

**KANSAS GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
OPEN-FILE REPORT 42-5**

SALT IN THE VICINITY OF HUGOTON

by

Bruce F. Latta

Disclaimer

The Kansas Geological Survey does not guarantee this document to be free from errors or inaccuracies and disclaims any responsibility or liability for interpretations based on data used in the production of this document or decisions based thereon. This report is intended to make results of research available at the earliest possible date, but is not intended to constitute final or formal publications.

Kansas Geological Survey
1930 Constant Avenue
University of Kansas
Lawrence, KS 66047-3726

Salt in the Vicinity of Hugoton

by

Bruce F. Latta

1942

**Kansas Geological Survey
University of Kansas
Lawrence, Kansas**

Kansas Geological Survey Open-file Report 42-5

Prepared for Kansas City, Missouri Chamber of Commerce

Prepared for E. P.
Hamlin, R. C. Mo.
Chamber of Comm.
April 9, 1942.

SALT IN THE VICINITY OF HUGOTON

E.G.S.
OF
42-5

Salt occurs in Kansas at two stratigraphic horizons in the Permian rocks, namely the Wellington shale formation and the Cimarron series. The areal distribution of these two salt deposits is shown on the accompanying map. The Wellington salt is that salt produced in the vicinity of Hutchinson, Lyons and Kanopolis and is known to locally exceed 500 feet in thickness. The reserves are enormous.

In the vicinity of Hugoton the Wellington salt is either entirely absent or very thin and occurs at a considerable depth below the surface. The Cimarron salt occurs at a shallower depth in this general area. Several well logs in southern Grant county indicate a thickness of more than 30 feet of Cimarron salt between the depths of 1,500 and 1,700 feet. In the immediate vicinity of Hugoton there are no core records available and in many of the rotary wells samples were not kept until this depth was passed. As indicated by the rather inadequate data available, it is certain, however, that some salt occurs in the Cimarron. Just how thick the salt is, how many salt beds occur in the Cimarron series, and the chemical quality of the salt can be determined only by coring through this part of the section.