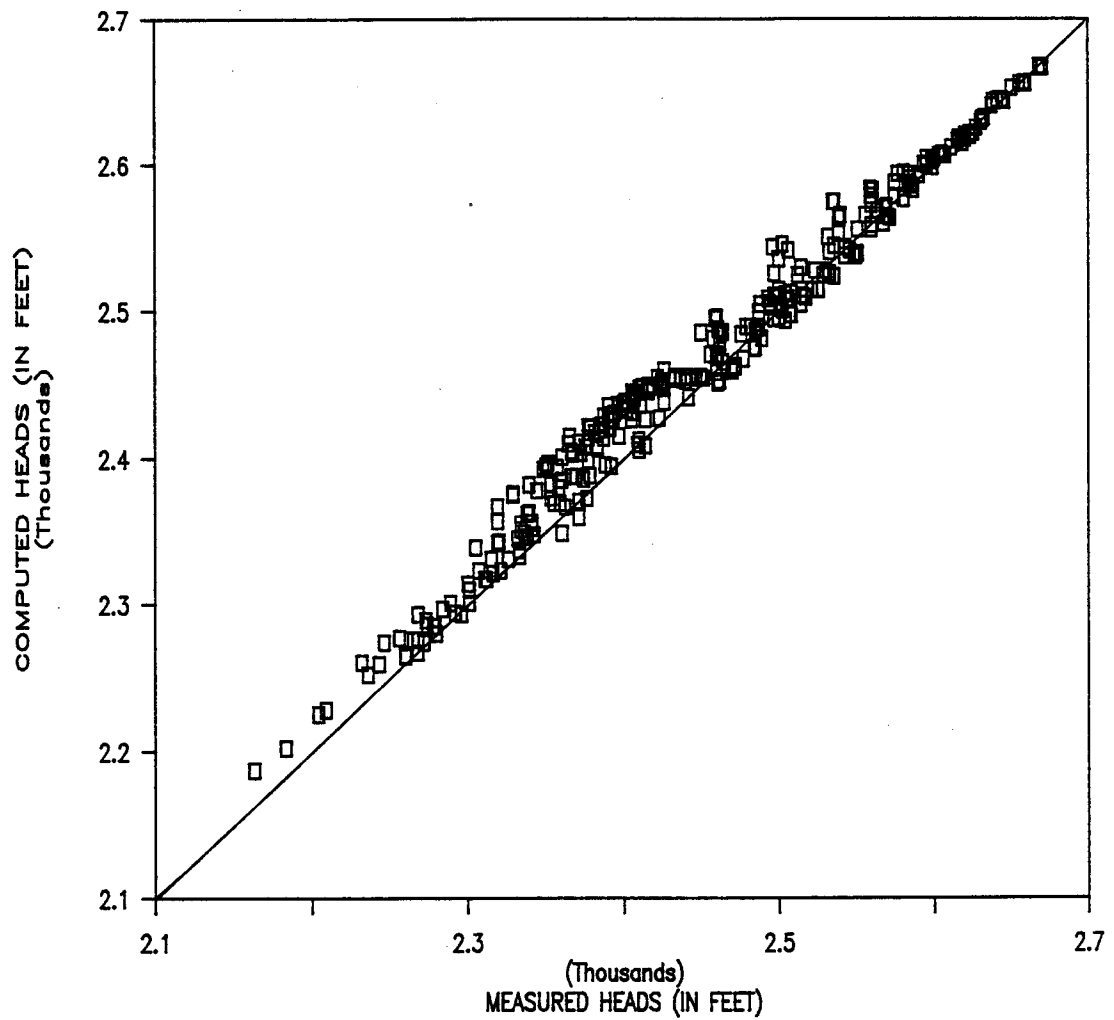


Figure 15 -- Sensitivity of the model to changes in recharge rate noted as a comparison between computed and measured heads for the aquifer in Meade County, Kansas: recharge rate uniformly increased from 1% to 11% of annual precipitation.

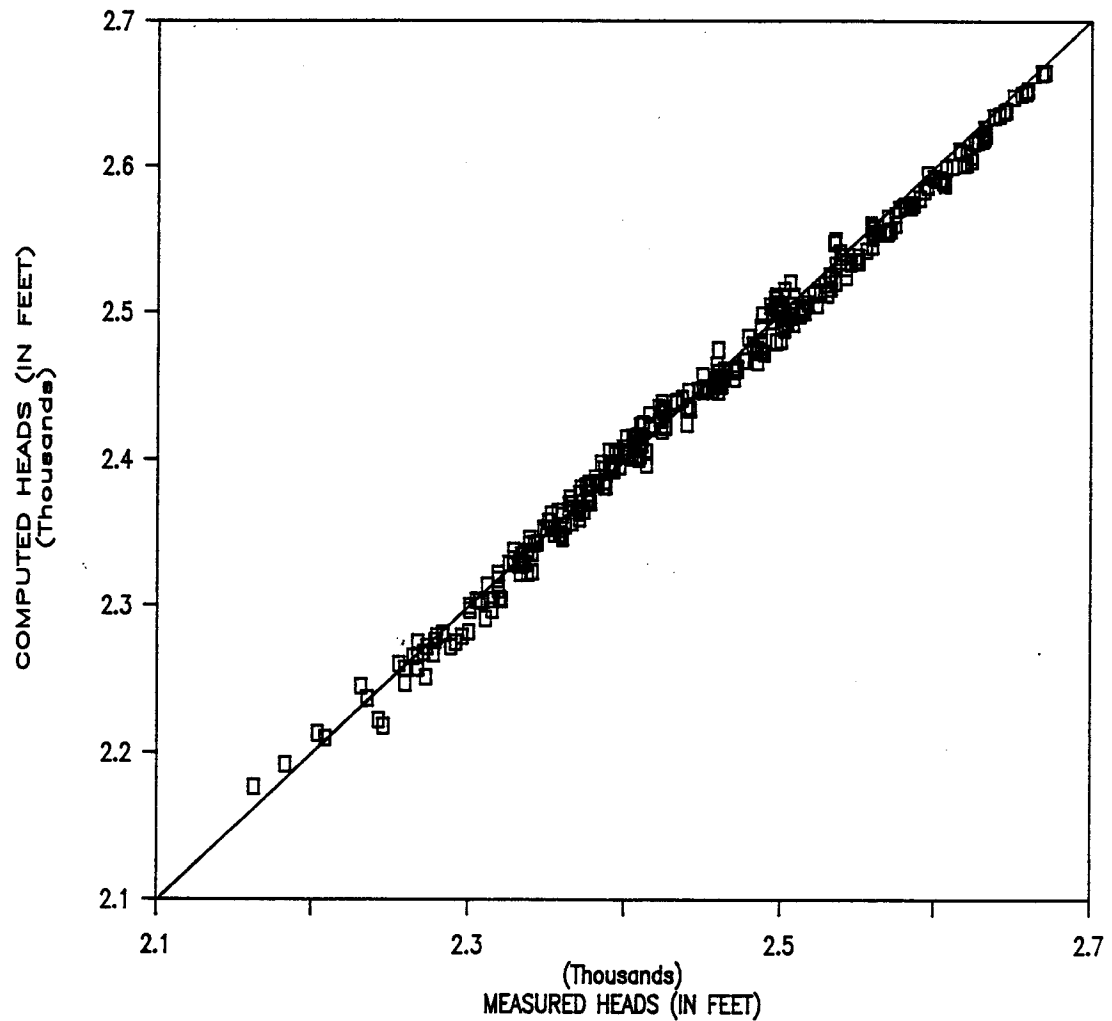


Figure 16 -- Sensitivity of the model to changes in recharge rate noted as a comparison between computed and measured heads for the aquifer in Meade County, Kansas: recharge rate uniformly decreased from 1% to 0.3% of annual precipitation.

recharge value of 0.200 in./yr (5.08 mm/yr), 2.20 in./yr (55.9 mm/yr) was used in a separate simulation to test the effect of increased recharge, and 0.06 in./yr (1.52 mm/yr) was used in a separate simulation to test the effect of decreased recharge. In both cases all other hydrologic parameters were held constant.

When recharge rate was uniformly increased from 1 percent to 11 percent of annual precipitation (Fig. 15), the mean residual was -13.67 feet (-4.17 m) and the standard deviation of residuals was 15.69 feet (4.78 m). When recharge rate was uniformly decreased from 1 percent to 0.3 percent of annual precipitation (Fig. 16), the mean residual was +3.42 feet (+1.04 m) and the standard deviation of residuals was 9.11 feet (2.78 m). These minor changes indicate that the model is much less sensitive to variations in recharge rate, where estimates may have a large magnitude of error, than to variations in hydraulic conductivity, where estimates based on experience and vertical variability analysis are more accurate.

Chapter 6

LARGE PERMEABILITY ZONES

Because the mean vertical center of distribution of hydraulic conductivity in Meade County is below the center of the aquifer, the lateral distribution of hydraulic conductivity is nearly uniform. Therefore, this distribution could be represented by a contour map of thickness-weighted hydraulic conductivity values (Pl. 4). Using Plate 4 as a basis, zones of relatively large permeability were identified (Fig. 17). These zones are linear and parallel the existing ground-water and surface-water flow directions in the study area, indicating that zones of relatively large permeability may coincide with buried paleochannels or the courses of the modern Cimarron River and Crooked Creek. New water wells located in these large permeability zones may have better well yields than wells located in other areas.

The northwest-most zone of large permeability, as shown on Fig. 17, roughly parallels the modern Crooked Creek drainage, indicating that this course may have been used by the ancestral Crooked Creek throughout deposition of the Ogallala Formation and overlying Pleistocene and Holocene deposits. This large permeability zone is not

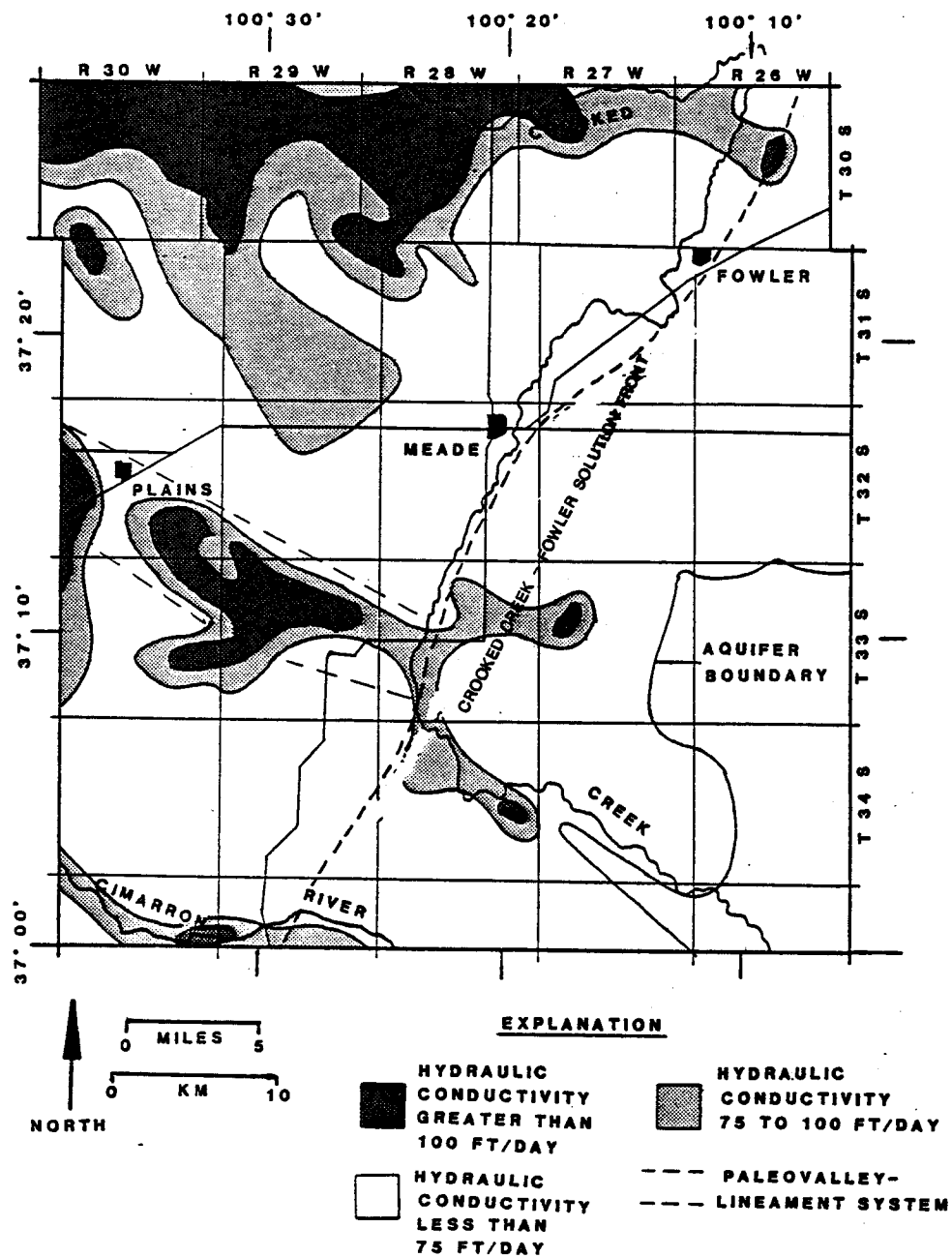


Figure 17 -- Zones of relatively large aquifer material permeability in Meade County, Kansas.

traceable to the east of the Crooked Creek-Fowler solution front, suggesting that the ancestral Crooked Creek turned sharply to the southwest and paralleled the front, similar to the modern stream. This indicates that the front may have been active during the deposition of the Ogallala Formation. This northwestern zone of large permeability is probably controlled by a bedrock fracture zone (lineament), a zone of erosional weakness that may have served as a preferred path for streamflow.

There is a large permeability zone in the west-central part of the study area that does not contain a modern stream. This zone is traceable to the east of the Crooked Creek-Fowler solution front. The modern Crooked Creek flows into this pre-existing feature, which is probably also controlled by a bedrock fracture zone, to leave the front and return to the regional southeastern flow direction.

The presence of large permeability zones is confirmed by the configuration of the bedrock surface underlying the aquifer in the study area (Pl. 1). Southeasterly trends coincident with large permeability zones suggest the presence of preexisting lineaments which may have controlled the locations of ancient and modern streams. The most prominent of these is an infilled valley incised

in bedrock in the southeastern part of the study area underlying the modern course of Crooked Creek. Large permeability zone existence is further confirmed by the computer simulation: calibration was achieved using the large hydraulic conductivity values shown on Figure 17.

The relative center of distribution of hydraulic conductivity within the aquifer in Meade County is slightly less than 0.5, suggesting that relatively coarser material is concentrated in the lower half of the aquifer and that aquifer material generally decreases in grain size vertically toward the potentiometric surface. Therefore, wells located in zones of large permeability may need to be screened in the bottom half of the aquifer to optimize well yield.

Chapter 7

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

Meade County, in southwestern Kansas, is underlain by a part of the central High Plains aquifer that is comprised of the Miocene-aged Ogallala Formation and overlying Pleistocene- and Holocene-aged fluvial and eolian deposits. A vertical variability analysis was conducted on 277 driller's lithologic logs from the study area to determine the distribution of hydrogeologic units within the aquifer. Results of the vertical variability analysis indicate that hydraulic conductivity is randomly or uniformly distributed about a point located just below the aquifer center (mean relative center of distribution of 0.46 with a standard deviation of 0.12). Because the mean vertical distribution is near the aquifer center, thickness-weighted values of hydraulic conductivity were used to represent the vertically-stratified aquifer. Therefore, the areal distribution of hydraulic conductivity was considered uniform for buried channel analysis and a two-dimensional horizontal flow system was considered valid.

Zones of relatively large permeability which may provide favorable sites for water wells were identified using a contour map of thickness-weighted hydraulic

conductivities. A mean relative center of distribution of hydraulic conductivity located just below the aquifer center (center of saturated thickness) indicates that relatively coarser material is present in the lower half of the aquifer and that, in general, the overall aquifer sequence fines upward. New water wells in the study area may therefore produce higher yields if located in the identified zones of large permeability and screened near the aquifer bottom. The existence of large permeability zones is confirmed by computer simulation and the presence of fracture zones or lineaments in the bedrock surface underlying the aquifer.

Based on the results of the vertical variability analysis, the aquifer system underlying Meade County was simulated using the McDonald-Harbaugh modular computer model. The predevelopment (1940) potentiometric surface was modeled and was assumed to represent equilibrium between inflow at the study area boundaries, recharge from precipitation, outflow at the study area and natural aquifer boundaries, and leakage to streams. A two-dimensional flow system was validated by the vertical variability analysis and assumed for the computer simulation.

Satisfactory calibration of the model was achieved by adjusting hydrologic parameters using a trial and error method. The calibrated model had a mean head residual (difference between computed and measured head) of +2.18 feet (+0.66 m) with a standard deviation of 8.95 feet (2.73 m), indicating that computed heads in two-thirds of the 292 active nodes were between +11 feet (+3.35 m; draw down) and -6 feet (-1.83 m; draw up) of measured heads. The maximum positive residual was 18.52 feet (5.65 m) and the maximum negative residual was 17.79 feet (5.42 m); both values are less than the 20-foot (6.10 m) contour interval used in the equipotential map from which measured nodal heads were assigned. The model computed a mass-balance discrepancy of 0.01 percent.

Leakages calculated by the model for the Cimarron River and Crooked Creek compared well with 20-year average base flows described in the literature (Busby and Armentrout, 1965); the effects of evaporation and phreatophyte activity along stream banks accounted for the discrepancy between calculated and estimated base flows. Leakage from the 33 mi² (85.5 km²) Meade artesian basin was simulated using river nodes. The amount of leakage through these nodes was compared with evapotranspiration rates.

A sensitivity analysis was performed where recharge

rate and hydraulic conductivity were varied as other parameters remained unchanged. A relatively higher level of confidence was placed in the accuracy of hydraulic conductivity values than in recharge rate used in the computer simulation. Hydraulic conductivity values were assigned based on experience in Meade County and adjoining areas; recharge rate, however, is based on estimation techniques and is difficult to evaluate. Results of the sensitivity analysis show that the model was more sensitive to changes in hydraulic conductivity than to changes in recharge rate. Confidence in values assigned to the more sensitive variable (hydraulic conductivity) is confirmed by successful model calibration.

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APPENDIX A

VERTICAL VARIABILITY DATA

Vertical variability data for 277 wells in Meade County, Kansas are listed below. An example is presented to illustrate the data format. Datum for all elevations is National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 (mean sea level).

EXAMPLE OF VV DATA FOR A WELL OR TEST HOLE

LINE 1:	30-26-15ADD, 2565, 2496, 2438	
LINE 2:	SDY CLAY, 0, 15	RCOD=0.67
LINE 3:	FINE SAND, 15, 30	Kw=30.8
.	FINE SAND, 30, 60	
.	FINE SAND, 60, 100	
.	SS, 100, 120	
LINE n-1:	CLAY, 120, 127	
LINE n:	/	

EXPLANATION OF LINES IN EXAMPLE

LINE 1: well location (see explanation below), elevation of land surface, elevation of 1940 potentiometric surface, and elevation of bedrock surface respectively. All elevations are listed in feet, to obtain elevations in meters, multiply by 0.3048.

LINE 2: first lithologic unit with depths (feet) to top and bottom of unit, and relative center of distribution (RCOD) of hydraulic conductivity of the saturated portion of the column (between 1940 potentiometric surface and bedrock surface) respectively. To obtain depths in meters,

multiply by 0.3048. A double star symbol (**) for RCOD indicates that the 1940 potentiometric surface is below the bedrock elevation, and therefore unconsolidated materials are unsaturated.

LINE 3: second lithologic unit with depths (feet) to top and bottom of unit, and thickness-weighted hydraulic conductivity (Kw) in ft/day respectively. To obtain Kw in cm/sec, multiply by 3.53×10^{-4} . A double star symbol (**) for Kw indicates that the 1940 potentiometric surface is below the bedrock elevation, and therefore unconsolidated materials are unsaturated.

LINE n-1: last lithologic unit with depths (feet) to top and bottom of unit respectively.

LINE n: end-of-data flag for the given well or test hole.

WELL LOCATION SYSTEM

The well numbers in this report give the locations of wells and test holes according to the Bureau of Land Management's system of land subdivision (Fig. A-1). The first number denotes township; the second number denotes range west of the sixth principal meridian; the third

number denotes the section in which the given well or test hole is located. The first letter indicates the quarter section (160-acre tract); the second letter indicates the quarter-quarter section (40-acre tract); the third letter indicates the quarter-quarter-quarter section (10-acre tract). These tracts are designated A, B, C, and D in a counterclockwise direction from the northeast quadrant.

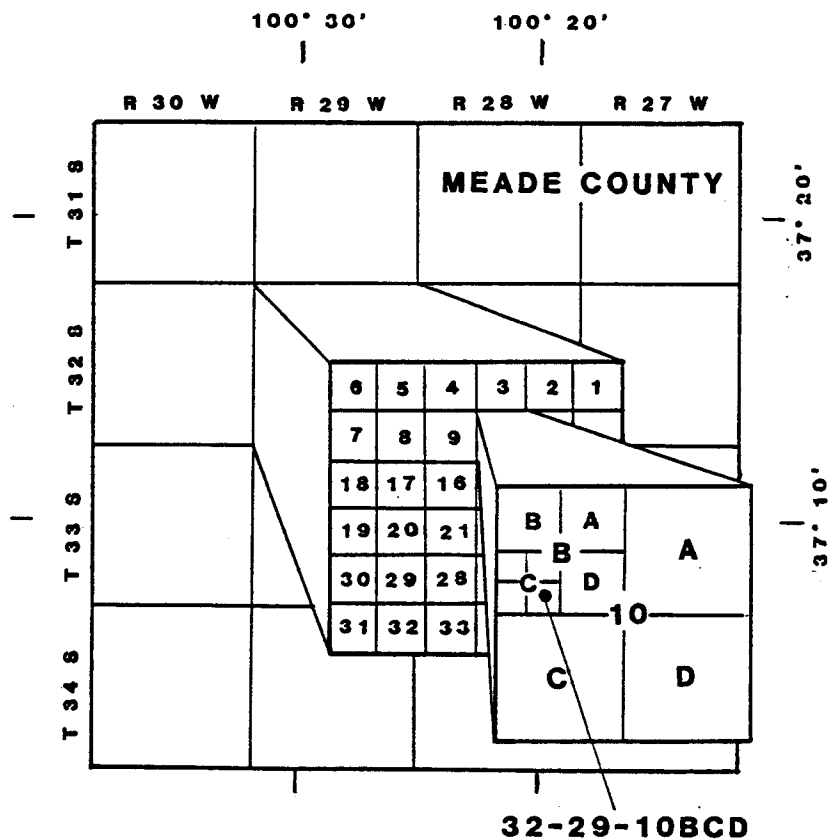


Figure A1 -- System of numbering wells and test holes in Kansas.

30-26-1BDB. 2535. 2505. 2457
 TOP SOIL. 0. 2
 FINE SAND. 2. 16
 FIME SAND. 16. 23
 CLAY. 23. 50
 FINE SAND. 50. 70
 SS. 70. 78

RCOD=0.39
 Kw=24.6

/
 30-26-9A. 2490. 2488. 2136
 CLAY. 0. 43
 MED SAND. 43. 46
 CLAY. 46. 77
 SDGL. 77. 110
 CLAY. 110. 168
 SDGL. 168. 177
 CLAY. 177. 182
 SDGL. 182. 194
 CLAY. 194. 208
 SDGL. 208. 211
 CLAY. 211. 214
 CLY SAND. 214. 240
 SDGL. 240. 258
 CLAY. 258. 260
 SDGL. 260. 263
 SDY CLAY. 263. 300
 SS. 300. 322
 FINE SAND. 322. 333
 SDY CLAY. 333. 341
 SDGL. 341. 344
 CLAY. 344. 354

RCOD=0.49
 Kw=47.0

/
 30-26-15ADD. 2565. 2496. 2438
 SDY CLAY. 0. 15
 FINE SAND. 15. 30
 FIME SAND. 30. 60
 FINE SAND. 60. 100
 SS. 100. 120
 CLAY. 120. 127

RCOD=0.67
 Kw=30.8

/
 30-26-15BBD. 2520. 2492. 2400
 TOP SOIL. 0. 5
 FIMC SAND. 5. 15
 CLAY. 15. 20
 FIMC SAND. 20. 30
 CLY SDGL. 30. 120

RCOD=0.50
 Kw=99.6

30-26-20CA, 2480, 2495, 2240
 TOP SOIL, 0, 2
 CLAY, 2, 54
 FIMC SAND, 54, 82
 CLAY, 82, 96
 FIMC SAND, 96, 112
 SDY CLAY, 112, 115
 FIME SAND, 115, 133
 FIMC SAND, 133, 156
 CLAY, 156, 163
 FINE SAND, 163, 168
 SDGL, 168, 230
 CLAY, 230, 240

RCOD=0.33
 Kw=71.9

/
 30-26-30DDD, 2492, 2471, 2315
 TOP SOIL, 0, 6
 SDY CLAY, 6, 12
 CLY SAND, 12, 60
 SDGL, 60, 70
 CLY SAND, 70, 133
 SDY CLAY, 133, 155
 CLY SAND, 155, 160
 FIMC SAND, 160, 177

RCOD=.45
 Kw=44.7

/
 30-26-31B, 2483, 2470, 2068
 TOP SOIL, 0, 4
 CLAY, 4, 20
 SDGL, 20, 37
 CLY SAND, 37, 75
 CLAY, 75, 95
 FIME SAND, 95, 115
 SDY CLAY, 115, 140
 CLAY, 140, 268
 SDGL, 268, 280
 CORS SAND, 280, 300
 CLAY, 300, 307
 SDGL, 307, 317
 CLAY, 317, 327
 SDGL, 327, 332
 CLAY, 332, 360
 MED SAND, 360, 380
 FINE SAND, 380, 404
 CLAY, 404, 415

RCOD=0.50
 Kw=40.4

/
 30-26-31CD, 2470, 2467, 2128
 TOP SOIL, 0, 6

RCOD=0.57

FINE SAND,	6,	70
SDY CLAY,	70,	93
FIMC SAND,	93,	105
CLY SAND,	105,	131
FIME SAND,	131,	160
CLAY,	160,	180
SDGL,	180,	190
SDY CLAY,	190,	269
CLSS,	269,	318
CLY SDGL,	318,	334
FINE SAND,	334,	342

Kw=36.4

/

30-26-33DDD,	2535,	2480,	2355
TOP SOIL,	0,	3	
CLAY,	3,	14	
MED SAND,	14,	25	
SDY CLAY,	25,	37	
SDGL,	37,	42	
CLAY,	42,	45	
SDGL,	45,	54	
CLY SAND,	54,	63	
MED SAND,	63,	72	
SDY CLAY,	72,	85	
CLY SAND,	85,	92	
CLAY,	92,	115	
CLY SAND,	115,	118	
CLAY,	118,	126	
CLY SAND,	126,	138	
SDY CLAY,	138,	150	
SDGL,	150,	180	

RCOD=0.32

Kw=59.4

/

30-26-36DDD,	2578,	2480,	2395
TOP SOIL,	0,	4	
CLY SAND,	4,	37	
FINE SAND,	37,	70	
SDGL,	70,	78	
SDY CLAY,	78,	170	
CLY SAND,	170,	178	
SDGL,	178,	183	

RCOD=0.25

Kw=22.6

/

30-27-3BCC,	2568,	2540,	2292
CLAY,	0,	32	
SDY CLAY,	32,	72	
FIME SAND,	72,	116	
SDGL,	116,	136	
CLAY,	136,	146	

RCOD=0.43

Kw=67.0

	FIMC SAND,	146,	160	
	CLAY,	160,	168	
	FIMC SAND,	168,	276	
/				
30-27-7BBD,	2582,	2562,	2346	
TOP SOIL,	0,	7		RCOD=0.31
CLAY,	7,	52		Kw=82.7
FINE SAND,	52,	60		
SDY CLAY,	60,	79		
FIME SAND,	79,	168		
SDGL,	168,	236		
/				
30-27-8ADA,	2622,	2548,	2194	
TOP SOIL,	0,	3		RCOD=0.55
CLSS,	3,	16		Kw=71.3
FINE SAND,	16,	30		
CLAY,	30,	34		
SDGL,	34,	45		
CLY SAND,	45,	75		
SDGL,	70,	90		
FINE SAND,	90,	172		
CLAY,	172,	175		
SDGL,	175,	193		
SDY CLAY,	193,	200		
CLY SDGL,	200,	300		
SDY CLAY,	300,	339		
SDGL,	339,	350		
CLSS,	350,	368		
SDGL,	368,	388		
CLAY,	388,	428		
/				
30-27-9BBB,	2610,	2547,	2268	
CLAY,	0,	12		RCOD=0.58
SDGL,	12,	278		Kw=131.3
FIMC SAND,	278,	288		
CLAY,	288,	316		
CLY SAND,	316,	342		
/				
30-27-12DB,	2537,	2523,	2141	
TOP SOIL,	0,	3		RCOD=0.53
CLAY,	3,	35		Kw=76.0
SDGL,	35,	80		
SDY CLAY,	80,	105		
FIME SAND,	105,	157		
FIMC SAND,	157,	225		
CLAY,	225,	230		

	SDGL,	230,	260
SDY	CLAY,	260,	276
	CLAY,	276,	290
	SDGL,	290,	298
	CLAY,	298,	301
	SDGL,	301,	305
	CLAY,	305,	316
	SDGL,	316,	338
	CLAY,	338,	350
	SDGL,	350,	360
	CLAY,	360,	396

/

30-27-15AAB,	2568,	2537,	2196
TOP	SOIL,	0,	2
	CLAY,	2,	31
	CLSS,	31,	111
	CLAY,	111,	155
FINE	SAND,	155,	158
	CLAY,	158,	161
FINE	SAND,	161,	170
	SDGL,	170,	190
	CLAY,	190,	202
CLY	SAND,	202,	215
	SDGL,	215,	255
	SS,	255,	261
	SDGL,	261,	335
	CLAY,	335,	338
FIME	SAND,	338,	356
	CLSS,	356,	372

RCOD=0.34
Kw=74.5

/

30-27-18C,	2625,	2560,	2267
TOP	SOIL,	0,	2
	CLAY,	2,	7
SDY	CLAY,	7,	14
CLY	SAND,	14,	26
FINE	SAND,	26,	28
	CLAY,	28,	58
FINE	SAND,	58,	83
	CLAY,	83,	87
SDY	CLAY,	87,	96
FINE	SAND,	96,	108
	SDGL,	108,	132
	CLAY,	132,	182
FINE	SAND,	182,	191
	CLAY,	191,	200
	SDGL,	200,	224

RCOD=0.52
Kw=65.1

	CLAY,	224,	225
	SDGL,	225,	238
CLY	SAND,	238,	242
CEMT	SAND,	242,	245
	CLAY,	245,	250
	SDGL,	250,	258
	CLAY,	258,	270
	SDGL,	270,	300
	CLAY,	300,	305
CEMT	SAND,	305,	315
	CLAY,	315,	358

/	30-27-22DCB,	2519,	2530,	2136
	TOP SOIL,	0,	3	
	SDY CLAY,	3,	42	
	FINE SAND,	42,	51	
	CLAY,	51,	146	
	FINE SAND,	146,	150	
	CLAY,	150,	154	
	CLY SAND,	154,	199	
	CLAY,	199,	203	
	SDGL,	203,	211	
	SS,	211,	212	
	SDGL,	212,	223	
	SDY CLAY,	223,	246	
	FINE SAND,	246,	255	
	SDY CLAY,	255,	264	
	FIME SAND,	264,	271	
	CLAY,	271,	274	
	FINE SAND,	274,	276	
	SDY CLAY,	276,	297	
	SDGL,	297,	306	
	CLY SDGL,	306,	317	
	SDY CLAY,	317,	336	
	CLY SAND,	336,	355	
	SDGL,	355,	363	
	SDY CLAY,	363,	383	

RCOD=0.37
Kw=35.5

/	30-27-23DCB,	2515,	2515,	2190
	TOP SOIL,	0,	20	
	FIME SAND,	20,	22	
	CLAY,	22,	70	
	CLY SAND,	70,	85	
	SDY CLAY,	85,	94	
	CLY SAND,	94,	100	
	CLAY,	100,	135	

RCOD=0.38
Kw=56.2

CLY SAND,	135,	142
FINE SAND,	142,	162
SDY CLAY,	162,	173
CLY SAND,	173,	177
SDGL,	177,	265
SDGL CLAY,	265,	290
SS,	290,	295
SDGL CLAY,	295,	305
SS,	305,	315
CLAY,	315,	325

/

30-27-28CBB,	2509,	2520,	2114
TOP SOIL,	0,	3	
CLAY,	3,	142	
FINE SAND,	142,	150	
CLAY,	150,	155	
FINE SAND,	155,	159	
SDY CLAY,	159,	173	
MED SAND,	173,	184	
CLAY,	184,	218	
FINE SAND,	218,	224	
CLAY,	224,	253	
SDGL,	253,	266	
CEMT SILT,	266,	281	
SDGL,	281,	288	
CLSS,	288,	330	
CLY SAND,	330,	362	
CLAY,	362,	377	
SDGL,	377,	395	

RCOD=0.29
Kw=28.6

/

30-27-28DAA,	2500,	2515,	2143
SDY CLAY,	0,	195	
CEMT SILT,	195,	204	
FINE SAND,	204,	211	
MED SAND,	211,	227	
FINE SAND,	227,	231	
CEMT SILT,	231,	251	
SDGL,	251,	261	
SDY CLAY,	261,	266	
SDGL,	266,	290	
SDY CLAY,	290,	357	

RCOD=0.28
Kw=28.7

/

30-27-31DDD,	2504,	2510,	2166
TOP SOIL,	0,	6	
FINE SAND,	6,	22	
CLSS,	22,	36	

RCOD=0.45
KW=30.9

	CLAY.	36,	134	
FIME	SAND.	134,	174	
CLY	SAND.	174,	227	
	CLSS,	227,	240	
FINE	SAND,	240,	270	
CEMT	SAND,	270,	289	
FINE	SAND,	289,	300	
	CLSS,	300,	333	
	CLY SAND,	333,	338	
/				
30-27-32D,	2475,	2503,	2114	
TOP	SOIL,	0,	1	
	CLAY,	1,	130	
	SDGL,	130,	155	
	CLAY,	155,	229	
	SDGL,	229,	233	
	CLAY,	233,	272	
	SDGL,	272,	311	
SDY	CLAY,	311,	337	
	CLAY,	337,	361	
/				
30-27-33BCA,	2483,	2504,	2118	
TOP	SOIL,	0,	3	
	CLAY,	3,	114	
	CLSS,	114,	125	
	SDGL,	125,	135	
	CLAY,	135,	150	
CLY	SAND,	150,	157	
LIMY	CLAY,	157,	190	
CLY	SAND,	190,	197	
	CLAY,	197,	211	
FINE	SAND,	211,	216	
LIMY	CLAY,	216,	237	
	SDGL,	237,	240	
LIMY	CLAY,	240,	251	
	SDGL,	251,	264	
LIMY	CLAY,	264,	274	
	SDGL,	274,	280	
LIMY	CLAY,	280,	309	
FINE	SAND,	309,	325	
SDY	CLAY,	325,	335	
CLY	SAND,	335,	345	
	SDGL,	345,	365	
/				
30-27-35DDD,	2485,	2467,	2180	
TOP	SOIL,	0,	8	

RCOD=0.37
Kw=34.6

RCOD=0.30
Kw=34.3

RCOD=0.40

SDY CLAY,	8,	40
FINE SAND,	40,	59
SDY CLAY,	59,	128
FINE SAND,	128,	157
FIME SAND,	157,	179
SDGL,	179,	200
CEMT SAND,	200,	222
CLSS,	222,	253
CEMT SAND,	253,	290
SDGL,	290,	305

Kw=42.2

/

30-27-36CBB,	2468,	2477,	2260
TOP SOIL,	0,		3
CLAY,	3,		16
FIME SAND,	16,		22
CLAY,	22,		26
FIME SAND,	26,		32
CLAY,	32,		93
SDGL,	93,		105
SDY CLAY,	105,		122
SDGL,	122,		128
SDY CLAY,	128,		167
CLSS,	167,		197
SDGL,	197,		208

RCOD=0.40

Kw=32.4

/

30-28-7CBB,	2722,	2606,	2286
TOP SOIL,	0,		4
CLAY,	4,		33
FINE SAND,	33,		81
CLAY,	81,		98
SDGL,	98,		151
CLAY,	151,		156
SDGL,	156,		191
CLAY,	191,		205
SDGL,	205,		338
CLAY,	338,		436

RCOD=0.63

Kw=103.3

/

30-28-19CD,	2725,	2585,	2182
TOP SOIL,	0,		3
CLSS,	3,		40
FIMC SAND,	40,		50
SDGL,	50,		80
CLSS,	80,		120
SDGL,	120,		170
CLAY,	170,		177
SDGL,	177,		220

RCOD=0.55

Kw=94.4

SDY	CLAY,	220,	227	
	SDGL,	227,	245	
	CLAY,	245,	278	
	SDGL,	278,	305	
	CLSS,	305,	313	
FIMC	SAND,	313,	330	
	CLAY,	330,	340	
	SDGL,	340,	351	
SDY	CLAY,	351,	360	
FIMC	SAND,	360,	370	
	CLAY,	370,	385	
	SDGL,	385,	420	
	CLAY,	420,	426	
FIMC	SAND,	426,	460	
	CLAY,	460,	467	
	SS,	467,	500	
	SDGL,	500,	537	
	CLAY,	537,	543	
/				
30-28-20CAC,		2695,	2590,	2260
TOP	SOIL,	0,	2	
	CLAY,	2,	36	
FIME	SAND,	36,	41	
	CLAY,	41,	52	
	SDGL,	52,	80	
CLY	SDGL,	80,	95	
	CLAY,	95,	125	
	SDGL,	125,	185	
CLY	SAND,	185,	215	
	SDGL,	215,	335	
CLY	SDGL,	335,	350	
	SDGL,	350,	410	
SDY	CLAY,	410,	435	
/				
30-28-25BAD,		2577,	2558,	2161
TOP	SOIL,	0,	4	
	CLAY,	4,	172	
	SDGL,	172,	191	
	CLAY,	191,	232	
	SDGL,	232,	244	
	CLAY,	244,	280	
	SDGL,	280,	306	
	CLAY,	306,	314	
	SDGL,	314,	321	
	CLAY,	321,	326	
	SDGL,	326,	331	

RCOD=0.50
Kw=124.2

RCOD=0.41
Kw=31.9

CLAY, 331, 416
 /
 30-28-27BCB, 2645, 2576, 2282
 TOP SOIL, 0, 3
 SDY CLAY, 3, 52
 FINE SAND, 52, 70
 CLAY, 70, 100
 CLY SAND, 100, 125
 SDGL, 125, 231
 SDY CLAY, 231, 259
 SDGL, 259, 293
 CLAY, 293, 317
 SDGL, 317, 360
 CLAY, 360, 363

RCOD=0.46
 Kw=105.9

/
 30-28-29AC, 2680, 2570, 2184
 TOP SOIL, 0, 1
 CLAY, 1, 4
 SDY CLAY, 4, 54
 FINE SAND, 54, 75
 FIMC SAND, 75, 90
 CLAY, 90, 96
 FIMC SAND, 96, 101
 CLAY, 101, 127
 FIMC SAND, 127, 176
 CLAY, 176, 212
 FIMC SAND, 212, 226
 CLAY, 226, 236
 SDGL, 236, 291
 CLAY, 291, 295
 SDGL, 295, 307
 SDY CLAY, 307, 320
 SDGL, 320, 336
 SDY CLAY, 336, 345
 SDGL, 345, 358
 CLAY, 358, 367
 FIMC SAND, 367, 387
 SDY CLAY, 387, 399
 SS, 399, 430
 FINE SAND, 430, 470
 FIMC SAND, 470, 496

RCOD=0.51
 Kw=70.2

/
 30-28-31BB, 2725, 2596, 2255
 TOP SOIL, 0, 3
 CLAY, 3, 37
 FINE SAND, 37, 64

RCOD=0.56
 Kw=129.3

	SDGL,	64,	77	
	CLAY,	77,	93	
	SDGL,	93,	260	
CLY	SDGL,	260,	275	
	CLAY,	275,	290	
	SDGL,	290,	358	
	CLAY,	358,	366	
	SDGL,	366,	386	
SDY	CLAY,	386,	395	
	SDGL,	395,	440	
	CLAY,	440,	470	
/				
30-28-35BB,	2637,	2558,	2153	
TOP	SOIL,	0,	3	RCOD=0.63
	CLSS,	3,	20	Kw=44.3
	LIME,	20,	28	
	CLSS,	28,	64	
FIME	SAND,	64,	100	
FIMC	SAND,	100,	175	
	CLAY,	175,	180	
FIME	SAND,	180,	191	
	CLAY,	191,	200	
FIME	SAND,	200,	218	
	CLAY,	218,	245	
CLY	SAND,	245,	260	
	CLAY,	260,	271	
	SDGL,	271,	289	
	CLAY,	289,	301	
FIME	SAND,	301,	318	
	CLAY,	318,	366	
FIMC	SAND,	366,	399	
	CLAY,	399,	484	
/				
30-28-35BCC,	2640,	2546,	2159	
TOP	SOIL,	0,	3	RCOD=0.51
	CLAY,	3,	8	Kw=46.7
	LIME,	8,	34	
	CLAY,	34,	60	
SDY	CLAY,	60,	69	
FIME	SAND,	69,	90	
FIMC	SAND,	90,	155	
	CLAY,	155,	171	
FIME	SAND,	171,	179	
SDY	CLAY,	179,	200	
FIME	SAND,	200,	215	
	CLAY,	215,	240	

	CLY SAND,	240,	251	
	CLAY,	251,	330	
	SDGL,	330,	341	
	CLAY,	341,	350	
	SDGL,	350,	392	
	SDY CLAY,	392,	400	
	LIME,	400,	421	
	CLAY,	421,	440	
	FINE SAND,	440,	457	
	CLAY,	457,	481	
/				
30-28-36C,	2590,	2530,	2199	
TOP SOIL,	0,	4		RCOD=0.53
CLAY,	4,	127		Kw=43.4
FINE, SAND,	127,	141		
CLY SDGL,	141,	171		
SDGL,	171,	195		
SDY CLAY,	195,	213		
CLAY,	213,	231		
SDGL,	231,	248		
CLAY,	248,	298		
SDGL,	298,	316		
CLAY,	316,	391		
/				
30-29-1ABC,	2665,	2615,	2328	
TOP SOIL,	0,	5		RCOD=0.56
CLAY,	5,	11		Kw=90.4
SDY CLAY,	11,	86		
CLY SAND,	86,	95		
SDGL,	95,	167		
CLAY,	167,	179		
SDGL,	179,	226		
CLY SDGL,	226,	231		
SDGL,	231,	251		
CLY SDGL,	251,	258		
SDY CLAY,	258,	274		
SDGL,	274,	283		
SS,	283,	285		
SDGL,	285,	290		
CLSS,	290,	337		
/				
30-29-8D,	2782,	2635,	2336	
TOP SOIL,	0,	2		RCOD=0.50
CLAY,	2,	5		Kw=158.2
SDY CLAY,	5,	47		
SDGL,	47,	79		

SDY CLAY,	79,	143
SDGL,	143,	391
CLY SDGL,	391,	400
SDGL,	400,	446

/

30-29-15C,	2745,	2618,	2221
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TOP SOIL,	0,	3
SDY CLAY,	3,	12
FINE SAND,	12,	38
FIME SAND,	38,	47
SDGL,	47,	56
SDY CLAY,	56,	103
SDGL,	103,	157
SDGL,	157,	292
CLAY,	292,	306
SDGL,	306,	351
SDY CLAY,	351,	357
FIME SAND,	357,	368
SDY CLAY,	368,	384
SDGL,	384,	389
FIME SAND,	389,	409
SDY CLAY,	409,	416
FIME SAND,	416,	424
SDY CLAY,	424,	454
FINE SAND,	454,	458
SDY CLAY,	458,	476
SS,	476,	516
LIME,	516,	524

RCOD=0.67
Kw=97.4

/

30-29-26ABC,	2748,	2624,	2227
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TOP SOIL,	0,	2
CLAY,	2,	65
SDGL,	65,	77
CLAY,	77,	108
SDGL,	108,	162
CLAY,	162,	195
FIMC SAND,	195,	200
SDGL,	200,	260
FIMC SAND,	260,	282
CLAY,	282,	291
FIMC SAND,	291,	355
CLAY,	355,	373
CEMT SAND,	373,	380
CLAY,	380,	390
FIMC SAND,	390,	401
CLAY,	401,	462

RCOD=0.59
Kw=76.2

	FIME SAND,	462,	475	
	CLAY,	475,	492	
	SDGL,	492,	521	
/				
30-29-32CC,	2744,	2640,	2254	
TOP SOIL,	0,	2		
	CLSS,	2,	40	
FIME SAND,	40,	51		
	CLSS,	51,	78	
	SDGL,	78,	133	
	CLAY,	133,	141	
	SDGL,	141,	166	
CEMT SAND,	166,	180		
FIMC SAND,	180,	186		
SDY CLAY,	186,	191		
	SDGL,	191,	365	
SDY CLAY,	365,	375		
	SDGL,	375,	380	
SDY CLAY,	380,	390		
FIMC SAND,	390,	407		
	LIME,	407,	416	
SDY CLAY,	416,	436		
	CLAY,	436,	485	
	LIME,	485,	490	
/				
30-29-33CCC,	2744,	2615,	2310	
TOP SOIL,	0,	2		
	CLAY,	2,	50	
FIMC SAND,	50,	70		
SDY CLAY,	70,	74		
	SDGL,	74,	99	
	CLAY,	99,	115	
CLY SAND,	115,	158		
	SDGL,	158,	206	
	CLAY,	206,	212	
	SDGL,	212,	250	
	CLAY,	250,	270	
CORS SAND,	270,	310		
	SDGL,	310,	340	
FINE SAND,	340,	360		
	CLSS,	360,	372	
	CLAY,	372,	410	
FIME SAND,	410,	424		
CLY SAND,	424,	434		
/				
30-29-36BBB,	2743,	2600,	2277	

RCOD=0.61
Kw=104.3

RCOD=0.59
Kw=87.0

TOP SOIL,	0,	6
SDY CLAY,	6,	68
SDGL,	68,	81
SDGL,	81,	95
SDY CLAY,	95,	104
SDGL,	104,	131
SS,	131,	133
SDY CLAY,	133,	151
SDGL,	151,	154
SDY CLAY,	154,	165
SDGL,	165,	178
SS,	178,	181
SDGL,	181,	186
CLAY,	186,	199
SDGL,	199,	298
CLAY,	298,	300
SDGL,	300,	316
SS,	316,	318
CLAY,	318,	331
SDGL,	331,	336
CLY SDGL,	336,	350
CLAY,	350,	380
SDGL,	380,	397
CLY SDGL,	397,	428
SDY CLAY,	428,	466

RCOD=0.57
Kw=95.0

/

30-30-5CCC,	2820,	2675,	2365
TOP SOIL,	0,	6	
SDY CLAY,	6,	50	
FIME SAND,	50,	64	
SDGL,	64,	70	
SDY CLAY,	70,	100	
SDGL,	100,	146	
CLY SDGL,	146,	155	
SDGL,	155,	216	
CLY SDGL,	216,	236	
SDGL,	236,	350	
CLAY,	350,	365	
CLY SDGL,	365,	400	
SDGL,	400,	411	
CLY SDGL,	411,	440	
SDY CLAY,	440,	455	

RCOD=0.56
KW=127.1

/

30-30-10B,	2803,	2664,	2353
TOP SOIL,	0,	4	
SDY CLAY,	4,	65	

RCOD=0.49
Kw=112.0

	SDGL,	65,	91
CLY	SDGL,	91,	112
	SDGL,	112,	200
	CLAY,	200,	232
CLY	SDGL,	232,	260
	CLAY,	260,	277
	SDGL,	277,	320
CLY	SDGL,	320,	333
	SDGL,	333,	350
CLY	SDGL,	350,	370
	CLAY,	370,	387
	SDGL,	387,	443
SDY	CLAY,	443,	450

/

30-30-15B,	2812,	2660,	2392
TOP	SOIL,	0,	2
	CLAY,	2,	35
SDY	CLAY,	35,	80
	SDGL,	80,	147
SDY	CLAY,	147,	179
	SDGL,	179,	215
	CLAY,	215,	232
CLY	SDGL,	232,	245
	SDGL,	245,	260
	CLAY,	260,	274
	SDGL,	274,	299
	CLAY,	299,	367
CLY	SDGL,	367,	380
	SDGL,	380,	420

RCOD=0.40
Kw=81.8

/

30-30-17CAC,	2820,	2667,	2333
TOP	SOIL,	0,	1
	CLAY,	1,	37
CLY	SAND,	37,	65
CLY	SDGL,	65,	81
SDY	CLAY,	81,	95
	SDGL,	95,	113
CLY	SDGL,	113,	151
SDY	CLAY,	151,	155
	SDGL,	155,	325
	CLAY,	325,	362
	SDGL,	362,	380
CLY	SDGL,	380,	404
SDY	CLAY,	404,	410
	SDGL,	410,	419
	CLAY,	419,	487

RCOD=0.64
Kw=103.4

/	30-30-19BAA,	2820,	2668,	2296	
	CLAY,	0,	45		RCOD=0.51
	SDGL CLAY,	45,	66		Kw=108.1
	SDGL,	66,	73		
	SDY CLAY,	73,	79		
	SDGL,	79,	86		
	SDY CLAY,	86,	153		
	CEMT SAND,	153,	156		
	FIMC SAND,	156,	226		
	CEMT SILT,	226,	227		
	SDGL,	227,	253		
	LIMY CLAY,	253,	255		
	FINE SAND,	255,	270		
	SDGL,	270,	356		
	CEMT SAND,	356,	357		
	SDGL,	357,	370		
	CLAY,	370,	393		
	SDGL,	393,	400		
	CLAY,	400,	404		
	SDGL,	404,	430		
	CLY SDGL,	430,	495		
	CLY SAND,	495,	515		
	FIMC SAND,	515,	524		
/	30-30-27C,	2785,	2647,	2279	
	TOP SOIL,	0,	2		
	CLAY,	2,	93		RCOD=0.62
	FIMC SAND,	93,	162		Kw=46.8
	FIME SAND,	162,	170		
	CLAY,	170,	173		
	FIME SAND,	173,	198		
	SDY CLAY,	198,	203		
	FINE SAND,	203,	222		
	FIME SAND,	222,	312		
	CEMT SAND,	312,	313		
	CLAY,	313,	342		
	FIME SAND,	342,	387		
	FIMC SAND,	387,	402		
	FIME SAND,	402,	421		
	CLAY,	421,	439		
	LIME,	439,	458		
	CLAY,	458,	506		
/	30-30-28AB,	2801,	2654,	2452	
	TOP SOIL,	0,	2		RCOD=0.49

	CLAY,	2,	8	Kw=63.6
	SDY CLAY,	8,	28	
	CLY SAND,	28,	39	
	CLAY,	39,	47	
FINE	SAND,	47,	78	
	CLAY,	78,	92	
SDY	CLAY,	92,	106	
MED	SAND,	106,	124	
	CLAY,	124,	132	
FINE	SAND,	132,	139	
	CLAY,	139,	156	
MED	SAND,	156,	196	
	CLAY,	196,	207	
FIME	SAND,	207,	227	
	LIME,	227,	228	
SDY	CLAY,	228,	235	
MED	SAND,	235,	327	
	LISD,	327,	338	
FINE	SAND,	338,	345	
	CLAY,	345,	349	
/				
30-30-30BDD,	2815,	2661,	2401	
TOP SOIL,	0,	4	RCOD=0.47	
CLAY,	4,	14	Kw=50.3	
SDY CLAY,	14,	46		
FIME SAND,	46,	54		
CLAY,	54,	82		
CLY SAND,	82,	240		
SDY CLAY,	240,	256		
CLAY,	256,	280		
FIMC SAND,	280,	340		
CLY SAND,	340,	398		
FINE SAND,	398,	414		
/				
30-30-30CC,	2820,	2661,	2311	
TOP SOIL,	0,	2	RCOD=0.65	
CLAY,	2,	40	Kw=61.8	
FIMC SAND,	40,	46		
CLAY,	46,	74		
FIMC SAND,	74,	85		
CLAY,	85,	94		
FIMC SAND,	94,	124		
CLAY,	124,	133		
FIMC SAND,	133,	162		
CLAY,	162,	169		
FIMC SAND,	169,	200		

	SDGL,	200,	205
	CLAY,	205,	215
FIMC	SAND,	215,	235
	CLAY,	235,	240
FIMC	SAND,	240,	280
	CLAY,	280,	332
CLY	SDGL,	332,	421
CLY	SAND,	421,	430
FIMC	SAND,	430,	471
	CLAY,	471,	482
	SS,	482,	509

/

30-30-31	BCC,	2825,	2625,	2285	
TOP	SOIL,	0,	2		RCOD=0.50
	CLSS,	2,	72		Kw=52.4
	CLAY,	72,	100		
FIMC	SAND,	100,	120		
	CLAY,	120,	190		
FIMC	SAND,	190,	205		
	CLAY,	205,	215		
FIME	SAND,	215,	292		
	CLAY,	292,	363		
	SDGL,	363,	414		
	CLAY,	414,	504		
	SDGL,	504,	524		
	SS,	524,	540		

/

30-30-34	ACC,	2773,	2643,	2259	
TOP	SOIL,	0,	2		RCOD=0.65
	CLAY,	2,	26		Kw=55.2
SDY	CLAY,	26,	74		
FIMC	SAND,	74,	98		
	CLAY,	98,	102		
	SDGL,	102,	162		
FIMC	SAND,	162,	232		
	CLAY,	232,	236		
FINE	SAND,	236,	242		
FIME	SAND,	242,	276		
	CLAY,	276,	294		
FIME	SAND,	294,	330		
	CLAY,	330,	334		
CLY	SAND,	334,	352		
	CLAY,	352,	368		
FINE	SAND,	368,	373		
	CLAY,	373,	380		
FINE	SAND,	380,	382		

CLAY, 382, 383
FINE SAND, 383, 412
LISD, 412, 514

31-26-6B.	2485.	2463.	2247	
TOP SOIL.	0.		2	RCOD=0.43
CLAY.	2.		15	Kw=33.0
SDY CLAY.	15.		21	
FIME SAND.	21.		30	
CLAY.	30.		112	
SDGL.	112.		136	
SDY CLAY.	136.		140	
FIMC SAND.	140.		145	
SS.	145.		153	
SDY CLAY.	153.		190	
CEMT SAND.	190.		221	
FIME SAND.	221.		231	
LIME.	231.		238	
/				
31-26-13BBA.	2550.	2440.	2420	
TOP SOIL.	0.		10	RCOD=0.27
CEMT SAND.	0.		40	Kw=82.5
SDGL.	40.		50	
CEMT SAND.	50.		80	
CLAY.	80.		120	
SDGL.	120.		130	
/				
31-26-16BCB.	2525.	2457.	2345	
TOP SOIL.	0.		8	RCOD=0.27
FINE SAND.	8.		21	Kw=24.6
CLAY.	21.		43	
SDY CLAY.	43.		125	
MED SAND.	165.		180	
/				
31-26-23BBB.	2545.	2430.	2390	
FINE SAND.	0.		40	RCOD=0.31
CLSS.	40.		140	Kw=25.0
FINE SAND.	140.		155	
/				
31-26-25ABD.	2457.	2365.	2321	
TOP SOIL.	0.		1	RCOD=0.20
CLY SAND.	1.		11	Kw=52.3
SS.	11.		20	
SDY CLAY.	20.		35	
FIMC SAND.	35.		40	
SDY CLAY.	40.		125	
SDGL.	125.		136	
/				
31-26-26ACC.	2475.	2380.	2300	
TOP SOIL.	0.		5	RCOD=0.22

FIMC SAND.	5.	25	Kw=56.9
CLAY.	25.	38	
SS.	38.	150	
SDGL.	150.	175	
/			
31-26-27CBC.	2490.	2402.	2315
TOP SOIL.	0.	6	RCOD=0.26
FINE SAND.	6.	30	Kw=51.0
CLAY.	30.	80	
SDGL.	80.	85	
CEMT SAND.	85.	148	
CLAY.	148.	155	
SDGL.	155.	175	
/			
31-26-30B.	2521.	2415.	2291
TOP SOIL.	0.	3	RCOD=0.39
CLAY.	3.	97	Kw=23.0
FIMC SAND.	97.	110	
CLAY.	110.	130	
FIMC SAND.	130.	134	
CLAY.	134.	198	
FIMC SAND.	198.	219	
SS.	219.	230	
/			
31-26-31AD.	2503.	2396.	2298
TOP SOIL.	0.	3	RCOD=0.33
CLAY.	3.	158	Kw=39.1
SDGL.	158.	164	
CLAY.	164.	169	
CORS SAND.	169.	181	
SDGL.	181.	190	
CLAY.	190.	205	
/			
31-26-31BA.	2498.	2402.	2306
TOP SOIL.	0.	3	RCOD=0.34
SDY CLAY.	3.	20	Kw=55.5
CLAY.	20.	40	
MED SAND.	40.	60	
CLAY.	60.	70	
SDGL.	70.	76	
CLSS.	76.	80	
SDGL.	80.	92	
CLAY.	92.	100	
CLSS.	100.	120	
CEMT SDGL.	120.	155	
SDGL.	155.	180	

CLAY. 180. 192
 /
 31-26-31DD. 2505. 2393. 2295
 TOP SOIL. 0. 2
 SDY CLAY. 2. 20
 FIME SAND. 20. 40
 CLAY. 40. 60
 FIMC SAND. 60. 100
 CLSS. 100. 120
 FIME SAND. 120. 160
 FIMC SAND. 160. 210

RCOD=0.45
 Kw=70.2

/
 31-27-4DBB. 2475. 2475. 2183
 TOP. SOIL. 0. 3
 CLAY. 3. 100
 SDY CLAY. 100. 105
 SDGL. 105. 142
 CLAY. 142. 156
 SDGL. 156. 165
 CLAY. 165. 175
 CLY SAND. 175. 185
 CLAY. 185. 190
 CLY SAND. 190. 204
 CLSS. 204. 230
 CLY SAND. 230. 270
 MED SAND. 270. 288
 SDGL. 288. 292

RCOD=0.40
 Kw=45.0

/
 31-27-5CDD. 2467. 2480. 2103
 TOP SOIL. 0. 3
 CLAY. 3. 184
 FINE SAND. 184. 186
 SDY CLAY. 186. 199
 SDGL. 199. 224
 SDY CLAY. 224. 229
 SDGL. 229. 241
 CEMT SDGL. 241. 247
 SDY CLAY. 247. 258
 SDGL. 258. 261
 SDY CLAY. 261. 287
 SDGL. 287. 296
 SDY CLAY. 296. 315
 CLY SAND. 315. 357
 SDGL. 357. 360
 SDY CLAY. 360. 364

RCOD=0.41
 Kw=36.5

31-27-6A. 2480. 2485. 2130
 TOP SOIL. 0. 7
 FINE SAND. 7. 16
 CLAY. 16. 126
 FINE SAND. 126. 131
 SDGL. 131. 178
 CLY SAND. 178. 187
 FINE SAND. 187. 201
 CLAY. 201. 239
 SDGL. 239. 246
 CLAY. 246. 254
 SDGL. 254. 263
 CLY SAND. 263. 339
 CLAY. 339. 350

RCOD=0.43
 Kw=47.7

/
 31-27-7CCC. 2470. 2485. 2100
 TOP SOIL. 0. 3
 CLAY. 3. 91
 SS. 91. 98
 CLAY. 98. 129
 FINE SAND. 129. 135
 CLSS. 135. 153
 SS. 153. 154
 CLY SAND. 154. 179
 CLAY. 179. 184
 FINE SAND. 184. 194
 CLAY. 194. 196
 FINE SAND. 196. 204
 SDY CLAY. 204. 221
 CLSS. 221. 233
 SDGL. 233. 246
 CLY SDGL. 246. 261
 SDGL. 261. 263
 CLY SDGL. 263. 268
 SDGL. 268. 286
 CLSS. 286. 318
 SS. 318. 353
 SDY CLAY. 353. 364
 CLY SDGL. 364. 370

RCOD=0.36
 Kw=34.2

/
 31-27-10BDD. 2468. 2465. 2145
 TOP SOIL. 0. 3
 CLAY. 3. 158
 SDGL. 158. 184
 CLAY. 184. 200
 FINE SAND. 200. 215

RCOD=0.42
 Kw=26.8

	CLAY.	215.	218	
FIME	SAND.	218.	242	
	LIME.	242.	255	
SDY	CLAY.	255.	323	
/				
31-27-12ABA.	2470.	2457.	2195	
TOP	SOIL.	0.	3	RCOD=0.28
	CLAY.	3.	137	Kw=29.9
FINE	SAND.	137.	140	
SDY	CLAY.	140.	177	
	SDGL.	177.	185	
CLY	SAND.	185.	193	
	SDGL.	193.	206	
CLY	SDGL.	206.	210	
SDY	CLAY.	210.	241	
CLY	SAND.	241.	259	
	SDGL.	259.	267	
	CLAY.	267.	275	
/				
31-27-14B.	2460.	2447.	2162	
TOP	SOIL.	0.	3	RCOD=0.31
	CLAY.	3.	53	Kw=39.1
CLY	SAND.	53.	57	
	CLAY.	57.	77	
SDY	CLAY.	77.	85	
	CLAY.	85.	109	
FIME	SAND.	109.	113	
SDY	CLAY.	113.	115	
FIME	SAND.	115.	120	
	CLAY.	120.	147	
FIME	SAND.	147.	154	
	CLAY.	154.	192	
	SDGL.	192.	225	
SDY	CLAY.	225.	248	
CLY	SAND.	248.	275	
	CLAY.	275.	277	
	SDGL.	277.	290	
	CLAY.	290.	298	
/				
31-27-14BB.	2460.	2448.	2228	
TOP	SOIL.	0.	3	RCOD=0.32
	CLAY.	3.	118	Kw=55.6
	SDGL.	118.	163	
SDY	CLAY.	163.	180	
CLY	SAND.	180.	205	
	SDGL.	205.	224	

	CLAY.	224.	232	
/				
31-27-18ACB.	2450.	2474.	2151	
TOP	SOIL.	0.	3	RCOD=0.34
	CLAY.	3.	80	Kw=29.5
CLY	SAND.	80.	87	
	CLAY.	87.	158	
	SDGL.	158.	163	
	CLAY.	163.	167	
	SDGL.	167.	171	
SDY	CLAY.	171.	190	
	SDGL.	190.	211	
CLY.	SAND.	211.	217	
SDY	CLAY.	217.	240	
CEMT	SAND.	240.	252	
CLY	SAND.	252.	275	
	CLAY.	275.	292	
	CLY	SDGL.	292.	299
/				
31-27-24CDD.	2502.	2421.	2294	
	CLAY.	0.	24	RCOD=0.59
CLY	SAND.	24.	37	Kw=42.6
SDY	CLAY.	37.	81	
	SDGL.	81.	96	
	CLAY.	96.	112	
MED	SAND.	112.	115	
SDY	CLAY.	115.	160	
CLY	SAND.	160.	195	
SDY	CLAY.	195.	199	
	CLY	SAND.	199.	208
/				
31-27-27CAC.	2483.	2425.	2305	
TOP	SOIL.	0.	2	RCOD=0.31
FIME	SAND.	2.	8	Kw=36.6
SDY	CLAY.	8.	16	
	CLAY.	16.	87	
CLY	SDGL.	87.	98	
	CLAY.	98.	140	
CEMT	SAND.	140.	158	
	SDGL.	158.	174	
	CLAY.	174.	178	
/				
31-27-28CC.	2477.	2425.	2292	
TOP	SOIL.	0.	3	RCOD=0.59
SDY	CLAY.	3.	30	Kw=58.7
	CLAY.	30.	50	

	SDGL.	50.	56	
	CLSS.	56.	60	
	SDGL.	60.	80	
CEMT	SAND.	80.	90	
	CLSS.	90.	106	
	CLAY.	106.	120	
FIMC	SAND.	120.	126	
	CLAY.	126.	135	
FINE	SAND.	135.	160	
	SDGL.	160.	170	
	SS.	170.	180	
	CLAY.	180.	185	
/				
31-27-28D.	2483.	2430.	2295	
TOP	SOIL.	0.	2	RCOD=0.55
SDY	CLAY.	2.	25	Kw=82.1
	CLAY.	25.	45	
	CLSS.	45.	53	
	SDGL.	53.	77	
FIMC	SAND.	77.	90	
	LIME.	90.	100	
FIME	SAND.	100.	117	
	LIME.	117.	140	
FIMC	SAND.	140.	160	
	SDGL.	160.	179	
	CLAY.	179.	188	
/				
31-27-33D.	2497.	2420.	2283	
TOP	SOIL.	0.	12	RCOD=0.30
SDY	CLAY.	12.	160	Kw=19.8
	CLAY.	160.	190	
CLY	SDGL.	190.	207	
	CLAY.	207.	214	
/				
31-28-4BBB.	2640.	2554.	2212	
SDY	CLAY.	0.	8	RCOD=0.39
FIME	SAND.	8.	34	Kw=91.8
CLY	SAND.	34.	40	
MED	SAND.	40.	96	
	CLAY.	96.	101	
FIME	SAND.	101.	119	
FIMC	SAND.	119.	150	
	CLAY.	150.	245	
	SDGL.	245.	263	
	CLAY.	263.	290	
FIME	SAND.	290.	340	

	SDGL.	340.	374
	CLAY.	374.	381
CLY	SDGL.	381.	420
	SDGL.	420.	428

/	31-28-5D.	2670.	2553.	2175
	TOP	SOIL.	0.	3
		CLAY.	3.	10
		CLSS.	10.	21
	FIME	SAND.	21.	56
		CLAY.	56.	72
		SDGL.	72.	168
		CLAY.	168.	175
		SDGL.	175.	226
	FINE	SAND.	226.	243
		CLAY.	243.	290
	FIME	SAND.	290.	317
		CLAY.	317.	321
	FIME	SAND.	321.	334
		CLAY.	334.	341
	FIME	SAND.	341.	360
		SDGL.	360.	368
	FIME	SAND.	368.	382
		CLAY.	382.	387
	FIME	SAND.	387.	397
	SDY	CLAY.	397.	401
	FINE	SAND.	401.	421
		SS.	421.	459
		LIME.	459.	475
		SS.	475.	495

RCOD=0.39
Kw=69.8

/	31-28-5DB.	2680.	2555.	2185
	TOP	SOIL.	0.	3
		CLAY.	3.	10
		CLSS.	10.	21
	FIME	SAND.	21.	56
		CLAY.	56.	72
		SDGL.	72.	168
		CLAY.	168.	175
		SDGL.	175.	226
	FINE	SAND.	226.	243
		CLAY.	243.	290
	FIME	SAND.	290.	317
		CLAY.	317.	321
	FIME	SAND.	321.	334
		CLAY.	334.	341

RCOD=0.67
Kw=68.5

FIME SAND.	341.	360
SDGL.	360.	368
FIMC SAND.	368.	382
CLAY.	382.	387
FIMC SAND.	387.	397
SDY CLAY.	397.	401
FINE SAND.	401.	421
SS.	421.	495

/

31-28-8BBC.	2685.	2557.	2200
TOP SOIL.	0.	5	
SDY CLAY.	5.	43	
SDGL.	43.	48	
SDY CLAY.	48.	71	
SDGL.	71.	199	
CLAY.	199.	201	
SDGL.	201.	234	
CLY SDGL.	234.	246	
CLAY.	246.	260	
SDGL.	260.	277	
CLAY.	277.	303	
SDGL.	303.	320	
CLY SDGL.	320.	334	
SDGL.	334.	361	
SS.	361.	362	
SDGL.	362.	402	
CLY SDGL.	402.	412	
CLY SAND.	412.	425	
SDY CLAY.	425.	440	
CLAY.	440.	456	
SS.	456.	458	
CEMT SAND.	458.	471	
FINE SAND.	471.	482	
SDY CLAY.	482.	485	

RCOD=0.59
Kw=107.5

/

31-28-10BAA.	2635.	2530.	2135
TOP SOIL.	0.	3	
SDY CLAY.	3.	90	
CLY SDGL.	90.	100	
SDGL.	100.	155	
SDY CLAY.	155.	170	
SDGL.	170.	225	
SDY CLAY.	225.	250	
CLAY.	250.	320	
SDGL CLAY.	320.	345	
CLY SDGL.	345.	490	

RCOD=0.54
Kw=82.3

	SDY CLAY.	490.	500	
/				
31-28-28ACC.	2612.	2507.	2327	
	TOP SOIL.	0.	1	RCOD=0.50
	SDY CLAY.	1.	25	Kw=57.4
	FINE SAND.	25.	50	
	CLAY.	50.	55	
	FINE SAND.	55.	70	
	CLAY.	70.	120	
	FIME SAND.	120.	220	
	FINE SAND.	220.	285	
/				
31-28-35A.	2455.	2460.	2085	
	TOP SOIL.	0.	2	RCOD=0.44
	CLAY.	2.	5	Kw=29.1
	FINE SAND.	5.	20	
	FIME SAND.	20.	37	
	CLAY.	37.	120	
	SDY CLAY.	120.	125	
	FIME SAND.	125.	165	
	CLAY.	165.	217	
	SDY CLAY.	217.	260	
	FIMC SAND.	260.	267	
	SDY CLAY.	267.	280	
	LIME.	280.	300	
	FINE SAND.	300.	345	
	SDY CLAY.	345.	350	
	SDGL.	350.	360	
	CLAY.	360.	370	
/				
31-29-4A.	2735.	2605.	2207	
	TOP SOIL.	0.	4	RCOD=0.64
	CLAY.	4.	23	Kw=49.1
	FINE SAND.	23.	54	
	CLAY.	54.	84	
	FIMC SAND.	84.	109	
	CLAY.	109.	123	
	FIMC SAND.	123.	156	
	CLAY.	156.	161	
	FIMC SAND.	161.	245	
	CLAY.	245.	261	
	FIMC SAND.	261.	294	
	CLAY.	294.	306	
	FIMC SAND.	306.	367	
	CLAY.	367.	377	
	FIMC SAND.	377.	398	

	CLAY.	398.	400	
FIMC	SAND.	400.	408	
	CLAY.	408.	528	
/				
31-29-4B.	2732.	2608.	2207	
TOP	SOIL.	0.	4	
SDY	CLAY.	4.	30	RCOD=0.67
FINE	SAND.	30.	46	Kw=58.4
SDY	CLAY.	46.	63	
	CLAY.	63.	92	
FIMC	SAND.	92.	109	
	CLAY.	109.	121	
	SDGL.	121.	152	
	CLAY.	152.	155	
FIMC	SAND.	155.	280	
	CLAY.	280.	294	
FIME	SAND.	294.	370	
FIMC	SAND.	370.	404	
	CLAY.	404.	480	
SDY	CLAY.	480.	519	
	CLAY.	519.	525	
/				
31-29-6A.	2737.	2615.	2267	
TOP	SOIL.	0.	2	
SDY	CLAY.	2.	26	RCOD=0.62
FINE	SAND.	26.	50	Kw=103.9
SDY	CLAY.	50.	70	
	SDGL.	70.	106	
SDY	CLAY.	106.	120	
	SDGL.	120.	230	
FIMC	SAND.	230.	260	
	SDGL.	260.	290	
SDY	CLAY.	290.	315	
	CLAY.	315.	320	
	SDGL.	320.	370	
SDY	CLAY.	370.	380	
FIME	SAND.	380.	386	
CLY	SAND.	386.	393	
SDY	CLAY.	393.	404	
	LISD.	404.	432	
FINE	SAND.	432.	454	
	LISD.	454.	470	
/				
31-29-6BA.	2738.	2618.	2263	
TOP	SOIL.	0.	3	
	CLSS.	3.	30	RCOD=0.64
				Kw=77.7

FIMC SAND.	30.	47
CLAY.	47.	60
SDGL.	60.	110
CLAY.	110.	126
FIME SAND.	126.	133
CLAY.	133.	145
SDGL.	145.	240
FIMC SAND.	240.	296
CLAY.	296.	300
FIMC SAND.	300.	345
SDY CLAY.	345.	348
FIMC SAND.	348.	365
SDY CLAY.	365.	376
FIMC SAND.	376.	390
LIME.	390.	417
FINE SAND.	417.	426
SDY CLAY.	426.	430
SS.	430.	450
CLAY.	450.	475

/			
31-29-9C.	2729.	2603.	2187
TOP SOIL.	0.	4.	
CLSS.	4.	83	
SDGL.	83.	110	
FIME SAND.	110.	125	
CLAY.	125.	130	
FIME SAND.	130.	140	
SDGL.	140.	160	
FIME SAND.	160.	181	
FINE SAND.	181.	191	
CLAY.	191.	202	
FIME SAND.	202.	225	
CLAY.	225.	231	
FIME SAND.	231.	244	
CLAY.	244.	249	
FIME SAND.	249.	268	
CLAY.	268.	278	
FIME SAND.	278.	302	
CLAY.	302.	311	
FINE SAND.	311.	317	
CLAY.	317.	338	
FIME SAND.	338.	360	
FIMC SAND.	360.	382	
FINE SAND.	382.	396	
CLAY.	396.	401	
FINE SAND.	401.	407	

RCOD=0.61
Kw=50.7

	CLAY,	407,	418
FIMC	SAND,	418,	434
	CLAY,	434,	441
FIME	SAND,	441,	454
	CLAY,	454,	458
FIMC	SAND,	458,	465
	CLAY,	465,	490
SDY	CLAY,	490,	520
	CLAY,	520,	542

/

31-29-27BBB,	2702,	2588,	2231
TOP	SOIL,	0,	8
SDY	CLAY,	8,	72
	SDGL,	72,	91
SDY	CLAY,	91,	103
	SDGL,	103,	132
CEMT	SDGL,	132,	136
	SDGL,	136,	149
	CLAY,	149,	166
	SDGL,	166,	258
CLY	SDGL,	258,	267
FIME	SAND,	267,	275
	SDGL,	275,	334
	CLAY,	334,	348
	SDGL,	348,	355
	CLAY,	355,	361
	SDGL,	361,	366
SDY	CLAY,	366,	377
	SDGL,	377,	382
SDY	CLAY,	382,	417
FINE	SAND,	417,	427
SDY	CLAY,	427,	471

RCOD=0.65
Kw=-98.2

/

31-29-30DCC,	2735,	2604,	2272
TOP	SOIL,	0,	3
	CLAY,	3,	101
CEMT	SAND,	101,	115
	SDGL,	115,	141
SDY	CLAY,	141,	150
FIMC	SAND,	150,	190
SDY	CLAY,	190,	231
FIMC	SAND,	231,	240
	SDGL,	240,	359
SDY	CLAY,	359,	362
	SDGL,	362,	371
SDY	CLAY,	371,	380

RCOD=0.51
Kw=91.3

	SDGL.	380.	386	
	SDY CLAY.	386.	410	
	FINE SAND.	410.	438	
	SDY CLAY.	438.	442	
	FINE SAND.	442.	463	
/				
31-29-36ACC.	2692.	2551.	2206	
TOP SOIL.	0.		4	
	CLAY.	4.	83	
	SDGL.	83.	137	
	CLAY.	137.	156	
	SDGL.	156.	202	
CLY SDGL.	202.		213	
	SDGL.	213.	337	
	CLAY.	337.	405	
	SDGL.	405.	412	
SDY CLAY.	412.		417	
CLY SDGL.	417.		431	
SDY CLAY.	431.		486	
/				
31-30-3CD.	2757.	2633.	2264	
TOP SOIL.	0.		2	
	CLSS.	2.	10	
	CLAY.	10.	45	
SDY CLAY.	45.		72	
FIME SAND.	72.		86	
SDY CLAY.	86.		95	
FIME SAND.	95.		115	
	SDGL.	115.	188	
	CLAY.	188.	192	
FIME SAND.	192.		291	
	CLAY.	291.	296	
FIMC SAND.	296.		305	
	SDGL.	305.	320	
FIME SAND.	320.		340	
	SDGL.	340.	367	
	CLAY.	367.	371	
	SDGL.	371.	383	
SDY CLAY.	383.		400	
	CLAY.	400.	455	
SDY CLAY.	455.		475	
	SDGL.	475.	485	
	CLAY.	485.	493	
/				
31-30-4BB.	2783.	2642.	2261	
TOP SOIL.	0.		2	

RCOD=0.64
Kw=92.3

RCOD=0.62
Kw=82.1

RCOD=0.70

	CLSS.	2.	82
MED	SAND,	82.	98
	CLAY.	98.	101
	SDGL.	101.	186
	SDGL.	186.	261
	CLAY.	261.	270
FIME	SAND.	270.	410
	CLAY.	410.	502
	SDGL.	502.	522

Kw=66.4

/	31-30-5BB.	2792.	2648.	2279
	TOP SOIL.	0.		3
	CLSS.	3.		96
	SDGL.	96.		116
	CLAY.	116.		120
	SDGL.	120.		187
	CLAY.	187.		209
	FIMC SAND.	209.		249
	SDGL.	249.		297
	CLAY.	297.		300
	FIMC SAND.	300.		320
	SDGL.	320.		353
	CLAY.	353.		360
	FIMC SAND.	360.		380
	SDY CLAY.	380.		389
	FIMC SAND.	389.		394
	SDY CLAY.	394.		400
	FIMC SAND.	400.		414
	SDY CLAY.	414.		478
	SS.	478.		500
	LIME.	500.		513

RCOD=0.64
Kw=78.8

/	31-30-6BBB.	2805.	2653.	2275
	TOP SOIL.	0.		1
	SDY CLAY.	1.		8
	FIME SAND.	8.		12
	CLY SAND.	12.		97
	SDGL.	97.		108
	CLAY.	108.		110
	SDGL.	110.		342
	CLY SAND.	342.		360
	CLAY.	360.		391
	FIMC SAND.	391.		412
	CLY SAND.	412.		420
	FIMC SAND.	420.		431
	CLY SAND.	431.		450

RCOD=0.65
Kw=99.7

	CLAY.	450.	470	
CLY	SAND,	470.	513	
	CLAY.	513,	530	
/				
31-30-7C,	2792,	2644,	2280	
TOP	SOIL,	0,	4	RCOD=0.58
	CLAY,	4,	40	Kw=67.1
	CLSS,	40,	105	
	SDGL,	105,	116	
	CLAY,	116,	130	
FIME	SAND,	130,	163	
	CLAY,	163,	169	
	SDGL,	169,	192	
FIMC	SAND,	192,	216	
	CLAY,	216,	230	
FIMC	SAND,	230,	300	
	SDGL,	300,	325	
	CLAY,	325,	340	
FIMC	SAND,	340,	356	
	SDY CLAY,	356,	360	
FIMC	SAND,	360,	387	
	SDY CLAY,	387,	396	
FIMC	SAND,	396,	400	
	SDY CLAY,	400,	440	
	CLAY,	440,	460	
FINE	SAND,	460,	475	
	SDY CLAY,	475,	480	
	SDGL,	480,	497	
	CLAY,	497,	500	
	SDY CLAY,	500,	512	
/				
31-30-8BAB,	2787,	2643,	2273	
TOP	SOIL,	0,	2	RCOD=0.56
	CLAY,	2,	60	Kw=97.2
	CLSS,	60,	72	
FIMC	SAND,	75,	90	
	CLAY,	90,	95	
	SDGL,	95,	110	
	CLAY,	110,	119	
	SDGL,	119,	137	
SDY	CLAY,	137,	158	
	SDGL,	158,	206	
SDY	CLAY,	206,	210	
FIMC	SAND,	210,	220	
	SDGL,	220,	246	
	SDY CLAY,	246,	251	

CEMT	SDGL.	251.	258
	SDGL.	258.	278
	SDY CLAY.	278.	289
FIMC	SAND.	289.	310
	SDGL.	310.	335
	SDY CLAY.	335.	345
	SDGL.	345.	396
	SDY CLAY.	396.	420
FINE	SAND.	420.	475
	SDGL.	475.	490
	SDY CLAY.	490.	500
	LIME.	500.	514

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31-30-16A.	2760.	2632.	2255
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TOP	SOIL.	0.	2
	CLAY.	2.	67
FIMC	SAND.	67.	117
	SDGL.	117.	152
	CLAY.	152.	166
FIME	SAND.	166.	207
	CLAY.	207.	221
FIME	SAND.	221.	250
FIMC	SAND.	250.	359
	SDGL.	359.	380
FIMC	SAND.	380.	411
	SDY CLAY.	411.	420
FINE	SAND.	420.	440
	CLAY.	440.	452
FINE	SAND.	452.	460
	CLAY.	460.	473
FINE	SAND.	473.	484
FIME	SAND.	484.	489
	SDY CLAY.	489.	501
	SS.	501.	505

RCOD=0.56
Kw=69.3

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31-30-16DCB.	2762.	2630.	2265
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TOP	SOIL.	0.	2
	CLAY.	2.	75
FIMC	SAND.	75.	85
	SDGL.	85.	95
	CLAY.	95.	107
FIME	SAND.	107.	142
	CLAY.	142.	151
FIME	SAND.	151.	197
CLY	SDGL.	197.	300
	SDGL.	300.	327

RCOD=0.43
Kw=53.0

	CLAY,	327,	334
	CLY SDGL,	334,	345
	SDY CLAY,	345,	367
	SDGL,	367,	393
	SDY CLAY,	393,	397
	FIMC SAND,	397,	405
	SDY CLAY,	405,	426
	CLY SAND,	426,	470
	FIMC SAND,	470,	480
	CLAY,	480,	482
	SDGL,	482,	490
	SDY CLAY,	490,	497

/

31-30-23DCB,	2754,	2617,	2298
TOP SOIL,	0,	3	
CLAY,	3,	81	
CLY SDGL,	81,	119	
SDY CLAY,	119,	146	
CLY SDGL,	146,	161	
SDY CLAY,	161,	171	
CLY SDGL,	171,	241	
CLAY,	241,	247	
FIMC SAND,	247,	261	
SDGL,	261,	318	
CLAY,	318,	391	
SDY CLAY,	391,	420	
FIME SAND,	420,	445	
SDY CLAY,	445,	456	

RCOD=0.60
Kw=67.3

/

31-30-17DDB,	2775,	2634,	2284
TOP SOIL,	0,	2	
SDY CLAY,	2,	80	
SDGL,	80,	160	
CLAY,	160,	198	
SDGL,	198,	231	
CLAY,	231,	248	
SDGL,	248,	258	
SDY CLAY,	258,	261	
SDGL,	261,	394	
LIME,	394,	402	
CLAY,	402,	474	
FINE SAND,	474,	480	
CLAY,	480,	491	

RCOD=0.57
Kw=92.3

/

31-30-20B,	2760,	2634,	2283
TOP SOIL,	0,	3	

RCOD=0.60

SDY CLAY.	3,	59
SDGL,	59,	487
CLAY,	64,	71
FIMC SAND,	71,	78
SDY CLAY,	78,	81
FIME SAND,	81,	97
SDY CLAY,	97,	102
FIMC SAND,	102,	137
CLY SAND,	137,	156
SDGL,	156,	175
SDY CLAY,	175,	189
FIMC SAND,	189,	196
SDY CLAY,	196,	202
FIMC SAND,	202,	269
SDY CLAY,	269,	281
CLAY,	281,	304
FIMC SAND,	304,	342
SDGL,	342,	361
SDY CLAY,	361,	395
LIME,	395,	412
SDY CLAY,	412,	432
FINE SAND,	432,	454
LIME,	454,	477

Kw=55.1

31-30-21DCC.	2757,	2626,	2272
TOP SOIL,	0,	2	
SDY CLAY,	2,	42	
FIME SAND,	42,	45	
CLSS,	45,	100	
FIMC SAND,	100,	107	
CLAY,	107,	138	
FIMC SAND,	138,	185	
SDY CLAY,	185,	196	
FIMC SAND,	196,	220	
SDY CLAY,	220,	245	
SDGL,	245,	340	
SDY CLAY,	340,	360	
SDGL,	360,	370	
SDY CLAY,	370,	420	
CLAY,	420,	440	
SDY CLAY,	440,	470	
SDGL,	470,	485	

RCOD=0.64
Kw=63.5

31-30-24CBC.	2750,	2615,	2255
TOP SOIL,	0,	4	
CLAY,	4,	80	

RCOD=0.56
Kw=86.6

FIMC SAND,	80,	94
SDY CLAY,	94,	110
FIMC SAND,	110,	142
SDY CLAY,	142,	158
FIMC SAND,	158,	192
CEMT SAND,	192,	212
FIMC SAND,	212,	223
SDGL,	223,	358
SDY CLAY,	358,	380
SDGL,	380,	394
SDY CLAY,	394,	455
FINE SAND,	455,	474
SDY CLAY,	474,	480
FINE SAND,	480,	495

/			
31-30-28C,	2754,	2625,	2277
TOP SOIL,	0,	6	
CLAY,	6,	91	
CLY SAND,	91,	152	
SDY CLAY,	152,	198	
FIMC SAND,	198,	208	
CLAY,	208,	232	
FIMC SAND,	232,	260	
CLAY,	260,	270	
FIMC SAND,	270,	317	
CLAY,	317,	340	
CLY SAND,	340,	410	
SDY CLAY,	410,	460	
SDGL,	460,	477	

RCOD=0.45
Kw=44.3

/			
31-30-29CBA,	2765,	2631,	2259
TOP SOIL,	0,	2	
CLY SAND,	2,	26	
CLSS,	26,	53	
CLAY,	53,	94	
SDGL,	94,	124	
CLAY,	124,	163	
FINE SAND,	163,	165	
FIME SAND,	165,	191	
CEMT SAND,	191,	193	
FINE SAND,	193,	194	
CLAY,	194,	212	
FINE SAND,	212,	218	
CLAY,	218,	224	
FIME SAND,	224,	233	
CLAY,	233,	253	

RCOD=0.42
Kw=60.2

FINE SAND,	253,	262
FIMC SAND,	262,	288
CLAY,	288,	293
FIME SAND,	293,	302
CLAY,	302,	312
FIMC SAND,	312,	331
FIME SAND,	331,	362
SDGL,	362,	413
FIME SAND,	413,	422
LIME,	422,	442
CLAY,	442,	472
SDGL,	472,	490
LIME,	490,	506

/

31-30-30BCC,	2773,	2634,	2274
TOP SOIL,	0,	2	
CLAY,	2,	74	
SDGL,	74,	81	
CLAY,	81,	86	
FIME SAND,	86,	96	
CLAY,	96,	105	
SDGL,	105,	140	
SDY CLAY,	140,	150	
FIME SAND,	150,	178	
CLAY,	178,	181	
FIMC SAND,	181,	255	
CLAY,	255,	261	
FIME SAND,	261,	304	
CLAY,	304,	322	
SDY CLAY,	322,	332	
FIME SAND,	332,	372	
SDY CLAY,	372,	378	
FIMC SAND,	378,	383	
SDY CLAY,	383,	396	
SDGL,	396,	402	
SDY CLAY,	402,	419	
CLAY,	419,	470	
SDGL,	470,	488	
CLAY,	488,	499	

RCOD=0.55
Kw=52.7

/

31-30-32D,	2760,	2623,	2242
TOP SOIL,	0,	3	
SDY CLAY,	3,	122	
CLAY,	122,	134	
FIMC SAND,	134,	176	
CLAY,	176,	186	

RCOD=0.49
Kw=51.6

SDY CLAY.	186,	220
CLY SAND,	220,	360
CLAY.	360,	376
SDGL,	376,	400
CLY SAND.	400,	480
FIME SAND,	480,	496
CLAY.	496,	518

/

31-30-34BD.	2763,	2616,	2320
TOP SOIL,	0,	2	
CLAY,	2,	100	
SDY CLAY,	100,	120	
CLAY,	120,	126	
SDGL,	126,	145	
CLAY,	145,	176	
SDGL,	176,	215	
CLAY,	215,	226	
SDGL,	226,	264	
CLAY,	264,	270	
SDGL,	270,	337	
CLAY,	337,	360	
SDGL,	360,	379	
SDY CLAY,	379,	407	
FINE SAND,	407,	420	
CLAY,	420,	443	

RCOD=0.56
Kw=92.8

/

31-30-35BBB.	2760,	2515,	2264
TOP SOIL,	0,	22	
SDY CLAY,	22,	143	
FIMC SAND,	143,	198	
SDY CLAY.	198,	218	
FIMC SAND.	218,	262	
SDY CLAY.	262,	286	
FIMC SAND,	286,	348	
SDY CLAY,	348,	390	
FIMC SAND,	390,	420	
CLAY,	420,	496	

RCOD=0.62
Kw=40.4

32-26-4AAB. 2470. 2379. 2314
 TOP SOIL. 0. 4
 LIMY CLAY. 4. 5
 CEMENT SILT. 5. 8
 CLAY. 8. 23
 SDGL CLAY. 23. 32
 SDGL. 32. 43
 CEMENT SILT. 43. 53
 SDGL. 53. 56
 CLAY. 56. 57
 CEMENT SILT. 57. 117
 SDGL. 117. 124
 CLY SDGL. 124. 156
 CLAY. 156. 159

RCOD=0.38
 Kw=68.4

32-26-9ACA. 2430. 2360. 2254
 TOP SOIL. 0. 2
 CLAY. 2. 20
 CEMENT SAND. 20. 72
 CLAY. 72. 114
 MED SAND. 114. 132
 SDGL. 132. 161
 CEMENT SAND. 161. 176

RCOD=0.34
 Kw=62.5

32-26-9BDD. 2450. 2362. 2374
 FINE SAND. 0. 8
 SDY CLAY. 8. 65
 FINE SAND. 65. 76

RCOD=**
 Kw=**

32-26-13D. 2330. 2290. 2137
 TOP SOIL. 0. 10
 CLAY. 10. 75
 SDY CLAY. 75. 165
 SDGL. 165. 193

RCOD=0.18
 Kw=36.3

32-26-18ABB. 2480. 2359. 2312
 TOP SOIL. 0. 3
 CLAY. 3. 37
 SDY CLAY. 37. 71
 CLAY. 71. 110
 SDY CLAY. 110. 125
 SDGL. 125. 150
 CLAY. 150. 168

RCOD=0.65
 Kw=87.9

32-26-21DDC. 2320. 2305. 2262
 TOP SOIL. 0. 4

RCOD=0.50

	CLAY.	4.	12	Kw=80.0
	MED SAND.	12.	58	
/				
32-26-22DDD.		2295.	2280.	2240
	TOP SOIL.	0.	1	RCOD=0.49
	SDY CLAY.	1.	7	Kw=89.9
	FINE SAND.	7.	28	
	CLAY.	28.	32	
	SDGL.	32.	48	
	SDGL CLAY.	48.	55	
/				
32-27-1AD.		2491.	2395.	2315
	TOP SOIL.	0.	3	RCOD=0.21
	CLAY.	3.	85	Kw=34.4
	FIMC SAND.	85.	92	
	CLAY.	92.	142	
	FIMC SAND.	142.	146	
	CLAY.	146.	152	
	SS.	152.	160	
	SDGL.	160.	173	
	CLAY.	173.	176	
/				
32-27-2ADD.		2500.	2401.	2315
	TOP SOIL.	0.	3	RCOD=0.20
	CLAY.	3.	17	Kw=54.8
	FINE SAND.	17.	19	
	SDY CLAY.	19.	55	
	FINE SAND.	55.	60	
	SDGL.	60.	85	
	CEMT SILT.	85.	86	
	SDGL.	86.	93	
	CLAY.	93.	130	
	SDY CLAY.	130.	140	
	CLAY.	140.	144	
	FINE SAND.	144.	151	
	SDY CLAY.	151.	160	
	SDGL.	160.	185	
/				
32-27-9DC.		2540.	2405.	2305
	TOP SOIL.	0.	2	RCOD=0.35
	CLAY.	2.	98	Kw=60.5
	SDY CLAY.	98.	104	
	CORS SAND.	104.	165	
	CLAY.	165.	195	
	MED SAND.	195.	235	
/				

32-27-10ABA. 2515. 2405. 2315
 TOP SOIL. 0. 10
 CLAY. 10. 60
 SDY CLAY. 60. 160
 CLAY. 160. 180
 CLY SDGL. 180. 190
 SDGL. 190. 200

RCOD=0.18
 Kw=35.6

/
 32-27-15ABB. 2530. 2390. 2315
 SDY CLAY. 0. 25
 CLAY. 25. 75
 MED SAND. 75. 80
 CLAY. 80. 110
 SDGL. 110. 130
 CEMT SAND. 130. 138
 CLAY. 138. 145
 SDY CLAY. 145. 178
 SDGL. 178. 190
 CLAY. 190. 198
 CLY SDGL. 198. 205
 SDGL. 205. 215

RCOD=0.28
 Kw=61.5

/
 32-27-17DAA. 2530. 2403. 2290
 TOP SOIL. 0. 8
 CLAY. 8. 68
 CLY SDGL. 68. 132
 SDY CLAY. 132. 206
 CLY SDGL. 206. 240

RCOD=0.32
 Kw=41.1

/
 32-27-19BB. 2528. 2405. 2278
 TOP SOIL. 0. 2
 CLAY. 2. 63
 SDY CLAY. 63. 115
 FIMC SAND. 115. 160
 FINE SAND. 160. 200
 FIMC SAND. 200. 235
 SDY CLAY. 235. 250

RCOD=0.55
 Kw=62.3

/
 32-27-22CDD. 2487. 2365. 2294
 TOP SOIL. 0. 8
 CLAY. 8. 43
 FIME SAND. 43. 62
 CLAY. 62. 105
 MED SAND. 105. 110
 CLAY. 110. 147
 FIME SAND. 147. 193

RCOD=0.34
 Kw=47.1

/

32-27-25ABD.	2490.	2339.	2292
TOP SOIL.	0.	5	
CLAY.	5.	103	
SDY CLAY.	103.	120	
CEMT SAND.	120.	150	
CLAY.	150.	157	
SDGL.	157.	198	

RCOD=0.42
Kw=137.4

/

32-27-27DCC.	2397.	2353.	2224
TOP SOIL.	0.	5	
CLAY.	5.	20	
FINE SAND.	20.	26	
CLAY.	26.	40	
SDGL.	40.	60	
CLY SDGL.	60.	140	
MED SAND.	140.	165	
CLAY.	165.	170	
MED SAND.	170.	173	

RCOD=0.57
Kw=99.4

/

32-27-30BBA.	2523.	2397.	2298
TOP SOIL.	0.	5	
SDY CLAY.	5.	97	
CLY SAND.	97.	118	
SDY CLAY.	118.	167	
CLY SAND.	167.	198	
SDY CLAY.	198.	225	

RCOD=0.46
Kw=22.5

/

32-27-31DC.	2500.	2375.	2253
TOP SOIL.	0.	2	
CLSS.	2.	6	
LIME.	6.	21	
CLAY.	21.	39	
SDGL.	39.	60	
CLAY.	60.	65	
FIMC SAND.	65.	90	
CLAY.	90.	95	
SDY CLAY.	95.	106	
FIME SAND.	106.	127	
CLAY.	127.	139	
FIME SAND.	139.	160	
CLAY.	160.	165	
SDY CLAY.	165.	184	
SDGL.	184.	190	
CLAY.	190.	210	
SDGL.	210.	247	

RCOD=0.33
Kw=72.7

/
 32-27-33BAB. 2480. 2365. 2310
 TOP SOIL. 0. 10
 SDY CLAY. 10. 35
 SDGL. 35. 42
 CLY SAND. 42. 120
 SS. 120. 137
 SDGL. 137. 170

RCOD=0.38
 Kw=120.0

/
 32-27-34BDB. 2440. 2352. 2290
 TOP SOIL. 0. 4
 FINE SAND. 4. 32
 SDY CLAY. 32. 90
 MED SAND. 90. 150

RCOD=0.49
 Kw=77.7

/
 32-28-1CBB. 2440. 2430. 2126
 TOP SOIL. 0. 3
 FINE SAND. 3. 9
 SDY CLAY. 9. 45
 CLAY. 45. 97
 FINE SAND. 97. 105
 SDGL. 105. 116
 CLAY. 116. 133
 CLY SDGL. 133. 147
 SDY CLAY. 147. 174
 SDGL. 174. 177
 SDY CLAY. 177. 201
 SDGL. 201. 207
 CLAY. 207. 253
 FINE SAND. 253. 262
 CLAY. 262. 294
 CLY SAND. 294. 300
 SDGL. 300. 307
 CLAY. 307. 308
 SDY CLAY. 308. 314

RCOD=0.45
 Kw=28.0

/
 32-28-2A. 2455. 2448. 2084
 TOP SOIL. 0. 2
 CLSS. 2. 16
 CLAY. 16. 159
 SDY CLAY. 159. 170
 CLAY. 170. 200
 SDY CLAY. 200. 231
 FINE SAND. 231. 235
 SDY CLAY. 235. 244
 FIMC SAND. 244. 280

RCOD=0.27
 Kw=27.1

	SDY CLAY.	280.	290	
	FIMC SAND.	290.	299	
	SDY CLAY.	299.	304	
	SDGL.	304.	314	
	SDY CLAY.	314.	321	
	SDGL.	321.	331	
	SDY CLAY.	331.	336	
	LISD.	336.	371	
/				
32-28-4DD.	2540.	2482.	2176	
	CLAY.	0.	5	
	SDY CLAY.	5.	11	
	CLAY.	11.	72	
	SS.	72.	83	
	CLAY.	83.	90	
	CLSS.	90.	115	
	SDY CLAY.	115.	128	
	FIME SAND.	128.	135	
	CLAY.	135.	145	
	FIME SAND.	145.	158	
	CLAY.	158.	160	
	FIME SAND.	160.	173	
	CLAY.	173.	184	
	CLY SAND.	184.	189	
	CLAY.	189.	192	
	FIME SAND.	192.	201	
	CLAY.	201.	212	
	FIME SAND.	212.	217	
	CLAY.	217.	219	
	FIME SAND.	219.	225	
	SDY CLAY.	225.	238	
	FIMC SAND.	238.	240	
	SDY CLAY.	240.	257	
	SDGL.	257.	268	
	CLAY.	268.	270	
	FIME SAND.	270.	285	
	SDY CLAY.	285.	300	
	CLAY.	300.	312	
	FINE SAND.	312.	346	
	LIME.	346.	357	
	FINE SAND.	357.	364	
/				
32-28-10BAA.	2500.	2460.	2090	
	TOP SOIL.	0.	2	
	SDY CLAY.	2.	7	
	CLSS.	7.	65	

RCOD=0.42
Kw=33.3

RCOD=0.37
Kw=34.4

	CLAY.	65.	120
	CLSS.	120.	155
FIME	SAND.	155.	160
SDY	CLAY.	160.	170
FIME	SAND.	170.	175
SDY	CLAY.	175.	180
FIME	SAND.	180.	188
	CLAY.	188.	192
FIMC	SAND.	192.	210
	CLAY.	210.	252
	SDGL.	252.	259
SDY	CLAY.	259.	272
	SDGL.	272.	280
SDY	CLAY.	280.	300
	SDGL.	300.	316
SDY	CLAY.	316.	322
	SDGL.	322.	327
SDY	CLAY.	327.	340
FINE	SAND.	340.	347
SDY	CLAY.	347.	370
	LIME.	370.	400
	SDGL.	400.	410

/

32-28-14DDD.	2510.	2420.	2233
TOP SOIL.	0.		1
CEMT SILT.	1.		40
FINE SAND.	40.		70
	CLAY.	70.	90
CLY SAND.	90.		180
SDY CLAY.	180.		200
	CLAY.	200.	220
CLY SAND.	220.		255
FIME SAND.	255.		277

RCOD=0.55
Kw=35.8

/

32-28-22ADD.	2425.	2420.	1983
TOP SOIL.	0.		3
	CLAY.	3.	35
FINE SAND.	35.		45
	CLAY.	45.	175
	SDGL.	175.	190
	CLAY.	190.	205
CLY SAND.	205.		250
	SDGL.	250.	278
FINE SAND.	278.		282
CLY SDGL.	282.		318
FINE SAND.	318.		321

RCOD=0.30
Kw=63.9

	CLY	SDGL.	321.	411	
		SDGL.	411.	434	
	CLY	SDGL.	434.	442	
/					
32-28-23	CCA.		2415.	2409.	2114
	TOP	SOIL.	0.	3	
		CLAY.	3.	54	
	FINE	SAND.	54.	64	
		SDGL.	64.	73	
		CLAY.	73.	79	
		SDGL.	79.	93	
		CLAY.	93.	121	
		SDGL.	121.	128	
		CLAY.	128.	143	
		SDGL.	143.	179	
	SDY	CLAY.	179.	186	
	CLY	SAND.	186.	206	
	SDY	CLAY.	206.	221	
	FINE	SAND.	221.	240	
	SDY	CLAY.	240.	266	
		SDGL.	266.	301	
/					
32-28-24	CC.		2537.	2385.	2255
	TOP	SOIL.	0.	3	
		CLSS.	3.	75	
	FIMC	SAND.	75.	103	
		CLAY.	103.	142	
		SDGL.	142.	178	
		CLAY.	178.	195	
	SDY	CLAY.	195.	200	
		CLAY.	200.	213	
	FIMC	SAND.	213.	225	
		CLAY.	225.	256	
		SDGL.	256.	275	
	CORS	SAND.	275.	282	
/					
32-28-33	CDA.		2405.	2420.	2071
	TOP	SOIL.	0.	1	
	SDY	CLAY.	1.	23	
		CLAY.	23.	160	
	CEMT	SAND.	160.	210	
		CLAY.	210.	235	
	MED	SAND.	235.	240	
		CLAY.	240.	295	
	FINE	SAND.	295.	300	
		CLSS.	300.	312	

RCOD=0.41
Kw=66.4

RCOD=0.52
Kw=70.3

RCOD=0.40
Kw=10.9

	MED SAND.	312.	318	
	CLAY.	318.	334	
/				
32-28-33DDB.		2393.	2410.	2252
	TOP SOIL.	0.		1
	CLAY.	1.		8
	FINE SAND.	8.		10
	SDY CLAY.	10.		60
	FINE SAND.	60.		75
	SDY CLAY.	75.		105
	MED SAND.	105.		125
	SDY CLAY.	125.		138
	MED SAND.	138.		141
/				
32-28-34BDB.		2410.	2372.	2287
	TOP SOIL.	0.		1
	CLAY.	1.		15
	FINE SAND.	15.		65
	CLAY.	65.		85
	CORS SAND.	85.		108
	CLAY.	108.		115
	CORS SAND.	115.		120
	SDY CLAY.	120.		123
/				
32-28-34CBB.		2410.	2371.	2255
	TOP SOIL.	0.		1
	CLAY.	1.		44
	MED SAND.	44.		60
	CLAY.	60.		84
	MED SAND.	84.		120
	CORS SAND.	120.		140
	CLAY.	140.		144
	MED SAND.	144.		155
/				
32-28-35BDD.		2535.	2377.	2355
	TOP SOIL.	0.		2
	CLAY.	2.		6
	FINE SAND.	6.		25
	SDY CLAY.	25.		35
	MED SAND.	35.		90
	SDY CLAY.	90.		132
	MED SAND.	132.		160
	SDY CLAY.	160.		178
	SDGL.	178.		180
/				
32-28-35CCD.		2540.	2377.	2302

RCOD=0.35
Kw=26.0

RCOD=0.46
Kw=47.5

RCOD=0.43
Kw=60.4

RCOD=0.39
Kw=30.0

TOP SOIL.	0.	8
CEMT SILT.	8.	40
SDY CLAY.	40.	100
FINE SAND.	100.	120
SDY CLAY.	120.	200
MED SAND.	200.	220
CLAY.	220.	238

RCOD=0.43
Kw=27.5

/

32-29-9B.	2700.	2570.	2212
TOP SOIL.	0.	10	
SDY CLAY.	10.	43	
SDGL.	43.	76	
CLAY.	76.	164	
SDGL.	164.	172	
CLAY.	172.	178	
FIME SAND.	178.	185	
SDGL.	185.	198	
SDY CLAY.	198.	216	
SDGL.	216.	380	
SDY CLAY.	380.	488	

RCOD=0.56
Kw=88.1

/

32-29-14DB.	2570.	2542.	2195
TOP SOIL.	0.	20	
CLAY.	20.	40	
SDY CLAY.	40.	60	
FINE SAND.	60.	70	
CEMT SAND.	70.	74	
FCLAY.	74.	140	
SDY CLAY.	140.	200	
CLY SAND.	200.	375	

RCOD=0.34
Kw=30.3

/

32-29-20AAA.	2710.	2566.	2210
TOP SOIL.	0.	3	
SDY CLAY.	3.	7	
CLSS.	7.	41	
SDGL.	41.	57	
CLAY.	57.	85	
SDGL.	85.	109	
CLAY.	109.	119	
FIME SAND.	119.	185	
CLAY.	185.	190	
FIME SAND.	190.	201	
CLAY.	201.	205	
CLY SAND.	205.	210	
CLAY.	210.	212	
FIMC SAND.	212.	225	

RCOD=0.64
Kw=45.7

	CLAY.	225.	227	
CEMT	SAND.	227.	233	
FIMC	SAND.	233.	301	
	CLAY.	301.	311	
CLY	SAND.	311.	317	
	CLAY.	317.	323	
FIMC	SAND.	323.	370	
	CLAY.	370.	374	
FIMC	SAND.	374.	376	
	CLAY.	376.	420	
FIMC	SAND.	420.	430	
	CLAY.	430.	500	
/				
32-29-31ACA.		2705.	2562.	2195
TOP	SOIL.	0.	3	
SDY	CLAY.	3.	112	
FIME	SAND.	112.	120	
SDY	CLAY.	120.	128	
	SDGL.	128.	207	
CLY	SDGL.	207.	213	
SDY	CLAY.	213.	228	
CLY	SDGL.	228.	260	
	SDGL.	260.	287	
CLY	SDGL.	287.	307	
	SDGL.	307.	381	
CLY	SDGL.	381.	410	
	SDGL.	410.	440	
CLY	SDGL.	440.	460	
	CLAY.	460.	472	
CLY	SAND.	472.	510	
/				
32-29-31CB.		2707.	2564.	2247
TOP	SOIL.	0.	2	
	CLAY.	2.	41	
	SDGL.	41.	56	
	CLAY.	56.	70	
FIMC	SAND.	70.	128	
	CLAY.	128.	140	
FIMC	SAND.	140.	259	
	CLAY.	259.	280	
FIMC	SAND.	280.	392	
	CLAY.	392.	405	
SDY	CLAY.	405.	420	
	CLAY.	420.	460	
/				
32-29-32DDD.		2700.	2552.	2212

RCOD=0.55

Kw=119.9

RCOD=0.60

Kw=59.2

TOP SOIL.	0.	3
FINE SAND.	3.	18
CLAY.	18.	92
CLY SAND.	92.	158
SDGL.	158.	220
FIMC SAND.	220.	322
CLAY.	322.	368
CLY SAND.	368.	488

RCOD=0.63
Kw=73.0

/

32-30-2CBA. 2755. 2603. 2273

TOP SOIL.	0.	2
CLAY.	2.	59
SDGL.	59.	64
CLAY.	64.	86
CLY SDGL.	86.	142
FIMC SAND.	142.	167
CLAY.	167.	170
FIME SAND.	170.	180
CLAY.	180.	187
FIME SAND.	187.	202
FIMC SAND.	202.	229
CEMT SAND.	229.	232
FIME SAND.	232.	262
CLAY.	262.	270
FIME SAND.	270.	275
CLAY.	275.	290
FIME SAND.	290.	298
CLAY.	298.	303
FIME SAND.	303.	331
CLAY.	331.	335
FIMC SAND.	335.	365
CLAY.	365.	370
CLY SDGL.	370.	379
SDY CLAY.	379.	385
FIMC SAND.	385.	394
SDY CLAY.	394.	397
CLY SDGL.	397.	402
SDY CLAY.	402.	410
FIMC SAND.	410.	415
SDY CLAY.	415.	417
LIME.	417.	425
SDY CLAY.	425.	442
CLAY.	442.	462
SDY CLAY.	462.	482

RCOD=0.59
Kw=47.7

/

32-30-7B. 2780. 2613. 2300

TOP SOIL.	0.	3
SDY CLAY.	3.	51
FIMC SAND.	51.	77
CEMT SILT.	77.	125
SDGL.	125.	162
CLAY.	162.	170
FIMC SAND.	170.	181
CLAY.	181.	239
FIMC SAND.	239.	330
CLY SDGL.	330.	360
SDGL.	360.	386
CLY SDGL.	386.	401
SDGL.	401.	411
CLAY.	411.	480

RCOD=0.48
Kw=60.9

/
32-30-6DA. 2769. 2625. 2258

TOP SOIL.	0.	3
SDY CLAY.	3.	30
CLSS.	30.	47
SDGL.	47.	60
CLSS.	60.	85
SDGL.	85.	97
CEMT SAND.	97.	100
SDGL.	100.	129
CLSS.	129.	133
SDY CLAY.	133.	145
SDGL.	145.	160
CLAY.	160.	174
SDGL.	174.	194
CLAY.	194.	206
SDGL.	206.	215
SDY CLAY.	215.	220
CLAY.	220.	238
SDGL.	238.	257
SDY CLAY.	257.	262
SDGL.	262.	275
CLAY.	275.	283
SDGL.	283.	320
CLAY.	320.	340
SDGL.	340.	355
CLAY.	355.	380
SDGL.	380.	400
CLAY.	400.	450
FINE SAND.	450.	475
CLAY.	475.	496
FIMC SAND.	496.	511

RCOD=0.60
Kw=74.0

/

32-30-12BBB.	2742.	2594.	2226
TOP SOIL.	0.		3
CLSS.	3.		48
SDGL.	48.		56
CLSS.	56.		80
SDGL.	80.		97
CLAY.	97.		120
SDGL.	120.		186
SDY CLAY.	186.		196
SDGL.	196.		306
CLAY.	306.		310
SDGL.	310.		380
SDY CLAY.	380.		389
FIMC SAND.	389.		396
SDY CLAY.	396.		436
CLAY.	436.		458
FINE SAND.	458.		475
SDY CLAY.	475.		500
FINE SAND.	500.		512
LIME.	512.		516

RCOD=0.49
Kw=59.0

/

32-30-16ABB.	2760.	2605.	2182
TOP SOIL.	0.		3
SDY CLAY.	3.		30
CLAY.	30.		46
SDGL.	46.		58
CLSS.	58.		97
SDGL.	97.		113
CLAY.	113.		121
SDGL.	121.		162
CLAY.	162.		170
SDGL.	170.		206
CLAY.	206.		211
SDGL.	211.		340
SDY CLAY.	340.		346
SDGL.	346.		410
SDY CLAY.	410.		485
LIME.	485.		487
SDY CLAY.	487.		578

RCOD=0.67
Kw=93.5

/

32-30-17A.	2763.	2607.	2252
TOP SOIL.	0.		3
CLAY.	3.		92
FIMC SAND.	92.		97
CLAY.	97.		120

RCOD=0.61
Kw=60.7

	SDGL.	120.	178	
	CLAY.	178.	187	
FIME	SAND.	187.	260	
	CLAY.	260.	275	
FINE	SAND.	275.	290	
FIMC	SAND.	290.	380	
	SDGL.	380.	407	
	CLAY.	407.	511	
/				
32-30-17BC.		2768.	2610.	2254
TOP	SOIL.	0.	3	
	CLSS.	3.	50	
	SDGL.	50.	55	
	CLSS.	55.	97	
	SDGL.	97.	123	
	CLSS.	123.	138	
	SDGL.	138.	223	
	CLAY.	223.	225	
	SDGL.	225.	230	
	CLSS.	230.	235	
	SDGL.	235.	241	
	CLAY.	241.	250	
	SDGL.	250.	276	
SDY	CLAY.	276.	280	
	CLAY.	280.	285	
	SDGL.	285.	398	
	CLAY.	398.	403	
	SDGL.	403.	440	
	CLAY.	440.	514	
/				
32-30-17CC.		2772.	2605.	2256
TOP	SOIL.	0.	3	
SDY	CLAY.	3.	16	
	CLSS.	16.	50	
	SDGL.	50.	96	
	CLSS.	96.	104	
	SDGL.	104.	126	
	CLSS.	126.	140	
	SDGL.	140.	177	
	CLAY.	177.	185	
	SDGL.	185.	210	
	CLAY.	210.	213	
	SDGL.	213.	320	
FIMC	SAND.	320.	326	
	CLAY.	326.	340	
SDY	CLAY.	340.	350	

RCOD=0.59
Kw=114.8

RCOD=0.60
Kw=110.6

SDGL.	350.	416
CLAY.	416.	422
SDGL.	422.	445
CLAY.	445.	458
SS.	458.	516

/

32-30-20ACC.	2767.	2598.	2307
TOP SOIL.	0.	2	
CLAY.	2.	49	
SDY CLAY.	49.	58	
SDGL.	58.	80	
CLAY.	80.	87	
SDGL.	87.	180	
CLY SDGL.	180.	240	
SDGL.	240.	280	
SDY CLAY.	280.	328	
SDGL.	328.	392	
CLY SDGL.	392.	432	
CLAY.	432.	455	
FIMC SAND.	455.	460	

RCOD=0.54
Kw=101.0

/

32-30-22BA.	2747.	2597.	2267
TOP SOIL.	0.	4	
CLAY.	4.	80	
FIMC SAND.	80.	182	
CLAY.	182.	192	
CLY SAND.	192.	386	
CLY SDGL.	386.	438	
SDY CLAY.	438.	480	

RCOD=0.51
Kw=54.3

/

32-30-21BCC.	2760.	2596.	2245
CLAY.	0.	20	
CLSS.	20.	35	
CLY SAND.	35.	65	
CLSS.	65.	80	
CORS SAND.	80.	95	
SDGL.	95.	110	
CLY SDGL.	110.	125	
CLAY.	125.	140	
CLY SAND.	140.	170	
CLSS.	170.	185	
CLY SAND.	185.	215	
MED SAND.	215.	238	
CLSS.	238.	240	
CLY SAND.	240.	245	
MED SAND.	245.	252	

RCOD=0.55
Kw=52.2

	CLAY.	252.	255	
CLY	SAND.	255.	265	
	SDGL.	265.	275	
CORS	SAND.	275.	290	
CLY	SAND.	290.	365	
CLY	SDGL.	365.	405	
	CLAY.	405.	415	
CLY	SAND.	415.	420	
	CLSS.	420.	425	
	CLAY.	425.	455	
	CLSS.	455.	475	
CLY	SAND.	475.	485	
	CLSS.	485.	490	
CLY	SAND.	490.	515	
/				
32-30-25A.		2721.	2574.	2226
TOP	SOIL.	0.		2
	CLAY.	2.		67
CLY	SDGL.	67.		146
	CLAY.	146.		160
FIMC	SAND.	160.		260
	SDGL.	260.		400
FIMC	SAND.	400.		413
	CLAY.	413.		495
/				
32-30-27C.		2743.	2584.	2249
TOP	SOIL.	0.		4
CLY	SAND.	4.		56
	SDGL.	56.		70
	CLSS.	70.		89
	SDGL.	89.		180
SDY	CLAY.	180.		184
FIMC	SAND.	184.		203
	SS.	203.		204
FIMC	SAND.	204.		260
SDY	CLAY.	260.		266
	SDGL.	266.		280
FIMC	SAND.	280.		289
SDY	CLAY.	289.		310
	SDGL.	310.		410
CLY	SAND.	410.		420
	SDGL.	420.		446
SDY	CLAY.	446.		480
	LIME.	480.		494
/				
32-30-29CAA.		2763.	2593.	2278

RCOD=0.55
Kw=91.5

RCOD=0.52
Kw=100.3

TOP	SOIL.	0.	1
	CLAY.	1.	61
	SDGL.	61.	98
	CLAY.	98.	110
SDY	CLAY.	110.	121
CLY	SDGL.	121.	191
	CLAY.	191.	200
CLY	SDGL.	200.	221
	CLAY.	221.	260
CLY	SDGL.	260.	280
	SDGL.	280.	293
	CLAY.	293.	296
CLY	SDGL.	296.	421
	CLAY.	421.	485

RCOD=0.55
Kw=67.8

/

32-30-31ABB.	2762.	2590.	2235
TOP	SOIL.	0.	2
	CLAY.	2.	42
FIME	SAND.	42.	58
	CLAY.	58.	94
	SDGL.	94.	133
	CLAY.	133.	154
	SDGL.	154.	172
	CLAY.	172.	180
	SDGL.	180.	189
	CLAY.	189.	217
	SDGL.	217.	258
	CLAY.	258.	302
CLY	SDGL.	302.	486
SDY	CLAY.	486.	527

/

RCOD=0.51
Kw=76.6

33-26-3BBC. 2348. 2265. 2269
 TOP SOIL. 0. 2
 SS. 2. 15
 FIMC SAND. 15. 26
 SS. 26. 38
 CLAY. 38. 63
 SDGL. 63. 79

RCOD=**

Kw=**

/
 33-26-6CBD. 2285. 2300. 2248
 TOP SOIL. 0. 2
 FIMC SAND. 2. 37

RCOD=0.47

Kw=75.9

/
 33-26-17BBD. 2220. 2210. 2194
 TOP SOIL. 0. 10
 SDGL. 10. 26

RCOD=0.32

Kw=100.4

/
 33-26-33ABC. 2350. 2240. 2275
 TOP SOIL. 0. 3
 SDY CLAY. 3. 23
 FINE SAND. 23. 40
 SDY CLAY. 40. 62
 SDGL. 62. 75

RCOD=**

Kw=**

/
 33-26-34CAC. 2300. 2229. 2230
 TOP SOIL. 0. 5
 CEMT SAND. 5. 40
 CLAY. 40. 69
 SDGL. 69. 70

RCOD=**

Kw=**

/
 33-27-5CDB. 2410. 2364. 2211
 TOP SOIL. 0. 1
 CLAY. 1. 85
 FINE SAND. 85. 90
 CLAY. 90. 101
 FINE SAND. 101. 111
 FINE SAND. 111. 116
 FIMC SAND. 116. 120
 CLAY. 120. 122
 FINE SAND. 122. 126
 SDY CLAY. 126. 140
 FINE SAND. 140. 160
 SDY CLAY. 160. 162
 FIMC SAND. 162. 199

RCOD=0.32

Kw=42.7

/
 33-27-6DAA. 2465. 2372. 2232
 TOP SOIL. 0. 6

RCOD=0.46

	SDY CLAY.	6.	32		Kw=59.2
	FINE SAND,	32.	37		
	LIME.	37.	40		
	CLY SAND.	40.	160		
	FIMC SAND.	160.	180		
	CLY SAND,	180.	210		
	FIMC SAND,	210.	233		
/					
33-27-15BBB.	2456,	2331.	2270		
	TOP SOIL,	0.	4		RCOD=0.50
	CLAY.	4.	11		Kw=63.1
	CLY SAND,	11.	34		
	CLSS.	34.	51		
	FINE SAND,	51.	147		
	SDGL.	147.	155		
	CEMT SAND,	155.	169		
	FIME SAND,	169.	186		
/					
33-27-17B.	2470,	2351.	2260		
	TOP SOIL,	0.	3		RCOD=0.40
	CLAY,	3.	14		Kw=129.0
	SDY CLAY,	14.	76		
	CLAY.	76.	118		
	SDY CLAY,	118.	137		
	SDGL.	137.	210		
/					
33-27-26DDB.	2440,	2295.	2250		
	TOP SOIL.	0.	2		RCOD=0.43
	CEMT SILT.	2.	161		Kw=36.8
	MED SAND,	161.	175		
	CLAY.	175.	186		
	MED SAND.	186.	190		
/					
33-27-28AB.	2468,	2325.	2258		
	TOP SOIL,	0.	2		RCOD=0.44
	CLAY.	2.	45		Kw=70.6
	CEMT SILT,	45.	62		
	CLAY.	62.	135		
	SDY CLAY.	135.	152		
	FIMC SAND,	152.	210		
/					
33-27-30DC.	2430,	2340.	2290		
	TOP SOIL,	0.	2		RCOD=0.44
	SDY CLAY,	2.	18		Kw=70.0
	FIMC SAND,	18.	40		
	SDY CLAY,	40.	90		

	CLY SAND,	90,	110	
	FIMC SAND,	110,	135	
	CLY SDGL,	135,	140	
/				
33-27-35AAC,	2452,	2298,	2262	
	TOP SOIL,	0,	2	RCOD=0.42
	CEMT SILT,	2,	161	Kw=66.4
	MED SAND,	161,	190	
/				
33-28-2BAC,	2530,	2378,	2302	
	TOP SOIL,	0,	2	RCOD=0.44
	CEMT SILT,	2,	40	Kw=65.0
	CLAY,	40,	75	
	MED SAND,	75,	110	
	SDY CLAY,	110,	150	
	FINE SAND,	150,	190	
	MED SAND,	190,	228	
/				
33-28-2DBD,	2515,	2380,	2240	
	TOP SOIL,	0,	2	RCOD=0.54
	CEMT SILT,	2,	60	Kw=36.6
	CLAY,	60,	160	
	FINE SAND,	160,	175	
	MED SAND,	175,	220	
	CLAY,	220,	270	
	MED SAND,	270,	275	
/				
33-28-3ABD,	2505,	2374,	2312	
	TOP SOIL,	0,	1	RCOD=0.41
	CLSS,	1,	30	Kw=56.5
	FINE SAND,	30,	40	
	CLAY,	40,	65	
	MED SAND,	65,	85	
	SDY CLAY,	85,	140	
	FINE SAND,	140,	155	
	FIME SAND,	155,	193	
/				
33-28-3CAA,	2500,	2373,	2345	
	TOP SOIL,	0,	1	RCOD=0.50
	FINE SAND,	1,	20	Kw=70.0
	CLAY,	20,	40	
	MED SAND,	40,	60	
	SDY CLAY,	60,	100	
	FIME SAND,	100,	155	
/				
33-28-4DAC,	2440,	2367,	2339	

TOP SOIL,	0,	3	RCOD=0.55
SDY CLAY,	3,	45	Kw=72.0
FINE SAND,	45,	60	
CEMT SILT,	60,	62	
FIMC SAND,	62,	98	
CLAY,	98,	101	
/			
33-28-8D,	2400,	2390,	2295
SDY CLAY,	0,	10	RCOD=0.28
FIME SAND,	10,	20	Kw=68.9
CLAY,	20,	30	
CLY SAND,	30,	70	
SDGL,	70,	105	
/			
33-28-9ABA,	2412,	2367,	2362
TOP SOIL,	0,	1	RCOD=0.50
CLAY,	1,	2	Kw=80.0
FINE SAND,	2,	15	
CLAY,	15,	20	
MED SAND,	20,	50	
/			
33-28-9ADB,	2440,	2366,	2304
TOP SOIL,	0,	3	RCOD=0.29
MED SAND,	3,	15	Kw=31.6
CLAY,	15,	62	
FINE SAND,	62,	70	
CLAY,	70,	95	
FINE SAND,	95,	105	
CLAY,	105,	120	
MED SAND,	120,	136	
/			
33-28-10BBA,	2490,	2370,	2365
TOP SOIL,	0,	4	RCOD=0.50
FINE SAND,	4,	8	Kw=80.0
CLAY,	8,	85	
MED SAND,	85,	125	
/			
33-28-11AA,	2500,	2379,	2264
TOP SOIL,	0,	2	RCOD=0.32
CEMT SILT,	2,	55	Kw=48.3
CLAY,	55,	65	
FINE SAND,	65,	85	
FIMC SAND,	85,	108	
CEMT SILT,	108,	168	
FINE SAND,	168,	180	
FIMC SAND,	180,	236	

/	33-28-11BCC,	2512,	2375,	2319	
	TOP SOIL,	0,	4		RCOD=0.47
	CLAY,	4,	140		Kw=76.0
	MED SAND,	140,	193		
/	33-28-15ADD,	2511,	2372,	2321	
	TOP SOIL,	0,	7		RCOD=0.50
	CLAY,	7,	32		Kw=80.0
	CLY SAND,	32,	75		
	CLAY,	75,	85		
	CLY SAND,	85,	140		
	FIMC SAND,	140,	190		
/	33-28-18DD,	2440,	2390,	2161	
	TOP SOIL,	0,	6		RCOD=0.40
	FIME SAND,	6,	12		Kw=84.0
	CLAY,	12,	66		
	CLY SAND,	66,	71		
	SDGL,	71,	95		
	CLAY,	95,	120		
	SDGL,	120,	128		
	CLAY,	128,	162		
	CLY SDGL,	162,	249		
	SDGL,	249,	279		
/	33-28-19DDD,	2375,	2362,	2112	
	CLY SAND,	0,	20		RCOD=0.38
	CLY SDGL,	20,	38		Kw=71.6
	CLAY,	38,	53		
	SDY CLAY,	53,	98		
	MED SAND,	98,	113		
	SDGL,	113,	128		
	MED SAND,	128,	143		
	CLAY,	143,	158		
	CLY SAND,	158,	188		
	SDY CLAY,	188,	203		
	CLY SDGL,	203,	218		
	SDGL,	218,	263		
/	33-28-20AA,	2440,	2359,	2423	
	SDGL,	0,	17		RCOD=**
					Kw=**
/	33-28-20BA,	2360,	2365,	2154	
	CLY SDGL,	0,	19		RCOD=0.43
	FIME SAND,	19,	53		Kw=55.6

	CLAY,	53,	73	
	CLSS,	73,	156	
CLY	SAND,	156,	165	
	SDGL,	165,	201	
	CLAY,	201,	206	
/				
33-28-21ACC,	2503,	2361,	2314	
TOP SOIL,	0,	2		RCOD=0.50
CEMT SILT,	2,	8		Kw=80.0
	CLAY,	8,	23	
SDY CLAY,	23,	87		
FINE SAND,	87,	123		
FIMC SAND,	123,	189		
/				
33-28-22BBC,	2520,	2365,	2310	
TOP SOIL,	0,	2		RCOD=0.50
	CLAY,	2,	15	Kw=80.0
SDY CLAY,	15,	26		
CEMT SILT,	26,	38		
SDY CLAY,	38,	82		
MED SAND,	82,	96		
CEMT SILT,	96,	104		
SDY CLAY,	104,	132		
MED SAND,	132,	210		
/				
33-28-23AAA,	2500,	2370,	2305	
TOP SOIL,	0,	8		RCOD=0.65
	CLAY,	8,	43	Kw=70.8
MED SAND,	43,	55		
	CLAY,	55,	94	
FINE SAND,	94,	110		
	CLAY,	110,	125	
MED SAND,	125,	152		
	CLAY,	152,	160	
MED SAND,	160,	195		
/				
33-28-24BAA,	2495,	2368,	2332	
TOP SOIL,	0,	2		RCOD=0.45
	CLAY,	2,	33	Kw=27.4
FIMC SAND,	33,	55		
	SDGL,	55,	71	
	CLSS,	71,	107	
FIME SAND,	107,	120		
CLY SAND,	120,	129		
	CLAY,	129,	144	
FIME SAND,	144,	155		

	CLAY,	155,	163	
/				
33-28-25ABC,	2465,	2360,	2287	
TOP SOIL,	0,	4		RCOD=0.50
CLAY,	4,	22		Kw=50.0
FIMC SAND,	22,	40		
CLY SAND,	40,	178		
/				
33-28-27BC,	2490,	2359,	2288	
TOP SOIL,	0,	2		RCOD=0.27
CLAY,	2,	42		Kw=35.6
CLSS,	42,	68		
CLAY,	68,	79		
CLSS,	79,	118		
SDY CLAY,	118,	176		
FIMC SAND,	176,	202		
/				
33-29-12DDA,	2470,	2435,	2110	
CLAY,	0,	20		RCOD=0.30
SDY CLAY,	20,	60		Kw=18.9
CLAY,	60,	200		
SDY CLAY,	200,	220		
FIME SAND,	220,	240		
CLAY,	240,	280		
FIME SAND,	280,	320		
SDY CLAY,	320,	340		
/				
33-29-14CB,	2500,	2491,	2149	
FIME SAND,	0,	11		RCOD=0.41
CLY SAND,	11,	30		Kw=120.0
SDGL,	30,	56		
CLSS,	56,	100		
FIME SAND,	100,	150		
CLAY,	150,	152		
SDGL,	152,	351		
/				
33-29-18A,	2700,	2542,	2337	
CLAY,	0,	59		RCOD=0.50
FIME SAND,	59,	74		Kw=45.3
CLAY,	74,	101		
FIME SAND,	101,	164		
CLY SAND,	164,	243		
CLAY,	243,	276		
FIME SAND,	276,	296		
CLY SAND,	296,	363		

33-29-20BAA. 2680, 2535, 2203

SDY CLAY, 0, 4
CLAY, 4, 29
FINE SAND, 29, 48
CLAY, 48, 74
FIMC SAND, 74, 165
CLAY, 165, 170
SDGL, 170, 258
SDY CLAY, 258, 297
FIME SAND, 297, 310
CLY SAND, 310, 360
FIME SAND, 360, 461
CEMT SAND, 461, 477

RCOD=0.59

Kw=81.0

/
33-29-23AD, 2455, 2435, 2191

TOP SOIL, 0, 2
CLY SAND, 2, 19
CLAY, 19, 21
CLY SDGL, 21, 42
CLAY, 42, 180
SDGL, 180, 210
CLAY, 210, 239
SDGL, 239, 264

RCOD=0.34

Kw=47.9

/
33-29-23BB, 2460, 2470, 2170

CLY SAND, 0, 7
CLAY, 7, 52
CLY SAND, 52, 71
FIMC SAND, 71, 108
SDY CLAY, 108, 140
CLAY, 140, 240
SDGL, 240, 260
CLAY, 260, 280
CLY SAND, 280, 290

RCOD=0.46

Kw=31.4

/
33-29-24BBA, 2450, 2440, 2210

TOP SOIL, 0, 5
FINE SAND, 5, 50
CLAY, 50, 135
SDY CLAY, 135, 195
CLAY, 195, 200
SDGL, 200, 205
CLAY, 205, 215
MED SAND, 215, 240

RCOD=0.22

Kw=17.8

/
33-29-25BC, 2445, 2400, 2239

TOP SOIL,	0,	2	RCOD=0.39
CLAY,	2,	62	Kw=33.9
CEMT SILT,	62,	83	
FINE SAND,	83,	111	
CLAY,	111,	126	
FINE SAND,	126,	135	
CLAY,	135,	142	
FINE SAND,	142,	206	
/			
33-29-27BDB,	2530,	2472,	1954
TOP SOIL,	0,	3	RCOD=0.42
SDY CLAY,	3,	294	Kw=45.3
SDGL,	294,	370	
CLY SAND,	370,	390	
SDY CLAY,	390,	414	
SDGL,	414,	436	
CLY SAND,	436,	506	
SDY CLAY,	506,	576	
/			
33-29-30ABC,	2665,	2527,	2192
TOP SOIL,	0,	3	RCOD=0.44
CLSS,	3,	20	Kw=83.4
CLAY,	20,	45	
SDGL,	45,	60	
CLAY,	60,	80	
CLY SDGL,	80,	220	
CLAY,	220,	240	
SDY CLAY,	240,	250	
CLAY,	250,	320	
SDGL,	320,	380	
CLY SDGL,	380,	420	
SDGL CLAY,	420,	440	
SDGL,	440,	473	
/			
33-29-32BCA,	2618,	2513,	2173
CLAY,	0,	90	RCOD=0.39
SDY CLAY,	90,	160	Kw=60.4
CLAY,	160,	180	
MED SAND,	180,	270	
FIME SAND,	270,	330	
CLY SAND,	330,	390	
FINE SAND,	390,	420	
SDGL,	420,	445	
/			
33-30-1BAAA,	2715,	2564,	2210
TOP SOIL,	0,	2	RCOD=0.58

	CLSS,	2,	37		Kw=113.4
	SDGL,	37,	57		
	CLAY,	57,	100		
FIMC	SAND,	100,	108		
	CLAY,	108,	120		
	SDGL,	120,	280		
CLY	SDGL,	280,	299		
SDY	CLAY,	299,	330		
	SDGL,	330,	400		
	CLAY,	400,	440		
	SDGL,	440,	463		
	CLAY,	463,	474		
FIME	SAND,	474,	505		
/					
33-30-1CBBB,	2720,	2563,	2215		
TOP	SOIL,	0,	2		RCOD=0.61
SDY	CLAY,	2,	50		Kw=79.6
	SDGL,	50,	60		
SDY	CLAY,	60,	90		
FIMC	SAND,	90,	102		
	CLAY,	102,	110		
	SDGL,	110,	214		
	CLAY,	214,	217		
	SDGL,	217,	240		
SDY	CLAY,	240,	258		
CLY	SDGL,	258,	280		
SDY	CLAY,	280,	288		
FIMC	SAND,	288,	300		
SDY	CLAY,	300,	330		
FIMC	SAND,	330,	360		
	SDGL,	360,	380		
SDY	CLAY,	380,	416		
CLY	SDGL,	416,	444		
SDY	CLAY,	444,	460		
FINE	SAND,	460,	505		
/					
33-30-6BBC,	2755,	2586,	2223		
TOP	SOIL,	0,	3		RCOD=0.47
SDY	CLAY,	3,	40		Kw=116.6
MED	SAND,	40,	45		
SDY	CLAY,	45,	60		
FIME	SAND,	60,	70		
	CLSS,	70,	78		
	SDGL,	78,	107		
	CLAY,	107,	130		
	SDGL,	130,	158		

SDY CLAY,	158,	163
SDGL,	163,	243
SDY CLAY,	243,	250
CLAY,	250,	280
SDY CLAY,	280,	311
CLY SDGL,	311,	317
CLY SAND,	317,	333
SDGL,	333,	338
SDY CLAY,	338,	347
SDGL,	347,	500
CLY SDGL,	500,	532

/

33-30-8B,	2740,	2564,	2232
TOP SOIL,	0,	4	
CLAY,	4,	86	
CLY SDGL,	86,	162	
CLAY,	162,	192	
SDGL,	192,	220	
CLAY,	220,	232	
SDGL,	232,	266	
CLAY,	266,	280	
CLY SDGL,	280,	330	
CLAY,	330,	336	
SDGL,	336,	348	
CLAY,	348,	380	
CLY SDGL,	380,	398	
SDY CLAY,	398,	432	
FIME SAND,	432,	450	
SDY CLAY,	450,	490	
FIMC SAND,	490,	508	

RCOD=0.61
Kw=67.7

/

33-30-12BA,	2700,	2557,	2230
TOP SOIL,	0,	2	
CLSS,	2,	45	
FIMC SAND,	45,	56	
CLSS,	56,	66	
FIMC SAND,	66,	87	
SDY CLAY,	87,	96	
FIMC SAND,	96,	233	
SDY CLAY,	233,	270	
FIME SAND,	270,	280	
FIMC SAND,	280,	340	
FIME SAND,	340,	360	
FIMC SAND,	360,	380	
FIME SAND,	380,	390	
SDY CLAY,	390,	397	

RCOD=0.54
Kw=60.6

FIMC SAND,	397,	405
FINE SAND,	405,	420
FIMC SAND,	420,	430
LIME,	430,	450
SDY CLAY,	450,	460
FINE SAND,	460,	470

/			
33-30-12CC,	2712,	2550,	2206
TOP SOIL,	0,		2
CLSS,	2,		50
FIMC SAND,	50,		270
SDY CLAY,	270,		280
FIMC SAND,	280,		292
SDY CLAY,	292,		317
FIMC SAND,	317,		407
SDY CLAY,	407,		506

RCOD=0.47
Kw=52.7

/			
33-30-12DDA,	2708,	2548,	2369
TOP SOIL,	0,		2
SDY CLAY,	2,		30
CEMT SILT,	30,		50
MED SAND,	50,		77
SDY CLAY,	77,		115
MED SAND,	115,		320
CLAY,	320,		339

RCOD=0.55
Kw=72.0

/			
33-30-14BBA,	2718,	2551,	2171
TOP SOIL,	0,		3
CLSS,	3,		40
FIME SAND,	40,		51
CLSS,	51,		66
FIME SAND,	66,		98
CLAY,	98,		107
FIME SAND,	107,		280
CLY SDGL,	280,		325
CLAY,	325,		330
FIME SAND,	330,		390
CLAY,	390,		405
FIMC SAND,	405,		425
SDY CLAY,	425,		430
FIME SAND,	430,		440
SDY CLAY,	440,		460
CLAY,	460,		500
FIME SAND,	500,		526
LISD,	526,		537
FIME SAND,	537,		547

RCOD=0.57
Kw=58.7

/				
33-30-22AAA,	2714,	2545,	2367	
TOP SOIL,	0,		5	RCOD=0.50
SDY CLAY,	5,		63	Kw=80.0
CLY SAND,	63,		97	
SDY CLAY,	97,		112	
FIMC SAND,	112,		347	
/				
33-30-24BB,	2705,	2540,	2227	
SDY CLAY,	0,		4	RCOD=0.54
CLAY,	4,		30	Kw=112.7
FIME SAND,	30,		55	
SDGL,	55,		77	
CLAY,	77,		98	
SDGL,	98,		216	
CLAY,	216,		223	
SDGL,	223,		244	
CLAY,	244,		261	
SDGL,	261,		300	
FIME SAND,	300,		320	
SDGL,	320,		357	
CLAY,	357,		399	
SDGL,	399,		460	
CLAY,	460,		478	
/				
33-30-25DAA,	2690,	2526,	2339	
SDY CLAY,	0,		10	RCOD=0.60
CLSS,	10,		53	Kw=62.5
CLY SAND,	53,		61	
SDGL,	61,		110	
CEMT SAND,	110,		115	
MED SAND,	115,		258	
FIME SAND,	258,		312	
SDY CLAY,	312,		351	
/				
33-30-28D,	2705,	2533,	2257	
SDY CLAY,	0,		36	RCOD=0.39
CLAY,	36,		46	Kw=31.7
FINE SAND,	46,		62	
CLAY,	62,		80	
CLY SAND,	80,		108	
CLAY,	108,		112	
CLY SAND,	112,		144	
SDY CLAY,	144,		162	
CLY SAND,	162,		176	
SDY CLAY,	176,		202	

CLAY,	202,	270
CLY SAND,	270,	354
CLAY,	354,	358
CLY SAND,	358,	375
CLAY,	375,	380
CLY SAND,	380,	422
CLAY,	422,	434
CLY SAND,	434,	448

/

33-30-28ACC,	2710,	2536,	2328
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TOP SOIL,	0,	2
FINE SAND,	2,	4
CLAY,	4,	29
FIME SAND,	29,	109
CLAY,	109,	147
CLY SAND,	147,	174
CLAY,	174,	209
CLY SAND,	209,	225
SDGL,	225,	251
CLY SAND,	251,	261
FIMC SAND,	261,	309
CLAY,	309,	320
CLY SAND,	320,	356
FIMC SAND,	356,	382

RCOD=0.47
Kw=64.5

/

33-30-29AB,	2700,	2539,	2158
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TOP SOIL,	0,	2
CLSS,	2,	60
CLAY,	60,	102
SDGL,	102,	179
SDY CLAY,	179,	184
FIME SAND,	184,	221
CLAY,	221,	226
FIME SAND,	226,	231
CLAY,	231,	236
SDGL,	236,	301
CLAY,	301,	308
FIMC SAND,	308,	341
CLAY,	341,	349
FIME SAND,	349,	366
CLAY,	366,	382
SDGL,	382,	404
CLAY,	404,	420
SDY CLAY,	420,	442
FIMC SAND,	442,	448
SDY CLAY,	448,	499

RCOD=0.64
Kw=70.2

	FINE SAND,	499,	509	
	SDY CLAY,	509,	522	
	FINE SAND,	522,	542	
/				
33-30-30AAA,	2708,	2540,	2213	
TOP SOIL,	0,	3		
	CLAY,	3,	43	
CEMT SAND,	43,	49		
FINE SAND,	49,	93		
	SDGL,	93,	147	
	CLAY,	147,	155	
MED SAND,	155,	190		
SDY CLAY,	190,	209		
FIMC SAND,	209,	242		
CLY SAND,	242,	259		
	CLAY,	259,	309	
	SDGL,	309,	377	
	CLAY,	377,	409	
	SDGL,	409,	464	
	CLAY,	464,	495	
/				
33-30-32ACC,	2700,	2526,	2198	
SDY CLAY,	0,	4		
	CLSS,	4,	55	
FIMC SAND,	55,	118		
CLY SAND,	118,	218		
CLY SDGL,	218,	264		
	SDGL,	264,	308	
CLY SAND,	308,	382		
CLY SDGL,	382,	408		
SDY CLAY,	408,	466		
CLY SAND,	466,	502		
/				
33-30-35C,	2700,	2520,	2150	
CLY SAND,	0,	10		
	CLAY,	10,	38	
CLY SAND,	38,	55		
	CLAY,	55,	86	
FIMC SAND,	86,	150		
CLY SAND,	150,	218		
SDY CLAY,	218,	256		
FIMC SAND,	256,	360		
	CLAY,	360,	380	
FIME SAND,	380,	418		
SDY CLAY,	418,	446		
	CLAY,	446,	476	

RCOD=0.45
Kw=78.5

RCOD=0.59
Kw=68.7

RCOD=0.53
Kw=47.3

CLY SAND, 476, 550
/
33-30-35CBA, 2695, 2522, 2395
TOP SOIL, 0, 4
SDY CLAY, 4, 80
CLY SAND, 80, 162
SDY CLAY, 162, 202
CLAY, 202, 222
/ FINE SAND, 222, 300

RCOD=0.34
Kw=46.1

34-26-5BB.	2350.	2276.	2265	
TOP SOIL.	0.		2	RCOD=0.50
SDY CLAY.	2.		55	Kw=80.0
FIMC SAND.	55.		85	
/				
34-26-7BCA.	2442.	2292.	2297	
TOP SOIL.	0.		7	RCOD=**
SDY CLAY.	7.		145	Kw=**
/				
34-26-10ACC.	2195.	2205.	2118	
TOP SOIL.	0.		5	RCOD=0.47
FINE SAND.	5.		30	Kw=35.4
CLAY.	30.		50	
CLY SAND.	50.		77	
/				
34-26-12DDD.	2125.	2100.	1988	
TOP SOIL.	0.		10	RCOD=0.22
CLAY.	10.		85	Kw=60.9
FIME SAND.	85.		105	
SDGL.	105.		137	
/				
34-26-13AA.	2100.	2090.	2013	
TOP SOIL.	0.		2	RCOD=0.50
CLAY.	2.		30	Kw=49.6
CLY SDGL.	30.		65	
SDY CLAY.	65.		87	
/				
34-26-30A.	2297.	2278.	2167	
TOP SOIL.	0.		2	RCOD=0.27
CLAY.	2.		65	Kw=39.5
SDY CLAY.	65.		80	
FIMC SAND.	80.		130	
/				
34-27-2AAA.	2450.	2303.	2278	
TOP SOIL.	0.		3	RCOD=0.30
CLSS.	3.		160	Kw=43.6
MED SAND.	160.		172	
/				
34-27-5CAA.	2295.	2317.	2150	
TOP SOIL.	0.		5	RCOD=0.32
FIMC SAND.	5.		18	Kw=62.9
SDY CLAY.	18.		45	
CLAY.	45.		90	
SDGL.	90.		130	
CLAY.	130.		138	
SDGL.	138.		145	

/	34-27-11BCC.	2420.	2302.	2270	
	TOP SOIL.	0.	7		RCOD=0.50
	CLAY.	7.	30		Kw=20.0
	SDY CLAY.	30.	42		
	CEMT SAND.	42.	150		
/	34-27-13ABC.	2428.	2293.	2208	
	TOP SOIL.	0.	2		RCOD=0.47
	CLAY.	2.	20		Kw=75.9
	SDY CLAY.	20.	40		
	FIMC SAND.	40.	50		
	SDY CLAY.	50.	140		
	FIMC SAND.	140.	220		
/	34-27-13ACA.	2420.	2294.	2233	
	TOP SOIL.	0.	3		RCOD=0.45
	CLAY.	3.	10		Kw=89.2
	FINE SAND.	10.	20		
	SDY CLAY.	20.	112		
	MED SAND.	112.	180		
	SDGL.	180.	187		
/	34-27-16ABC.	2370.	2285.	2235	
	TOP SOIL.	0.	5		RCOD=0.15
	FINE SAND.	5.	76		Kw=27.1
	CLAY.	76.	127		
	SDGL.	127.	134		
/	34-27-23BCA.	2420.	2270.	2360	
	CLY SAND.	0.	40		RCOD=**
	CLAY.	40.	60		Kw=**
/	34-27-27BBB.	2230.	2210.	2215	
	SDY CLAY.	0.	15		RCOD=**
					Kw=**
/	34-28-11BAD.	2330.	2330.	2237	
	TOP SOIL.	0.	5		RCOD=0.37
	FINE SAND.	5.	60		Kw=61.6
	CLAY.	60.	75		
	SDGL.	75.	93		
/	34-28-13DB.	2260.	2267.	2130	
	TOP SOIL.	0.	2		RCOD=0.44
	CLY SAND.	2.	60		Kw=65.5
	FIMC SAND.	60.	130		

/	34-28-15C.	2290.	2300.	2280	
	TOP SOIL.	0.	2		RCOD=0.41
	FINE SAND.	2.	10		Kw=41.0
/	34-28-18A.	2504.	2355.	2329	
	CLSS.	0.	20		RCOD=0.50
	CLAY.	20.	120		Kw=80.0
	CLY SAND.	120.	140		
	FIME SAND.	140.	175		
/	34-28-18BAA.	2515.	2360.	2285	
	SDY CLAY.	0.	20		RCOD=0.33
	CLAY.	20.	158		Kw=86.7
	FIME SAND.	158.	160		
	SDY CLAY.	160.	182		
	SDGL.	182.	195		
	CLAY.	195.	205		
	SDGL.	205.	230		
/	34-28-18CD.	2508.	2365.	2268	
	SDY CLAY.	0.	160		RCOD=0.47
	MED SAND.	160.	200		Kw=55.4
	CLY SAND.	200.	240		
/	34-28-24CCA.	2400.	2275.	2165	
	TOP SOIL.	0.	3		RCOD=0.53
	CLAY.	3.	58		Kw=133.3
	SDY CLAY.	58.	79		
	SDGL.	79.	95		
	CLY SDGL.	95.	137		
	SDGL.	137.	198		
	CLY SDGL.	198.	235		
/	34-28-29BB.	2490.	2363.	2293	
	TOP SOIL.	0.	2		RCOD=0.33
	CLAY.	2.	66		Kw=31.4
	MED SAND.	66.	82		
	CLAY.	82.	156		
	CLY SAND.	156.	183		
	FINE SAND.	183.	197		
/	34-28-29CC.	2472.	2360.	2212	
	SDY CLAY.	0.	185		RCOD=0.31
	FINE SAND.	185.	240		Kw=33.0
	FIME SAND.	240.	260		

/

34-28-32D,	2406,	2372,	2013
TOP SOIL,	0,	5	
CLAY,	5,	40	
CLY SAND,	40,	92	
SDY CLAY,	92,	140	
CLAY,	140,	180	
SDY CLAY,	180,	192	
CLAY,	192,	202	
CLY SDGL,	202,	210	
SDGL,	210,	220	
SDY CLAY,	220,	240	
CLY SDGL,	240,	250	
SDY CLAY,	250,	308	
FINE SAND,	308,	359	
SDY CLAY,	359,	380	
SDGL,	380,	390	
SDY CLAY,	390,	393	

RCOD=0.45
Kw=33.6

/

34-28-33AAA,	2446,	2336,	2212
FIME SAND,	0,	6	
TOP SOIL,	6,	9	
FIME SAND,	9,	15	
CLAY,	15,	17	
MED SAND,	17,	27	
SDY CLAY,	27,	81	
CLSS,	81,	100	
SDGL,	100,	118	
CLAY,	118,	151	
FIME SAND,	151,	200	
CLY SAND,	200,	234	

RCOD=0.49
Kw=53.0

/

34-29-3DBB,	2503,	2410,	2105
TOP SOIL,	0,	2	
CEMT SILT,	2,	12	
SDGL,	12,	31	
CLAY,	31,	203	
CLY SAND,	203,	218	
CLAY,	218,	285	
SDGL,	285,	307	
CLAY,	307,	324	
CLY SAND,	324,	342	
CLAY,	342,	352	
CLY SAND,	352,	360	
CLY SDGL,	360,	389	
CLY SAND,	389,	398	

RCOD=0.28
Kw=32.6

/	34-29-10BB.	2497.	2412.	2097	
	TOP SOIL,	0.	2		RCOD=0.21
	CLAY.	2.	23		Kw=27.8
	CORS SAND,	23.	45		
	SDY CLAY.	45.	84		
	CLAY,	84.	273		
	MED SAND,	273.	313		
	CLY SAND,	313.	390		
	MED SAND,	390.	400		
/	34-29-23BA.	2440.	2370.	2205	
	CLAY,	0.	90		RCOD=0.41
	FIMC SAND,	90.	94		Kw=13.2
	CLAY,	94.	125		
	FIMC SAND,	125.	128		
	CLAY,	128.	215		
	FIMC SAND,	215.	226		
	CLAY,	226.	235		
/	34-29-24CC,	2500.	2360.	2255	
	SDY CLAY,	0.	155		RCOD=0.44
	CORS SAND,	155.	160		Kw=70.5
	MED SAND,	160.	245		
/	34-29-33AA,	2498.	2355.	2015	
	TOP SOIL,	0.	2		RCOD=0.38
	CLAY,	2.	150		Kw=45.1
	CLY SAND,	150.	200		
	CLAY.	200.	320		
	SDGL.	320.	346		
	CLAY.	346.	370		
	FIME SAND,	370.	483		
/	34-29-35AB,	2400.	2335.	2140	
	TOP SOIL,	0.	2		RCOD=0.44
	CLAY,	2.	50		Kw=71.0
	SDY CLAY.	50.	90		
	FIMC SAND.	90.	260		
/	34-29-36AA.	2490.	2350.	2172	
	FIME SAND,	0.	4		RCOD=0.47
	TOP SOIL.	4.	12		Kw=68.7.
	CLY SAND,	12.	74		
	FINE SAND,	74.	79		
	LIME,	79.	90		

	CLAY,	90,	161
	SDGL,	161,	180
FINE	SAND,	180,	230
MED	SAND,	230,	237
CLY	SAND,	237,	253
FIME	SAND,	253,	308
	CLAY,	308,	313
	SDGL,	313,	318

/

34-30-12CAA,	2668,	2492,	2064
FINE	SAND,	0,	4
FIME	SAND,	4,	38
	CLAY,	38,	57
SDY	CLAY,	57,	96
CLY	SDGL,	96,	180
	SDGL,	180,	320
CLY	SAND,	320,	331
	CLAY,	331,	400
CLY	SAND,	400,	446
	SDGL,	446,	460
	CLAY,	460,	467
	SDGL,	467,	498
	CLAY,	498,	510
CLY	SAND,	510,	564
CLY	SDGL,	564,	604

RCOD=0.58
Kw=93.4

/

34-30-13A,	2655,	2470,	2170
SDY	CLAY,	0,	6
	CLAY,	6,	23
	SDGL,	23,	30
	CLAY,	30,	92
CLY	SDGL,	92,	140
	SDGL,	140,	213
CLY	SDGL,	213,	227
	SDGL,	227,	280
SDY	CLAY,	280,	360
FIMC	SAND,	360,	405
SDY	CLAY,	405,	420
	SDGL,	420,	470
SDY	CLAY,	470,	485

RCOD=0.55
Kw=90.2

/

34-30-26DD,	2600,	2440,	2254
SDY	CLAY,	0,	1
	CLSS,	1,	8
	CLAY,	8,	9
	SDGL,	9,	36

RCOD=0.49
Kw=60.8

	CLAY,	36,	53
FINE	SAND,	53,	227
	CLAY,	227,	232
	LIME,	232,	240
	SS,	240,	255
FINE	SAND,	255,	346

35-26-5BBA.	2172.	2160.	2102	RCOD=0.49
FIMC SAND.	0.	40		Kw=60.8
SDGL.	40.	60		
CLAY.	60.	70		
/				
35-26-5CCC.	2155.	2140.	2090	RCOD=0.21
TOP SOIL.	0.	2		Kw=55.0
SDY CLAY.	2.	50		
SDGL.	50.	65		
/				
35-26-9CBA.	2139.	2105.	2089	RCOD=0.50
TOP SOIL.	0.	2		Kw=160.0
SDGL.	2.	50		
/				
35-26-11DBD.	2227.	2180.	2192	RCOD=**
TOP SOIL.	0.	1		Kw=**
MED SAND.	1.	20		
CLAY.	20.	35		
/				
35-27-7BCD.	2342.	2270.	2164	RCOD=0.33
TOP SOIL.	0.	5		Kw=38.9
FINE SAND.	5.	65		
CLAY.	65.	82		
FINE SAND.	82.	89		
SDY CLAY.	89.	130		
MED SAND.	130.	150		
CLAY.	150.	157		
MED SAND.	157.	178		
/				
35-26-15BCB.	2124.	2100.	1949	RCOD=0.34
TOP SOIL.	0.	2		Kw=41.1
FINE SAND.	2.	12		
SDY CLAY.	12.	30		
CLAY.	30.	70		
FINE SAND.	70.	140		
FIME SAND.	140.	175		
/				
35-27-11B.	2297.	2205.	2027	RCOD=0.41
TOP SOIL.	0.	2		Kw=50.6
CLAY.	2.	20		
FINE SAND.	20.	150		
CEMT SILT.	150.	160		
SDY CLAY.	160.	190		
FINE SAND.	190.	220		
CLY SAND.	220.	240		
FIMC SAND.	240.	260		

	SDGL.	260.	270	
/				
35-27-18BCB.	2348.	2260.	2122	
TOP SOIL.	0.	5		RCOD=0.36
FINE SAND.	5.	65		Kw=52.3
CLAY.	65.	80		
FINE SAND.	80.	86		
CLAY.	86.	100		
MED SAND.	100.	106		
CLAY.	106.	135		
MED SAND.	135.	150		
CLAY.	150.	160		
MED SAND.	160.	226		
/				
35-27-12C.	2265.	2185.	2107	
TOP SOIL.	0.	2		RCOD=0.43
CLAY.	2.	95		Kw=56.7
FIMC SAND.	95.	125		
FINE SAND.	125.	148		
MED SAND.	148.	158		
/				
35-28-1DDD.	2340.	2290.	2125	
CLAY.	0.	20		RCOD=0.25
SDY CLAY.	20.	190		Kw=22.7
FINE SAND.	190.	205		
SDGL.	205.	215		
/				
35-28-18ACB.	2274.	2270.	2196	
TOP SOIL.	0.	2		RCOD=0.52
SDGL.	2.	35		Kw=128.6
CLAY.	35.	42		
SDGL.	42.	50		
CLAY.	50.	58		
SDGL.	58.	78		
/				
35-29-1ABB.	2492.	2320.	2212	
TOP SOIL.	0.	3		RCOD=0.39
CLAY.	3.	78		Kw=25.1
FINE SAND.	78.	86		
CLAY.	86.	202		
SDGL.	202.	205		
CLAY.	205.	245		
SDGL.	245.	256		
CLAY.	256.	280		
/				
35-29-10DCC.	2365.	2310.	2171	

TOP SOIL.	0.	2	RCOD=55.3
SDGL.	2.	12	Kw=0.51
CLAY.	12.	73	
CLY SDGL.	73.	104	
CLY SAND.	104.	163	
FINE SAND.	163.	194	
/			
35-29-13AD.	2285.	2278. 2220	
TOP SOIL.	0.	2	RCOD=58.0
FIMC SAND.	2.	25	Kw=0.55
CLAY.	25.	30	
FIMC SAND.	30.	44	
CLAY.	44.	56	
FIMC SAND.	56.	65	
/			
35-29-13B.	2290.	2280. 1935	
SDY CLAY.	0.	30	RCOD=0.46
SDGL.	30.	53	Kw=51.1
CLAY.	53.	110	
CLY SAND.	110.	113	
SDY CLAY.	113.	130	
CLY SAND.	130.	137	
CLAY.	137.	158	
CLY SAND.	158.	172	
CLAY.	172.	215	
SDGL.	215.	268	
SDY CLAY.	268.	282	
SDGL.	282.	300	
CLAY.	300.	355	
/			
35-29-13BCC.	2340.	2310. 2258	
SDY CLAY.	0.	25	RCOD=0.50
MED SAND.	25.	82	Kw=80.0
/			
35-30-3CD.	2475.	2398. 2258	
TOP SOIL.	0.	2	RCOD=0.38
CLAY.	2.	73	Kw=42.6
SDY CLAY.	73.	84	
CLAY.	84.	110	
CLY SAND.	110.	203	
FIMC SAND.	203.	217	
/			
35-30-13AAA.	2349.	2347. 2271	
TOP SOIL.	0.	2	RCOD=0.56
SDGL.	2.	38	Kw=128.4
CLY SDGL.	38.	78	

APPENDIX B

CALIBRATED COMPUTER MODEL

INPUT AND OUTPUT

1 U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY MODULAR FINITE-DIFFERENCE GROUND-WATER MODEL
 ONEADE COUNTY, KANSAS: 2D SIMULATION BY BRIAN G. HANSEN, 7/88. FOR CSM ER-3591. CALIBRATED INPUT/OUTPUT.
 1 LAYERS 22 ROWS 28 COLUMNS
 1 STRESS PERIOD(S) IN SIMULATION
 MODEL TIME UNIT IS DAYS
 OI/O UNITS:
 ELEMENT OF IUNIT: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24
 I/O UNIT: 11 0 0 14 0 0 0 18 19 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
 OBAS1 -- BASIC MODEL PACKAGE. VERSION 1, 12/08/83 INPUT READ FROM UNIT 1
 ARRAYS RHS AND BUFF WILL SHARE MEMORY.
 START HEAD WILL BE SAVED
 5398 ELEMENTS IN X ARRAY ARE USED BY BAS
 5398 ELEMENTS OF X ARRAY USED OUT OF 100000
 OBCF1 -- BLOCK-CENTERED FLOW PACKAGE. VERSION 1, 12/08/83 INPUT READ FROM UNIT 11
 STEADY-STATE SIMULATION
 LAYER AQUIFER TYPE
 1 1
 1233 ELEMENTS IN X ARRAY ARE USED BY BCF
 6831 ELEMENTS OF X ARRAY USED OUT OF 100000
 ORCH1 -- RECHARGE PACKAGE. VERSION 1, 12/08/83 INPUT READ FROM UNIT 18
 OPTION 1 -- RECHARGE TO TOP LAYER
 616 ELEMENTS OF X ARRAY USED FOR RECHARGE
 7447 ELEMENTS OF X ARRAY USED OUT OF 100000
 ORIV1 -- RIVER PACKAGE. VERSION 1, 12/08/83 INPUT READ FROM UNIT 14
 MAXIMUM OF 52 RIVER NODES
 312 ELEMENTS IN X ARRAY ARE USED FOR RIVERS
 7759 ELEMENTS OF X ARRAY USED OUT OF 100000
 OSIP1 -- STRONGLY IMPLICIT PROCEDURE SOLUTION PACKAGE, VERSION 1, 12/08/83 INPUT READ FROM UNIT 19
 MAXIMUM OF 50 ITERATIONS ALLOWED FOR CLOSURE
 5 ITERATION PARAMETERS
 2669 ELEMENTS IN X ARRAY ARE USED BY SIP
 10428 ELEMENTS OF X ARRAY USED OUT OF 100000
 ONEADE COUNTY, KANSAS: 2D SIMULATION BY BRIAN G. HANSEN, 7/88, FOR CSM ER-3591. CALIBRATED INPUT/OUTPUT.
 0

BOUNDARY ARRAY FOR LAYER 1 WILL BE READ ON UNIT 1 USING FORMAT: (40I2)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
0 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0 3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0 5	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0 6	0	0	0	0	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0 7	0	0	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0

[illegible]

AQUIFER HEAD WILL BE SET TO 9999.0 AT ALL NO-FLOW NODES (IBOUND=0).

INITIAL HEAD FOR LAYER 1 WILL BE READ ON UNIT 1 USING FORMAT: (7F11.4)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28		
0 1	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.
	9999.	9999.	9999.	2507.	2503.	2505.	2506.	9999.	9999.	9999.
	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 2	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.
	9999.	2515.	2508.	2498.	2493.	2498.	2505.	2495.	2480.	9999.
	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 3	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	2540.
	2532.	2521.	2506.	2494.	2488.	2494.	2502.	2497.	2473.	2440.
	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 4	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	2570.	2539.	2548.
	2535.	2517.	2502.	2487.	2479.	2482.	2487.	2485.	2462.	2450.
	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 5	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	2592.	2580.	2567.	2549.
	2525.	2504.	2484.	2472.	2464.	2460.	2460.	2460.	2440.	2405.
	2372.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 6	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	2632.	2615.	2599.	2586.	2571.	2550.
	2514.	2485.	2470.	2461.	2452.	2441.	2433.	2426.	2414.	2377.
	2343.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 7	9999.	2670.	2655.	2645.	2631.	2616.	2599.	2585.	2569.	2542.
	2507.	2477.	2460.	2450.	2437.	2425.	2416.	2402.	2387.	2366.
	2336.	2306.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 8	2677.	2668.	2659.	2644.	2632.	2620.	2600.	2583.	2565.	2535.
	2497.	2472.	2447.	2433.	2425.	2416.	2406.	2393.	2366.	2344.

	2319.	2268.	2220.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 9	2674.	2670.	2658.	2641.	2632.	2623.	2603.	2584.	2559.	2538.
	2497.	2462.	2424.	2416.	2410.	2407.	2396.	2378.	2351.	2329.
	2305.	2265.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 10	2677.	2668.	2655.	2638.	2631.	2623.	2605.	2584.	2558.	2538.
	2506.	2460.	2422.	2412.	2405.	2400.	2392.	2365.	2350.	2329.
	2260.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 11	9999.	2662.	2650.	2637.	2630.	2620.	2606.	2580.	2558.	2535.
	2502.	2459.	2426.	2401.	2390.	2387.	2377.	2364.	2348.	2319.
	2265.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 12	9999.	9999.	9999.	2634.	2627.	2618.	2595.	2576.	2560.	2534.
	2496.	2461.	2424.	2394.	2390.	2387.	2377.	2360.	2339.	2319.
	2280.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 13	9999.	9999.	9999.	2630.	2625.	2611.	2593.	2574.	2559.	2539.
	2500.	2462.	2408.	2385.	2381.	2371.	2367.	2360.	2338.	2320.
	2311.	2290.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 14	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	2619.	2607.	2590.	2574.	2555.	2531.
	2514.	2464.	2407.	2391.	2375.	2357.	2338.	2341.	2315.	2300.
	2289.	2273.	2246.	2243.	2250.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 15	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	2609.	2595.	2581.	2568.	2550.	2532.
	2512.	2450.	2399.	2372.	2353.	2339.	2332.	2321.	2292.	2256.
	2232.	2204.	2183.	2163.	2150.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 16	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	2590.	2569.	2559.	2542.	2523.
	2500.	2458.	2411.	2383.	2369.	2353.	2334.	2316.	2296.	2278.
	2268.	2260.	2236.	2209.	2180.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 17	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	2552.	2545.	2530.	2504.
	2487.	2456.	2406.	2383.	2374.	2355.	2334.	2307.	2284.	2274.
	2265.	2260.	2256.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 18	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	2532.	2528.	2515.	2500.
	2476.	2440.	2397.	2378.	2359.	2341.	2333.	2301.	2279.	2272.
	2268.	2253.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 19	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	2511.	2508.	2489.
	2461.	2426.	2388.	2362.	2338.	2312.	2301.	2280.	2268.	2255.
	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 20	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	2490.	2470.
	2442.	2409.	2371.	2342.	2333.	2326.	2330.	9999.	9999.	9999.
	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 21	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	2423.	2410.
	2392.	2376.	2371.	2360.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.
	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 22	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	2414.
	2410.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.
	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		

ODEFAULT OUTPUT CONTROL — THE FOLLOWING OUTPUT COMES AT THE END OF EACH STRESS PERIOD:

TOTAL VOLUMETRIC BUDGET

HEAD

DRAWDOWN

0

COLUMN TO ROW ANISOTROPY = 1.000000

0

DELR WILL BE READ ON UNIT 11 USING FORMAT: (7G11.4)

0 2	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.
	9999.	2200.	2100.	2080.	2275.	2420.	2440.	2450.	9999.	9999.
	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 3	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	2305.
	2250.	2180.	2070.	2080.	2240.	2380.	2405.	2415.	2410.	9999.
	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 4	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	2345.	2320.	2235.
	2200.	2160.	2150.	2095.	2290.	2330.	2360.	2375.	2405.	2435.
	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 5	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	2330.	2330.	2290.	2180.
	2135.	2145.	2180.	2100.	2170.	2250.	2320.	2340.	2335.	2335.
	2350.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 6	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	2320.	2290.	2280.	2280.	2230.	2180.
	2140.	2125.	2125.	2105.	2100.	2230.	2290.	2320.	2330.	2305.
	2290.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 7	9999.	2325.	2325.	2335.	2310.	2230.	2240.	2245.	2175.	2125.
	2150.	2095.	2045.	2100.	2205.	2300.	2315.	2310.	2330.	2300.
	2245.	2200.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 8	2325.	2340.	2340.	2328.	2320.	2255.	2230.	2260.	2165.	2205.
	2240.	2140.	2090.	2175.	2280.	2305.	2320.	2320.	2320.	2300.
	2245.	2225.	2160.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 9	2325.	2365.	2390.	2330.	2315.	2295.	2190.	2140.	2160.	2225.
	2250.	2075.	2125.	2270.	2275.	2290.	2310.	2305.	2300.	2295.
	2275.	2225.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 10	2315.	2340.	2335.	2270.	2305.	2275.	2215.	2255.	2185.	2160.
	2190.	2080.	2175.	2305.	2280.	2295.	2315.	2305.	2290.	2285.
	2245.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 11	9999.	2330.	2275.	2270.	2280.	2285.	2265.	2235.	2220.	2170.
	2170.	2120.	2200.	2245.	2320.	2275.	2275.	2275.	2290.	2300.
	2250.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 12	9999.	9999.	9999.	2280.	2270.	2285.	2250.	2235.	2220.	2175.
	2150.	2125.	2050.	2225.	2335.	2245.	2260.	2270.	2275.	2285.
	2250.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 13	9999.	9999.	9999.	2275.	2260.	2225.	2235.	2225.	2215.	2180.
	2155.	2100.	2100.	2305.	2345.	2315.	2305.	2275.	2270.	2260.
	2270.	2245.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 14	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	2300.	2260.	2250.	2225.	2220.	2195.
	2170.	2160.	2095.	2200.	2335.	2290.	2280.	2270.	2220.	2160.
	2210.	2250.	2175.	2165.	2175.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 15	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	2320.	2295.	2245.	2235.	2285.	2270.
	2175.	2090.	2180.	2100.	2130.	2280.	2275.	2255.	2190.	2140.
	2145.	2175.	2170.	2140.	2140.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 16	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	2270.	2230.	2240.	2285.	2245.
	2150.	2070.	2135.	2090.	2150.	2270.	2270.	2260.	2250.	2220.
	2200.	2150.	2115.	2140.	2140.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 17	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	2220.	2275.	2310.	2200.
	2100.	2075.	2055.	2045.	2200.	2255.	2260.	2200.	2145.	2135.
	2125.	2075.	2040.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 18	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	2195.	2155.	2150.	2175.

0 20	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000		
	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	4.3400E-05	4.3900E-05
	4.3900E-05	4.3900E-05	4.3900E-05	4.3900E-05	4.4500E-05	4.4500E-05	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000
	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000		
0 21	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	4.3900E-05	4.3900E-05
	4.3900E-05	4.3900E-05	4.3900E-05	4.4500E-05	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000
	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000		
0 22	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	4.3900E-05
	4.3900E-05	4.3900E-05	4.3900E-05	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000
	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000		
0										

52 RIVER REACHES

0	LAYER	ROW	COL	STAGE	CONDUCTANCE	BOTTOM ELEVATION	RIVER REACH
	1	2	13	2508.	3902.	2506.	1
	1	2	14	2468.	4877.	2486.	2
	1	3	14	2475.	4877.	2473.	3
	1	4	15	2467.	4877.	2465.	4
	1	5	15	2458.	5173.	2456.	5
	1	6	15	2447.	5338.	2445.	6
	1	6	16	2445.	5695.	2443.	7
	1	7	14	2444.	2088.	2442.	8
	1	7	13	2442.	5338.	2440.	9
	1	8	13	2438.	5338.	2436.	10
	1	9	13	2434.	5338.	2432.	11
	1	10	13	2409.	5173.	2407.	12
	1	11	14	2407.	5173.	2405.	13
	1	12	14	2387.	4951.	2385.	14
	1	13	14	2368.	3954.	2366.	15
	1	14	14	2359.	3902.	2357.	16
	1	15	15	2328.	6741.	2326.	17
	1	15	16	2325.	8374.	2323.	18
	1	15	17	2315.	5432.	2313.	19
	1	15	18	2297.	4187.	2295.	20
	1	16	18	2288.	5968.	2286.	21
	1	16	19	2274.	8374.	2272.	22
	1	15	19	2258.	7137.	2256.	23
	1	15	20	2245.	.1174E+05	2243.	24
	1	15	21	2227.	8406.	2225.	25
	1	15	22	2206.	8406.	2204.	26
	1	15	23	2188.	8406.	2186.	27
	1	15	24	2172.	8723.	2170.	28
	1	21	9	2420.	.1483E+06	2418.	29
	1	21	10	2407.	.1372E+06	2405.	30
	1	21	11	2389.	.1378E+06	2387.	31
	1	21	12	2371.	.1400E+06	2369.	32
	1	21	13	2360.	.1103E+06	2358.	33
	1	21	14	2344.	.4705E+05	2342.	34

0 4	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	2570.	2553.	2536.
	2521.	2507.	2498.	2491.	2484.	2480.	2475.	2468.	2458.	2450.
	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 5	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	2592.	2574.	2556.
	2515.	2494.	2474.	2462.	2462.	2460.	2457.	2448.	2427.	2404.
	2372.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 6	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	2632.	2612.	2593.	2576.	2558.	2539.
	2504.	2476.	2461.	2451.	2450.	2447.	2441.	2425.	2399.	2374.
	2343.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 7	9999.	9999.	2655.	2640.	2627.	2612.	2594.	2576.	2556.	2532.
	2498.	2468.	2455.	2447.	2443.	2436.	2423.	2406.	2385.	2359.
	2330.	2306.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 8	2677.	2665.	2655.	2639.	2625.	2610.	2593.	2575.	2556.	2533.
	2504.	2463.	2449.	2440.	2435.	2426.	2411.	2395.	2372.	2346.
	2314.	2276.	2220.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 9	2674.	2665.	2652.	2637.	2623.	2609.	2593.	2574.	2557.	2537.
	2513.	2453.	2439.	2432.	2425.	2417.	2407.	2386.	2361.	2340.
	2307.	2265.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 10	2677.	2664.	2650.	2635.	2621.	2606.	2591.	2575.	2560.	2543.
	2522.	2477.	2438.	2427.	2418.	2408.	2396.	2377.	2356.	2335.
	2260.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 11	9999.	2662.	2649.	2635.	2620.	2604.	2589.	2575.	2562.	2552.
	2518.	2467.	2434.	2416.	2408.	2396.	2387.	2373.	2355.	2326.
	2265.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 12	9999.	9999.	9999.	2634.	2618.	2603.	2588.	2574.	2561.	2550.
	2513.	2456.	2422.	2408.	2398.	2387.	2380.	2365.	2345.	2320.
	2280.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 13	9999.	9999.	9999.	2630.	2617.	2601.	2585.	2569.	2554.	2541.
	2506.	2453.	2418.	2400.	2390.	2379.	2370.	2349.	2325.	2308.
	2292.	2290.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 14	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	2619.	2600.	2580.	2562.	2545.	2527.
	2504.	2459.	2417.	2399.	2384.	2367.	2351.	2325.	2299.	2284.
	2273.	2257.	2230.	2228.	2250.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 15	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	2609.	2596.	2575.	2556.	2537.	2518.
	2501.	2460.	2411.	2383.	2364.	2347.	2329.	2305.	2276.	2261.
	2246.	2214.	2193.	2178.	2150.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 16	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	2590.	2567.	2547.	2526.	2507.
	2493.	2457.	2413.	2386.	2368.	2354.	2337.	2305.	2280.	2268.
	2259.	2248.	2238.	2211.	2180.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 17	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	2552.	2535.	2514.	2495.
	2481.	2449.	2410.	2385.	2366.	2350.	2332.	2304.	2283.	2273.
	2266.	2258.	2256.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 18	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	2532.	2520.	2502.	2483.
	2469.	2438.	2398.	2372.	2353.	2337.	2323.	2298.	2277.	2268.
	2268.	2253.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 19	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	2511.	2493.	2474.
	2458.	2425.	2385.	2356.	2338.	2315.	2300.	2279.	2266.	2255.
	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.		
0 20	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	2490.	2456.

	2435.	2401.	2364.	2343.	2331.	2329.	2330.	9999.	9999.	9999.
	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.
0 21	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	2428.	2412.
	2394.	2373.	2360.	2348.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.
	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.
0 22	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	2406.
	2403.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.
	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.

1 DRAWDOWN IN LAYER 1 AT END OF TIME STEP 1 IN STRESS PERIOD 1

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28		
0 1	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.
	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	.0000	1.024	.0000	9999.	9999.	9999.
	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.
0 2	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.
	9999.	.0000	-3.830	-7.604	-12.20	-4.696	5.201	.0000	9999.	9999.
	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.
0 3	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	.0000
	7.544	7.878	-2.2932	-7.735	-11.12	-1.350	12.04	14.96	.0000	9999.
	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.
0 4	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	.0000	5.810	11.56
	13.99	10.01	4.422	-4.125	-5.368	2.261	12.38	16.87	3.744	.0000
	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.
0 5	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	.0000	5.809	11.55	13.40
	10.25	10.06	9.533	9.504	1.993	-4.924	3.045	11.90	12.62	1.377
	.0000	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.
0 6	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	.0000	2.979	5.667	10.04	13.14	11.23
	9.607	9.179	9.288	9.672	1.854	-6.396	-8.241	.8069	14.53	2.699
	.0000	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.
0 7	9999.	9999.	.0000	5.296	4.073	4.468	4.979	9.327	12.94	10.42
	9.270	9.108	4.923	2.799	-5.793	-11.45	-7.369	-4.303	2.390	6.738
	5.836	.0000	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.
0 8	.0000	2.793	6.209	5.419	7.062	9.676	6.746	8.294	7.299	1.550
	-6.671	9.197	-1.510	-6.832	-9.605	-9.506	-5.204	-1.991	-6.065	-1.531
	5.465	-7.791	.0000	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.
0 9	.0000	5.297	6.319	4.229	8.990	13.84	10.40	9.612	2.412	.7278
	-15.77	9.412	-15.20	-16.11	-15.33	-9.786	-10.67	-7.958	-10.01	-11.48
	-1.616	.0000	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.
0 10	.0000	3.651	4.704	2.633	10.18	16.74	13.98	8.650	-1.620	-5.484
	-16.13	-16.55	-15.55	-14.85	-15.11	-8.321	-4.200	-12.05	-6.099	-5.724
	.0000	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.
0 11	9999.	.0000	1.453	1.945	10.17	15.77	16.70	4.736	-4.270	-16.67
	-15.66	-7.842	-8.205	-15.37	-17.79	-9.157	-9.637	-8.810	-7.219	-6.743
	.0000	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.
0 12	9999.	9999.	9999.	.0000	8.747	15.46	7.266	2.263	-8.030	-16.00

	-16.65	4.919	1.982	-13.63	-7.816	-1.5869E-02	-2.845	-4.616	-6.019	-1.393
	.0000	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.
0 13	9999.	9999.	9999.	.0000	7.582	9.550	7.695	4.884	5.419	-1.733
	-5.856	9.044	-10.39	-14.70	-9.180	-8.374	-2.870	10.94	12.76	11.92
	18.52	.0000	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.
0 14	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	.0000	6.795	9.730	11.83	10.01	3.748
	9.602	5.218	-9.725	-8.454	-9.005	-10.45	6.518	15.67	15.73	15.64
	15.61	16.26	15.58	15.12	.0000	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.
0 15	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	.0000	-1.218	6.350	11.93	13.13	13.61
	11.09	-10.01	-11.74	-10.91	-10.80	-7.867	2.700	15.90	15.85	-5.052
	-13.85	-10.18	-9.857	-15.11	.0000	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.
0 16	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	.0000	2.473	11.97	15.65	15.77
	7.379	1.005	-1.931	-3.247	.8147	-.9722	-2.504	10.55	16.33	10.02
	9.474	11.60	-1.973	-2.421	.0000	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.
0 17	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	.0000	10.09	15.56	9.495	9.495
	6.449	6.720	-3.851	-2.332	7.521	4.964	2.373	2.518	1.498	1.321
	-.5032	2.313	.0000	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.
0 18	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	.0000	7.698	13.40	17.48	17.48
	6.654	1.786	-.6636	6.052	5.615	3.746	9.950	2.897	2.304	3.602
	.0000	.0000	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.
0 19	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	.0000	14.57	15.06	15.06
	3.153	1.161	5.086	5.989	6.4941E-02	-2.640	1.269	.6530	2.108	.0000
	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.
0 20	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	.0000	14.17	14.17
	6.663	7.531	6.923	-1.304	1.870	-3.377	.0000	9999.	9999.	9999.
	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.
0 21	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	-4.939	-2.271	-2.271
	-2.243	3.293	11.20	12.26	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.
	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.
0 22	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	7.567
	7.035	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.
	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.	9999.
0										

VOLUMETRIC BUDGET FOR ENTIRE MODEL AT END OF TIME STEP 1 IN STRESS PERIOD 1

0	CUMULATIVE VOLUMES	L+3	RATES FOR THIS TIME STEP	L+3/T
	IN:		IN:	
	STORAGE =	.00000	STORAGE =	.00000
	CONSTANT HEAD =	.11374E+08	CONSTANT HEAD =	.11374E+08
	RECHARGE =	.10447E+07	RECHARGE =	.10447E+07
	RIVER LEAKAGE =	.49009E+06	RIVER LEAKAGE =	.49009E+06
0	TOTAL IN =	.12909E+08	TOTAL IN =	.12909E+08
0	OUT:		OUT:	

	STORAGE =	.00000		STORAGE =	.00000
	CONSTANT HEAD =	.26240E+07		CONSTANT HEAD =	.26240E+07
	RECHARGE =	.00000		RECHARGE =	.00000
	RIVER LEAKAGE =	.10285E+08		RIVER LEAKAGE =	.10285E+08
0	TOTAL OUT =	.12909E+08		TOTAL OUT =	.12909E+08
0	IN - OUT =	677.00		IN - OUT =	677.00
0	PERCENT DISCREPANCY =		.01	PERCENT DISCREPANCY =	
					.01

0

TIME SUMMARY AT END OF TIME STEP 1 IN STRESS PERIOD 1					
	SECONDS	MINUTES	HOURS	DAYS	YEARS
TIME STEP LENGTH	86400.0	1440.00	24.0000	1.00000	.273785E-02
STRESS PERIOD TIME	86400.0	1440.00	24.0000	1.00000	.273785E-02
TOTAL SIMULATION TIME	86400.0	1440.00	24.0000	1.00000	.273785E-02

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